This Paper is Not Complete Without the Nature Study A Beautiful Piece of Color Photography.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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VOLUME LXI.—NO. 170. THURSDAY, JUNE 19, 1902—SIXTEEN PAGES—WITH NATURE STUDY. PRICE TWO CENTS.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.*

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Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Professor Charles Eliot Norton.

WARBLE FOR LILAC-TIME.

By WALT WHITMAN.

Walt Whitman was born on Long Island, N. Y., in 1819. His father was a carpenter. After the family removed to Brooklyn Walt became ap prenticed to a newspaper and at 12 began to write lines of verse, some of which were published in the New York Mirror. He made a series of long tramping tours through the country, returning finally to newspaper work in Brooklyn. He became known to the public as a poet through his "Leaves of Grass," published in 1855. The volume was declared immoral by some, and the author severely criticised. "Leaves of Grass" has been republished a number of times in the United States, England, and Scotland, and among Whitman's other works are "Drum Taps," "As Strong as a Bird on Pinions Free," "Two Rivulets," "Specimen Days and Collect," "November Boughs," and "Sands at Seventy." He died in 1892.

Warble me now for joy of lilac-time,
Sort me, O tongue and lips for nature's sake, souvenirs of earliest summer,
Gather the welcome signs (as children with pebbles of stringing shells),
Put in April and May, the hylas croaking in the ponds, the elastic air,
Bees, butterflies, the sparrow with its simple notes,
Bluebird and darting swallow, nor forget the high-hole flashing his golden wings,
The tranquil sunny haze, the clinging smoke, the vapor,
Shimmer of waters with fish in them, the cerulean above,
All that is jocund and sparkling, the brooks running,
The maple woods, the crisp February days and the sugar making,
The robin where he hops, bright-eyed, brown-breasted,
With musical clear call at sunrise and again at sunset,
Or flitting among the trees of the apple orchard, building the nest of his mate,
The melted snow of March, the willow sending forth its yellow-green sprouts,
For springtime is here! The summer is here, and what is this in it and from it?
Thou, soul, unloosen'd—the restlessness after I know not what;
Come, let us lag here no longer, let us be up and away!
O, if one could fly like a bird!
O, to escape, to sail forth as in a ship!
To glide with thee, O soul, o'er all, in all, as a ship o'er the waters;
Gathering these hints, the preludes, the blue sky, the grass, the morning drops of dew,
The lilac-scent, the bushes with dark green heart-shaped leaves,
Wood violets, the little delicate pale blossoms called innocent,
Samples and sorts not for themselves alone, but for their atmosphere
To grace the bush I love—to sing with the birds,
A warble for joy of lilac-time.

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NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— THURSDAY, JUNE 19, 1902.

Generally fair and cool Thursday and Friday; variable winds, shifting to northeast. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ended last midnight was 82 degrees at 2 p. m. and the minimum 64 degrees at 7 p. m.

The sun rises at 4:15; sets at 7:28. Moon sets at 3:21 a. m.

DOMESTIC:—
Strikers at Paterson, N. J., led by Italian anarchists, attacked silk mills, wrecked them, and overpowered city police. Twelve persons shot, two fatally.
Mob at Vincennes, Ind., surrounded jail at 1 a. m. and threatened to secure William Edson, charged with attacking child; militia called out at 1 o'clock.
Notre Dame university commencement began with regatta. C. M. Schwab, steel trust president, among the visitors.
Gov. Aycock, North Carolina, offered reward of $400 each for seventy-five men who lynched negro on June 11.
Elevator in R. H. Macy & Co.'s store, New York, fell five stories and fifteen shoppers were hurt.

WASHINGTON:
Anti-Roosevelt senators scored temporary victory at Cuban reciprocity conference; adjournment till Friday without action forced. Beet sugar senators declared open opposition to Spooner amendment.
Capt. Richmond P. Hobson, hero of the Merrimac, granted leave of absence on condition naval surgeon determines whether his eye can stand lecture tours.
Censure of Capt. Dayton of cruiser Chicago by Rear Admiral Crowninshield likely to cause request from former for transfer from European station.
Immigration law hearing before senate committee developed fact that steamship companies smuggle diseased immigrants through Canada.
Voting on isthmian canal bill will begin today in senate and fate of canal is expected to be quickly settled.

LOCAL:—
Plan for $1,200,000 expenditure at university of Chicago on new secondary school quadrangle announced by President Harper at Chicago manual training school commencement.
Ordinance for down town subway for street cars introduced in city council. Hempstead Washburne and W. A. Alexander the projectors; ownership by city is provided for.
Four boys fought Lake Michigan squalls in yacht Fox, said to have been stolen; Michigan City police arrested them in starving condition after day and night on the lake.
Union traction alleged jury bribery trial brought charges by state that Public Administrator O'Donnell gave tips on buying estates he handled, and "split" on profits.
Señor Buencamino, Filipino secretary of state under Aguinaldo, arrived in Chicago to make commercial inquiry; declared islands settled except for robber bands.
Plans for Thirty-ninth street sewer stolen from Butler street office; charge made Policeman Dwyer, on duty there, was coaxed into room by contractor's employé.
St. Luke's society patients who escaped from fire said at coroner's inquest some nurses were intoxicated; patients locked in and left to fate.
Chicago woman's club managers voted, 10 to 5, to seat Mrs. Emily I. Keith and Miss Jane C. Clapp as directors, over protest of 37 members.
Annual election of public school teachers and principals will be held today; four principals and twenty-five teachers slated for retirement.
Derby day gowns likely to break record for color; many green costumes to be worn, and point lace is most popular.
Northwestern university students celebrated alumni day with reunions.

FOREIGN:—
Officers of United States cruiser Chicago, moored at Venice for disorderly conduct, censured by Rear Admiral Crowninshield. Capt. Dayton blamed for not defending them.
Hostilities between Brazil and Bolivia threatened unless latter cedes 80,000 miles of rubber land to syndicate headed by J. P. Morgan and Sir Martin Conway.
Prince Edward canceled all pre-coronation entertainments, and will stay at Windsor until bulletin declared physicians had ordered rest.
Aguinaldo, former Filipino leader, testified in Lardner inquiry at Manila that Tagalog natives were unit till Gen. Bell appointed.
Lord Kitchener voted gift of $250,000 for services in Boer war by British house of commons.

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TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—
Chicago underwriters discussed proposed clearing house for grain and elevator insurance; no conclusion reached. Indications showed small agencies would get all benefit.
Continental casualty company, Chicago, ordered by Minnesota insurance commissioner to make good capital impairment of $31,121, and to replace $100,000 bonds.
National hollow brake beam company asked Cook county court to prevent H. S. Burkhardt, John P. Ahrens, and David S. Geer from acting as its directors.
General wage increase in Illinois steel company mills at Joliet announced; South Chicago advance also likely. Teamsters won fight against "humping."
Railroad immigrant bureau will try to get Rock Island and Southern Pacific roads to join tomorrow. Its existence threatened by differences of two lines.
July corn advanced 1½ cents in Chicago on early short buying, but slumped 3⅝ cents when "shorts" suspected bull interests were unloading.
National convention of soft and hard coal miners to discuss general strike called by President Mitchell; 360,000 men are involved.

POLITICAL:—
Mayor Harrison returned from Springfield and declared John P. Hopkins did not call him "pinhead." Bystanders declare he did.

SPORTING:—
American league scores: Boston 8, Cleveland 8; Detroit 4, Washington 1; St. Louis 6, Baltimore 3.
National league scores: Chicago 2, Cincinnati 0; Brooklyn 5, Philadelphia 1; Boston 9, New York 4.
McCheseney, western candidate for Derby honors, hurt at Harlem and may not run.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
CHERBOURG	Pretoria	K. P. Wilhelm.
HONGKONG	Emp. of India	
HONGKONG	Nippon Maru	
HONGKONG	Olympia	
LONDON	Statendyk	
NEW YORK	Oceanic	Philadelphia.
NEW YORK	Carthegenian	Southwark.
PLYMOUTH	Molike	
QUEENSTOWN	Haverford	
QUEENSTOWN	Saxonia	
SOUTHAMPTON		K. P. Wilhelm.
SCILLY	Molike	
CHILE	St. Louis	
SAN FRANCISCO	Mara	
TACOMA	Victoria	

PATERSON POLICE FIGHT WILD MOB

City in Hands of Rioters; Twelve or More Persons Shot and Two, at Least, Will Die.

FORCE MILLS TO CLOSE.

Crowd, Led by Anarchist Strikers, Wrecks Silk Works, Abuses Girls, and Fires Upon Patrolmen.

Paterson, N. J., June 18.—[Special.]—Paterson has been in the hands of a mob all day. At least a dozen persons were shot, and two of them, it is known, were fatally wounded. The police are helpless. They have struggled all day to restore order, but could make little headway against the mobs engaged in wrecking mills. Tonight the mob leaders are threatening to burn the silk mills.

The mayor hesitates about asking Gov. Murphy for troops, fearing that the appearance of soldiers in the city will be the signal for more violent outbreaks.

The rioting was the result of a prearranged plan to involve the would-be peaceful element. Among the leaders of the trouble was a man named McQueen and another named Galleano, the former an Englishman and the latter an Italian. Others, agents of anarchist circles, have also been fanning the flames.

Violent Leaders Gain Control.

This morning Chairman McGrath, who has held the strikers in leash since he first obtained control on the second day of the strike, was on hand and presided. He spoke; so did McQueen and Galleano, and the latter worked his countrymen into a frenzy.

Then McQueen leaped into control of the meeting. He called for a vote on the question of calling for a general strike of all branches of the silk trade. All voted in favor, and a committee was appointed to consider means of bringing the silk workers out. Galleano was one of this committee. It gathered amid a babel of tongues and a scene of confusion.

Italian Leads the Mob.

Five minutes later Galleano emerged from the group shouting something in Italian. Instantly a mob formed about him. Into it rushed the Italians and then the other foreigners, and a moment later the mob, led by Galleano, swept down Belmont avenue.

A quarter of a mile down Belmont avenue stands the Columbia mill, a silk ribbon factory. The doors had been locked when the mob appeared, but they were forced open, and with the crash of the doors came a volley of stones which riddled the windows.

Women Defy the Mob.

President Grossgebauer telephoned for the police. Stones rained into the office and flew about his head. Twenty young women on the first floor stood at bay and threatened to fight, and the weavers on the second floor ran down to their aid. William Westerfield, the leader of the ribbon workers' strike eight years ago, took command. He directed those in the place to leave and denounced the anarchists.

Bresci's Comrades in Crowd.

When the operatives were out of the Columbia the mob swept on down Belmont avenue. Several members of the group of Existence, Bresci's old comrades, with Galleano at their head, were in the lead. A half mile march brought the mob to the Cedar Cliff mill, where they staid until all were out.

Just beyond the Cedar Cliff is the Rynewarner mill. The doors were burst open there, and the men and girls were found ready to go out and waiting for orders from the New York office. The rioters waited until the mill was closed.

Attacks a Cotton Mill.

The next place visited was a cotton braid factory. It seemed to make no difference to the mob whether it was in any way connected with the silk trade or not. The women became hysterical as the howling rioters climbed in windows and burst in doors. Mr. Rheinhardt, the owner, ordered his employés to quit for the day.

Police Stand Against Crowd.

The mob rushed through the cotton works and did much damage, and then poured on down the street to Bamford Bros.' mill, in Cliff street. Here Patrolmen Robinson, Sweetman, Keys, and Detective Magie had taken a stand. The four faced the mob for five minutes, telling them the employés had gone out by the rear and the works were closed down.

Over the main door hung a sign reading: "Dyers' helpers wanted." There was a rush, and men, leaping on the shoulders of others, tore it down. Some one threw a brick through a window, and stones rained against the side of the mill and the windows in a perfect shower. From the mill volleys were hurled at the policemen, and all four were struck several times.

Policeman Shot and Stoned.

A section of the mob made for the Bamford home close by. The police sought to head them off and did so, but a shot was fired and a bullet went through Robinson's right arm. It staggered him, and as he was regaining his feet a jagged stone hit him on the head, laying open the scalp. Supported by his comrades, Robinson was taken to the Bamford home. The remaining three policemen drove back the mob from the house, and the attack on the mill was renewed.

Girl and Reporter Injured.

The young women in the mill tried to get out and were driven back, but escaped later by the rear. Martha Huyser was struck by a stone and one of her arms badly hurt. A reporter who was in the mill was hit on the head with a stone and his scalp laid open. The mob swarmed into the mill and saw that no one remained, but still those on the outside kept up the bombardment.

Policeman Shoots Rioter.

The mill would have been wrecked inside as well as out had not a patrol wagon loaded with policemen charged through the mob on Cliff street. Stones rained down on it, and none of the officers escaped. Patrolman Irving Post saw a man hurl a stone and fired, the bullet striking the rioter in the neck. Before the policeman could get to the man he was hauled into the mob and hurried away. With revolvers drawn the policemen quickly deployed and the mob fell back.

Clear Out Many Mills.

A block away Galleano again appeared and led the mob through Temple street to

(Continued on fifth page.)

PLAN A NEW QUADRANGLE

UNIVERSITY AUTHORITIES TO DEVELOP SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

President Harper Says $1,200,000 Will Be Expended Along These Lines — Convocation Tent Cut Down During Night by Mischief Makers—It Is Soon Put Up, Professors Aiding in the Work — Medical Students Take Diplomas There in Rain, Protesting.

Plans to expend $1,200,000 on a secondary school quadrangle at the university of Chicago were announced yesterday morning by President Harper at the graduation exercises of the Chicago manual training school and the south side academy.

The new group, of which the school of education building, already in course of erection, will be part, will include several buildings, all of which will be devoted to secondary education. Ground was broken yesterday for the new manual training school, and the other structures will be built as soon as the expected endowments are received.

Secondary Group Only Begun.

"The secondary school group is only begun," said President Harper. "A sum of $1,200,000 will be needed before the contemplated group is finished. It is hoped and expected that generous friends of the university will make it possible for this group to be under way before long. For the new manual training school building a friend of the institution has recently given $150,000, which will enable the university to erect a structure greater than the one at first contemplated. According to the original plan, the school of education building, now under way, was to have been erected for $325,000, but through the kindness of well wishers of the university this sum has been increased by $60,000. With the addition of the buildings contemplated the secondary school of the university will occupy an ideal educational structure."

Vandalism During the Night.

The announcements of the coming enlargements of the school of education group came at a time when the graduation exercises had been marred by manifestations of vandalism during the night. The guy ropes that held in place the huge convocation tent where the exercises were held were cut before daybreak and the tent reduced to a shapeless mass of canvas on the ground. In order to repair the damage professors threw off their coats and assisted the campus workmen in splicing the severed ropes and pulling the tent into position.

Introduction of Prof. Dewey.

The exercises in the morning, besides marking the graduation of the students from the secondary schools under the direct control of the university of Chicago, celebrated the formal introduction of Prof. John Dewey as director of the school of education to succeed Col. Francis Wayland Parker. In the graduation exercises of the secondary schools fifty-six students of the Chicago manual training school received diplomas, while sixteen graduates of the South Side academy took graduation certificates.

Applause at Announcements.

The announcements by President Harper of the plans for an enlarged school for secondary education were received with applause by the students and friends of the schools present. For more than a year the students of the Chicago manual training schools and the South Side academy have feared that the gathering together of secondary schools owned by the university on the campus would result in the two schools occupying a building in common. Students of both were reassured by the announcement that separate branches of secondary education would be carried on in separate structures.

"No reason exists why more money should be spent for higher education than for secondary education," declared President Harper. "The university authorities hope before long to have magnificent accommodations for different branches of secondary schools. The manual training school will be distinct from others.

"Two or three years of a young man's life are wasted through adjustment to new methods in life. The time is coming when men going out from universities must be younger. A student must not be compelled to waste valuable years in his life in getting accustomed to different methods of education. Unity and slight change from lower to higher education are sought after in the system of education which allows students to begin study in early youth and finish in practically the same institution."

Rain on Rush College Program.

The commencement exercises of the Rush medical college were held in the afternoon under a dripping tent, and 178 graduates took their diplomas. The graduates attended the exercises on the campus only after bitter objections had been made to taking diplomas there. The students manifested their disapproval in many ways during the exercises.

The heavy rain that fell immediately after the exercises began continued until water fell steadily on the inside of the tent. Speakers, faculties, students, and visitors were wet, and the exercises were abandoned before the commencement oration had been delivered. When the rain fell the hardest the floor was covered with water, and men and women stood on chairs and held up umbrellas to shield themselves. The entire graduating class stood with their chairs held upside down above their heads while the names of the candidates for degrees were being read.

The parade of graduates was accompanied by shouting and singing lively songs in unison, and the university marshals who directed the parade were chaffed by the students. On the inside of the convocation tent the graduates sang "We Want Some Lager Beer" to the tune of "America."

Fellowships Awarded.

Fellowships in pathology were awarded to David E. W. Wenstrand and Moses M. Portis. The fellowship in medicine was awarded to Theodore Tieken. Rollin T. Woodyatt received the Edward L. Holmes scholarship at Wood's Holl. The Benjamin Rush medal was given to James H. Fowler, while John Sokol received honorable mention. Ernest C. McKibben received the Daniel Brainerd medal and the Delaskie Miller prize went to David P. Johnson. The Arthur Dean Bevan prize was awarded Ralph L. Larsen for the best work in surgical anatomy.

Protest by Alumnae.

The executive committee of the Chicago association of collegiate alumnæ has adopted the following resolution, which has been submitted to President Harper of the university of Chicago, to the secretary of the board of trustees, and to the deans of the junior colleges of the same:

"Resolved, That the Chicago association of collegiate alumnæ, an organization of women graduates of the twenty-two leading coeducational and women's colleges, earnestly urges the continuance of the present system of coinstruction in all departments of the university of Chicago."

This same organization is engaged in securing the signatures of influential people to a petition against the proposed segregation as reactionary and encroaching on the rights of past graduates and benefactors.

SUGAR SENATORS DEFY ROOSEVELT

Followers of Elkins and Burrows Decide to Vote Against Spooner Substitute.

IGNORE PLEA FOR UNITY.

Refusal to Aid Cuba Based on Alleged Desire to Prevent General Tariff Revision.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—[Special.]—Senator Elkins and eighteen other anti-Roosevelt senators scored a temporary victory over the administration at tonight's conference of the republican senators on the Cuban reciprocity measure by forcing an adjournment until Friday afternoon without any action. The anti-Roosevelt nineteen attempted to secure a sine die adjournment, but finding they were not strong enough to carry this point did not demand a vote.

Senators Elkins, Burrows, and all the best sugar men who are defying the administration and trying to discredit it, announced one after another that they would not support the Spooner substitute, which was agreed to by the committee on Cuban affairs.

There were forty-nine senators present when the conference was called to order and six were absent. Those who were not present were Senators Depew, Dolliver, Frye, Hawley, Kearns, and Simons. Senator Wellington, who has been read out of the republican party, was present, although not invited. He spoke against the administration measure as a matter of course.

Plea for Cuban Bill.

Senator Platt of Connecticut laid the committee bill before the conference and made an urgent plea for its acceptance. He said that the United States occupied the position of the parent of Cuba. It has gone to war for Cuba, had established an independent government in the island, and started the new nation on its course.

Senator Platt argued that it was only proper that congress should grant some commercial concessions to Cuba which were absolutely necessary for its well being. The Connecticut senator also said that a reciprocal arrangement with Cuba would be of advantage to the United States commercially, and that no industry in this country would be injured by the reduction it is proposed to make in Cuban products.

Allison's Plea for Harmony.

Senator Allison spoke briefly on harmonious action. He deplored the division in the ranks of the republican senators and made an earnest plea for an agreement. He was pained at the spectacle of the republican party in a divided condition and expressed the hope that before this question was settled an understanding would be reached upon which all would be able to unite. He referred to the importance of a reciprocal arrangement with Cuba, so far as that country was concerned.

Aldrich Urges Agreement.

Senator Aldrich then took the floor and made a stirring plea to his party associates to reach an agreement. He pointed out that the measure which was laid before the conference by Senator Platt of Connecticut, chairman of the Cuban committee, was a republican measure. It was indorsed by President Roosevelt, the leader of the party; it has the support of a majority of the republicans in both branches of congress; reciprocity was indorsed by President McKinley in his last public utterances; and he said loyalty to the administration demanded that the republicans of the senate rally to the support of the administration.

The speech of the Rhode Island senator was of a political tenor, but the appeal to party loyalty did not seem to make any impression on those who are determined to split the party in their selfish efforts to antagonize President Roosevelt.

Senator Aldrich also urged that the committee bill be adopted because it would do no injury to any industry in this country, but it would promote commerce between Cuba and the United States, as well as put Cuba on the highway toward commercial prosperity.

Pleas Fall on Deaf Ears.

These were the only three speeches made by the administration forces, but they fell on deaf ears, as the beet sugar anti-Roosevelt clique was determined to ignore reasonable arguments and to continue its fight on the president, even at the risk of making a breach in the party and increasing the risk of losing control of the next house of representatives.

Senator Burrows of Michigan, the chief lieutenant of Elkins of West Virginia, then took the floor, and, although the chosen spokesman of the faction he represents, concealed his political animosity to the president under a plea for the maintenance of the sacred policy of protection. At great length he attempted to show the ruin which would result to the beet sugar industry if the measure favored by the committee should be adopted. He argued against any break in the policy of protection, and said there was no reason why any one industry should be selected to be ruined. If there was to be a revision of the tariff it should be made without any attempt to do it under the guise of reciprocity. He was opposed to lowering the tariff on any one article and was determined to fight to the bitter end.

Burrows Leads the Revolt.

The Michigan member of the combination against President Roosevelt announced to his associates that he would not accept anything in the way of relief for Cuba except the rebate scheme which these anti-Roosevelt senators have been advocating. Mr. Burrows then declared that he would not vote for the committee bill. "There was no limit to the time accorded the Michigan senator. He was recognized as one of the leaders of the revolt against the President, and as he was speaking for those who are opposed to the administration he was given all the time he desired.

The other speakers were limited to five minute speeches. They arose one after another, following their leader like a flock of sheep, made a few remarks in favor of the policy of protection, and closed by declaring they would not support the bill which is satisfactory to the president and which has been agreed to by the Cuban committee.

This became a pretty monotonous proceeding, as the entire nineteen anti-Roosevelt senators were not content until they had again stated the position they took on this question.

After they had concluded this tiresome proceeding they labored under the delusion

(Continued on fourth page.)

PRIZES FOR "Vacation" Stories.

THE TRIBUNE will give each week prizes of

$15.00
$10.00
$7.50

for the three best "vacation" stories submitted by its readers.

The stories should be:
Not over 1,500 words in length.
As far as possible actual experiences.
Located at some resort near Chicago.
Typewritten and written on one side of paper only.

Stories not awarded prizes but of sufficient merit to be published will be paid for at THE TRIBUNE'S regular rates.

Address contributions to the Sunday Editor. They should reach THE TRIBUNE office not later than Wednesday night of each week.

MOB AT VINCENNES JAIL.

ATTACK ON DEPUTIES DEFENDING PRISONER IMMINENT.

Crowd, Determined to Lynch William Edson, Charged with Attacking Little Girl, Threatens to Storm Structure—Lack of Leaders Causes Delay—Police and Sheriff's Men Will Resist—Durbin Appealed To for Troops, and Orders Militia Out.

Vincennes, Ind., June 19, 2 a. m.—A mob, which was foiled early yesterday morning in its determination to storm the jail here and lynch William Edson, charged with attacking 4-year-old Irma Pfohl, has been banked around the jail since shortly after midnight this morning. An attack on the jail is imminent.

Every policeman in the city and twenty deputies sworn in by Sheriff Summitt held the mob at bay.

Lack of leaders is the only thing that has prevented the mob from getting its victim.

Sheriff Calls for Troops.

Early last night Sheriff Summitt, seeing signs of another attempt to lynch Edson, telegraphed an appeal to Gov. Durbin for troops to protect the prisoner. Gov. Durbin telegraphed back ordering the sheriff to swear in deputies, 1,000 of them if necessary, and to protect the prisoner at all hazards. The order did not help the sheriff much, for he found few, even among the most law abiding citizens, willing to serve.

Durbin Orders Out Troops.

At 1 o'clock this morning Sheriff Summitt made a second appeal for troops, and Gov. Durbin ordered out the militia.

Capt. McCoy of the local company of militia held himself in readiness to answer any call for troops, but found it impossible to gather any number of his men on short notice, many of them residing in the country and others being mingled with the crowds around the jail.

The mob at midnight numbered over 500 persons, most of them spectators, and increased steadily. The police under charge of Sergeant McNeal used every argument to get the crowd to disperse.

The mob rushed to within fifty yards of the jail door, carrying a battering ram, but was stopped by cooler ones in the crowd.

Mob's First Attempt Futile.

Signs of trouble have been in the air ever since Edson was brought back here from Terre Haute, whither he was taken two weeks ago when threats of lynching him were made. It was thought the trouble had blown over, but when Edson was brought back on Monday a number of young men made threats against him.

Late Tuesday night a crowd of perhaps fifty young men gathered a few blocks from the jail, and shortly after midnight started toward the jail announcing their intention of taking Edson from the sheriff. The police were warned in time, and rushed to the scene of the trouble. A fire alarm was sent in arousing the entire town, and while the excitement lasted the police, aided by the firemen, succeeded in persuading the crowd to disperse.

Shortly afterward three more alarms of fire were sent in, probably by members of the crowd who were angry at being balked in their purpose, but there was no further demonstration.

People Rush Into Vincennes.

All day yesterday men from the country and surrounding towns flocked into Vincennes, and the excitement grew until evening, when the sheriff determined to take all possible steps to save the prisoner.

The crowd began to gather before 10 o'clock. Well known citizens urged the people to disperse, and the sheriff made preparations for defending the jail. Shortly before midnight a rumor was circulated that Edson had been spirited out of town. This angered the crowd, and it rushed toward the jail, but made no actual attack.

Edson is an ex-convict, having served half his life in reform schools and jails.

BURGLARS LEAVE OLD CLOTHES

Rob Store of H. Soloman, 311 Division Street, of Large Part of Its Stock.

Burglars entered the clothing store of H. Soloman, 311 Division street, yesterday morning, discarded their own ragged garments, and arrayed themselves in the best suits, hats, and other garments in the place. The old clothing left by them was folded carefully and tags announcing that they were "the best on the north side" were affixed. Two battered straw hats labeled "genuine panamas, only $35," were placed in a show window, and a faded cotton necktie was placed near by marked "imported silk, $3.50." The garments of the thieves were almost the only articles of clothing left in the place, the greater part of the stock being carried out through a rear window.

PAYS HELP TWO CENTS AN HOUR

John Kretch, Tailor at Twenty-first Street and Oakley Avenue, Defends Suit for Wages.

John Kretch, a tailor at Twenty-first street and Oakley avenue, informed Justice Sabath yesterday afternoon that he had been in the habit of paying his help 2 cents an hour. The statement was made in his defense in a suit brought by John Prihoda and Mary Markowat for wages. He denied that he owed them the amounts named in the suit, and at the rate of 2 cents an hour his defense would be considered good. Justice Sabath, however, refused to believe that the plaintiffs had offered to work at such rates and rendered judgment against the defendant.

SUBWAY PROJECT BEFORE COUNCIL

Ald. Minwegen Submits Franchise Asked by Hempstead Washburne and W. A. Alexander.

SENT TO A COMMITTEE.

Compensation to City and Right Reserved to Buy the Tunnels After Fifteen Years.

WORK DONE BY THE CITY COUNCIL.

Referred to the local transportation committee an ordinance granting a franchise to Hempstead Washburne and William A. Alexander for the construction of a street car subway.

Passed an order on the health committee to investigate charges against the building and health departments with regard to the St. Luke society fire.

Passed an order for the mayor to appoint a committee to report plans for a high pressure water main in the downtown district.

Referred to the local transportation committee the acceptances of the Union traction company and the Chicago City railway company to the invitation to discuss franchise renewals.

Repealed a resolution for the widening of Michigan avenue from Jackson boulevard to Randolph street.

Received the appointment of fifty volunteer street inspectors in the Sixth ward.

Referred an order providing for three readings of every franchise ordinance.

Ordered the mayor to appoint a committee to report on the storing of combustible oils.

Referred a resolution to give the city two-thirds value of land in every street and alley vacation.

Referred an ordinance granting the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad the right to use electric or compressed air power on its Evanston branch.

Ordered the Ogden gas company to repair streets which it has opened in the laying of gas mains.

Passed an order for the appointment of a committee to consider the enlargement of West Randolph street market.

Passed a resolution requesting the county board to equip a place for the reception of inebriates and add it to the county hospital.

Referred a petition from the city garbage wagon drivers for an increase of $1 a day in wages.

Referred the new smoke ordinance back to judiciary committee.

Referred an order to have the Wells street bridge closed for five minutes preceding the departure of suburban trains from the Northwestern station.

Passed the Panhandle and Terminal transfer railroad mandatory track elevation ordinance.

Referred an ordinance governing undertakers and the handling of dead bodies.

An ordinance granting a franchise for the construction of a downtown subway was introduced into the city council last night and referred to the local transportation committee. It was submitted by Ald. Minwegen for Heimpstead Washburne and William A. Alexander, who will build it with private capital if the council passes the ordinance.

After several years of discussion, during which proposals for the construction of the subways have been made by the traction companies, and the possibility of the work being done by the city has been considered, this is the first definite step which has been taken.

In exchange for the grant the promoters offer a graded compensation of from 3 to 5 per cent of the gross receipts, the rebuilding of the sewer system in the down town district, the free use of the subway, and the privilege of buying the property after fifteen years.

The promoters claim to have $40,000,000 at their command for the construction.

Argument of the Promoters.

In the arguments advanced in behalf of the proposition they claim that they offer to do something for Chicago which the city cannot do for itself.

Even should the city get the power from the legislature to construct the subway they declare that millions of dollars would have to be raised. Both the ordinance and the arguments of the promoters were published and distributed in the council chamber.

Terms of the Ordinance.

The ordinance gives the right for the use of the subway for the purpose of transporting passengers, packages, mails, baggage, freight, heat, light, electricity in all forms—telephone, telegraph, etc.—and gives the right to sublet space within the conduits. It thus gives the two promoters all the rights the Illinois telegraph and telephone has, all that it is endeavoring to secure, and many that it has not dreamed of asking for.

"The heirs, assigns, and successors" of the promoters are to be given the privileges conferred by the ordinance, they to become responsible for the execution of the contracts.

In the matter of construction it is provided that no street shall be allowed to remain open or incumbered with derricks and other apparatus for a longer period than is absolutely necessary for the work. It makes the two promoters liable for any damage which may be done to city or private property in the construction of the subways.

As to the specifications for the work, it is provided that no part of it shall be laid more than twenty-six feet below the surface of the street, except for the purpose of going under the Chicago river, and plans shall be approved by the commissioner of public works.

To Rebuild Sewer System.

In this connection it is agreed that Washburne and Alexander shall reconstruct and rebuild the sewer and water systems within the district bounded by the river on the north, the river on the west, Twelfth street on the south, and the lake on the east, in and under all streets which may be used for the construction of the subway.

As one of the conditions the promoters agree to have at least five miles of the subway completed within four years from the acceptance of the ordinance, deducting the time the work may be delayed by labor troubles or legal proceedings.

Municipal ownership is made possible after the stipulated time by the city paying the actual cost of construction from the start until the time when the transfer is made, plus 10 per cent. For the first ten years the promoters agree to pay the city 2 per cent of the gross receipts, and if at the end of the stipulated time the city should not elect to take over the property the compensation is increased to 5 per cent of the gross receipts.

Free use of the tunnels is to be given the city for any purpose it may elect, provided such use does not interfere with the operations conducted by the companies. A bond of $500,000 will be filed by Mr. Washburne and Mr. Alexander for the execution of all these terms.

Eight hours is to be considered a day's

work in the construction of the subways under the proposed grant.

The ordinance may not be sold or assigned to any other company or persons without the consent of the city council.

In these provisions the work contemplated is a curb-to-curb subway, capable of carrying all the sewers, water pipes, and electric wires of the city and tubes for pneumatic tube service, as well as providing space for the street railway loops.

Referred Without Comment.

It was submitted and referred without comment, but in the printed arguments made by Mr. Washburne and Mr. Alexander in favor of the scheme and addressed to the mayor and council they say:

"The greatest municipal evil is the congestion of public utilities in that portion of the south division of the city of Chicago which lies north of Twelfth street.

"The greatest need of the city of Chicago is money. Had the city of Chicago the necessary money it would relieve this congestion by building tunnels underneath the city's streets, and require all electric light wires, gas pipes, sewer pipes, water pipes, telephone lines, and street railroad tracks to be laid therein, and would charge therefor a rental or fee that would not only pay the interest on the money invested and create a sinking fund, but would furnish the city with revenue to meet its constantly increasing necessities.

City Unable to Raise the Money.

"But the city of Chicago has not and cannot raise the money so to do, for the constitution of this state prohibits any municipality from becoming indebted in any manner or for any purpose to an amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding 5 per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness.

"In the first place it takes something more than a constitutional amendment to raise millions of dollars for a great public work.

"The ordinance which we offer you does not interfere with the adoption of the constitutional amendment, and does not preclude the city from deriving the benefit thereof; but on the contrary is an incentive to, and directly promotes the same, and in the interim, by the enterprise of private citizens, gives the city of Chicago that which the city would do were it financially and legally able to do so.

City's Percentage of Receipts.

"Within the time reasonably necessary to secure uses of the subway the city of Chicago will be in receipt of 3 per cent of the gross receipts obtained by the owners of such system for the use thereof.

"Within five years thereafter the city of Chicago shall receive annually 5 per cent of such gross receipts.

"Within fifteen years from the date of the acceptance of the ordinance the city of Chicago will have the right to acquire all the rights of their owners in said subways, tunnels, and underground conduits upon paying the owners thereof the original cost of said work and the extensions, and 10 per cent thereon for builders' profit.

"Every ten years thereafter the city of Chicago has the like privilege.

"Every person who favors municipal ownership must be in favor of this ordinance. Every taxpayer who wishes the lightening of the burdens of taxation must favor this ordinance. Every person who suffers from the discomforts, to say nothing of the personal risks attendant upon the congestion of the heart of the city, must favor this ordinance."

St. Paul Road Ordinance.

An ordinance giving the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road the right to use electric power or compressed air on its Evanston branch from Wilson avenue to the city limits was referred to the local transportation committee, where it will be considered in connection with other matters pertaining to the elevated roads and the union loop. In the ordinance it is provided that if electricity be used and the third rail the method the company shall fence in its right of way.

The grant asked is for twenty years after 1903 and no compensation is offered. It is the intention, it is said, to connect with the Northwestern elevated at Wilson avenue.

To the local transportation committee also went the responses of the two traction companies to the invitation of the council to discuss the question of franchise renewals. In connection with these franchise ordinances an order introduced by Ald. Foucek and referred was of interest. It provided that no public utility franchise should be granted until it had three readings before the council and that amendments could be offered at the second reading.

Smoke Ordinances Deferred.

The smoke ordinances were taken up and a decided effort was made to pass them, but, in the face of considerable opposition and with numerous amendments being offered, a suggestion of Alderman Jackson was finally adopted and the ordinances with all amendments were sent back to the judiciary committee, where they have been under consideration for many months.

Elevation of Tracks.

The first mandatory track elevation ordinance ever passed by the city council went through by a unanimous vote. By its terms work must be begun within thirty days from the time the mayor signs the measure on the elevation of the tracks of the Pan Handle, the Chicago terminal transfer railroad, the Grand Trunk western, the Chicago junction, and the Terminal railroad, between Thirty-ninth street and Garfield boulevard. The original ordinance was passed on Feb. 3, this year, and its terms have been accepted by all the roads except the Pennsylvania and the Chicago terminal transfer lines. The mandatory measure is aimed at the last mentioned roads. If work is not begun as directed the corporation counsel is to begin suits to collect fines ranging from $100 to $200 for each day of delay. The work is to be finished by Dec. 31, 1906.

At Ald. Jackson's request the ordinance requiring the elevation of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, the Terminal transfer, the Santa Fé, and the Northwestern tracks from Center avenue to Western avenue, between West Fourteenth and West Eighteenth street, was made a special order for next Monday night. The original draft of the ordinance directed the raising of the rails between Loomis street and Western avenue. An extension to Center avenue was added with the provision that from the latter point the roadbed shall gradually descend until grade is reached at Halsted street. Ald. Brenner's effort to secure further delay was defeated by a vote of 48 to 10. The ordinance requiring elevation of the tracks at Grand Crossing was made a special order for one week from next Monday night.

Compensation for a Street.

The ordinance vacating Stein street and a fifteen foot alley near the Gates iron works on the payment to the city of $1,750 by that company went over until Monday. Ald. Novak entered a resolution, which was tabled, asking that the compensation be raised to $5,000. Then Ald. Herrmann sent in an amendment specifying that if the Gates company should ever be fined for violating the smoke ordinance the land in question should revert to the city and the $1,750 be forfeited to the municipality. This, too, was defeated under a heavy fire of oratory from Ald. Kuns.

YE HOUSEKEEPER'S CORNER.

A compote of cherries that is pretty to look at if carefully made will make an attractive early summer dessert.

Cushions of delicate flower-striped cretonne or chintz in pale tints edged with a wide ruffle of heavy torchon lace promise to be popular this summer.

The fabric panel for furniture is among the latest ideas. Blazing cretonne is applied to the heads of beds, backs of chairs, etc., instead of a panel of wood.

An easy and effective window treatment that apartment tenants often prefer to fitted window boxes is to utilize the window sill for potted plants. This is done by having a low wire railing fastened to the house wall at either side of the window, curving out slightly to allow for the growth of the plants. The plants in pots of uniform size are then safely placed behind it.

The apparent size of a small apartment may be considerably increased by removing the chandelier and introducing side lights. In a narrow parlor, for example, a six-arm chandelier set in its plaster medallion, the arrangement repeated, perhaps, in a mirror over the mantelpiece, adds perceptibly to the furnishing of the room. Take it away, make the ceiling plain, and you have gained an effect of space that cannot be realized till the experiment is tried.

CHARGE OF GRAFT IN BRIBERY TRIAL.

Witnesses for Defense Said to Profit Through Public Administrator.

TIPS ON ESTATE SALES.

Alexander Sullivan Case and Robert E. Burke's Check Figure in Evidence.

Hints that Patrick H. O'Donnell, as public administrator, provided many good things for his friends, including "Bill" Gallagher, crept into the jury bribing trial yesterday through the defense's own witnesses.

Gallagher, the state charged in direct questions, and his friends got tips as to buying up property belonging to estates which O'Donnell handled as public administrator of Cook county. In the same way it was charged further that these favored ones "split up" with O'Donnell himself.

Numbers of witnesses for the defense were shown, too, to have made their livelihood out of work provided them by O'Donnell as public administrator. Of these several were attorneys who moved their offices as O'Donnell & Brady changed their quarters.

Brings Up Sullivan Case.

The State had other surprises. These were the continued charges that the big men before Judge Brentano charged with complicity in fixing the justice court jury in the first of the Union traction company's Austin transfer cases were also connected with Alexander Sullivan's defense when the latter was tried and convicted of jury bribing but a few months ago.

Assistant State's Attorney Barnes connected witnesses with having been agents of O'Donnell & Brady at that time, when they, with Attorney Hardy, who is defending Gallagher, made the fight for Sullivan. Later the state will seek to show that Gallagher was at that time suspiciously active in hanging about the courtroom and the jury which convicted Alexander Sullivan.

There was another sensation when Harry Hurtt, an elevator man in the Woman's temple, where O'Donnell & Brady had their offices at the time of the transfer trials, was confronted by the state with a formal statement, secured from him some time ago by Police Captain Schuettler, and directly denying much of the testimony he had just given under oath as a witness for the defense. Charges were made that he had been tampered with by friends of the seven alleged jury bribers.

"Bobby" Burke's Name Involved.

Robert Emmet Burke's name got into the case, too. One of the checks given by the ex-oil Inspector to O'Donnell & Brady's stenographer was held to be the means by which the latter identified the events of April 12 last, the second day preceding the trial, when Constable Walter C. Jones, who has confessed to gathering the alleged fixed jury, paid his visit to O'Donnell & Brady's offices. Gallagher was Burke's scout and O'Donnell one of his attorneys when the oil inspector was indicted some months ago on the charge of defrauding the city of fees.

Overcoats figured in the case during the day. One was a large, ill-fitting garment. The other, a long, black coat. P. H. O'Donnell claimed ownership of the former and John O'Donnell of the latter. But, the defense argued, Patrick exchanged coats with John on April 14, the day of the transfer trial, so that he might wear a black coat at Perry Hull's funeral that afternoon.

Through these overcoats efforts will be made to disprove the charges that both the O'Donnells were in Gallagher's company near the Revere house on the day of the trial. On the green coat, too, hinges in great part John O'Donnell's efforts to prove an alibi.

Overcoat Leads to Charges.

It was the pea green overcoat that was responsible for the state's unexpected charges that the public administrator had let his friends in on a quiet line of graft. Edward J. Cohan, who is listed as a broker and solicits life insurance, was called by the defense and examined as to the whereabouts of John O'Donnell at the time the state charges he was helping Constable Jones gather up the "pin" jurors.

Instead of being on North Clark street, as the state charged, the witness asserted that John O'Donnell was in the offices of the firm between 10:45 and 11 o'clock on the morning in question. He had remarked about the pea green overcoat which hung on John's lank figure.

Bought Estate Property.

"You used to bid in property for Patrick O'Donnell, the public administrator, did you not?" demanded Assistant State's Attorney Barnes.

"No—no, sir, I bid it in for myself," returned the witness.

"Isn't it true that you bid in property, and Gallagher with you, and that you divided the profits with P. H. O'Donnell?"

"No, sir."

"Well, did you not bid in property sold by O'Donnell as public administrator?"

"Well, about half a dozen times," admitted the witness, "I bid and bought in property from the public administrator."

"And is it not a fact," demanded Mr. Barnes, "that you learned when these sales were to be made through the public administrator, Patrick H. O'Donnell, himself?"

"I asked O'Donnell when the sales were to be made, and he usually told me."

"You made a business of buying up this property sold by the public administrator, did you not?"

"No; I was an agent for a storage house."

"You stored goods that you bought from O'Donnell, didn't you?"

"O, sometimes."

The witness admitted that he had no particular business in O'Donnell & Brady's office on the morning of April 14.

"What were you doing there?" insisted Mr. Barnes.

Sought a Quiet Place.

"I had a prospectus to write and my own office was too noisy and I went over to O'Donnell & Brady's office."

The defense all along has used effort to show that O'Donnell & Brady's offices were "like a courthouse," with scores of people in and out at all times during the day.

"What was the prospectus?" continued Mr. Barnes.

"I do not remember," said the witness.

"But you do remember the circumstance of John's green overcoat?"

"O, yes," was the answer of Mr. Cohan, and he was allowed to leave the stand.

Confronted with Signed Statement.

Harry Hurtt, another witness for the defense, admitted knowing O'Donnell and Brady since Sept. 26 last. He had known Gallagher since about that time, too.

"Ever see them together in the elevator?" asked Attorney Darrow.

"Never in my life," returned the witness.

"That's all," said Mr. Darrow, and then there was a delay while a messenger went to the state's attorney's office and returned with a slip of paper.

"Isn't that your signature?" demanded Mr. Barnes, opening the folded slip. The witness admitted his name was attached to the document.

"Didn't I read that document to you and didn't you say it was the truth? It's your own statement," added Mr. Barnes.

"I said I would swear to it if you wanted me to," came the reply.

"Didn't you say it was the truth?"

"No, sir," returned the witness.

The statement averred that he had seen Gallagher, the O'Donnells, Brady, and others of the latter's forces travel up and down together in the elevators.

"Didn't you say since you made that statement that you had been approached by friends of O'Donnell and Brady for the purpose of getting you to testify in this case?"

"I should say, yes."

Woman Answers a Constable.

Mrs. Ellen Belle Hood, stenographer, was called by the defense as one of its witnesses to combat Constable Jones' statement that when he was called to O'Donnell & Brady's office on April 12 he was introduced by Simon to O'Donnell, Gallagher, and Brady as the constable "likely to get the jury," and there instructed by Gallagher as to how to pick up the fixed men on the following Monday.

"I saw the men in Mr. Brady's office," said Mrs. Hood in part. "Mr. Jones, the constable, was there. I went in with my bills—I turn them in each Saturday—and Mr. Brady was saying: 'That's too much, the company won't stand it.' This man Jones said: 'I am used to getting that price.'"

Asked if She Did Detective Work.

Questioned by Mr. Barnes, she admitted having had lunch that day with Brady, Gallagher, and others at the Sherman house when the court adjourned at noon.

"Were you not," demanded Mr. Barnes, "a detective for O'Donnell & Brady in the Alexander Sullivan case?"

This brought the O'Donnells to their feet.

"I did not——" began the witness.

"Were you not going back and forth, conferring with the witnesses?" said Mr. Barnes.

"I was doing anything I could for O'Donnell & Brady," she finally admitted.

Twice Mr. Walker demanded that anything as to the Sullivan case be eliminated as regarded his client, Cyrus S. Simon, but the court left it in.

Mrs. Hood insisted that she remembered the events of Jones' visit because she was then paid a check for $25 signed by Robert E. Burke.

Testify for John O'Donnell.

Mrs. Margaret Johnson, Assistant State's Attorney Fake, Court Bailiff Uttley, and Judge Smith were all examined by the defense to show that John O'Donnell was in the latter's court on the morning of the transfer trial trying to get a case continued. All the witnesses would say was that O'Donnell was in Judge Smith's court between 10 and 11 o'clock.

The state admits that John O'Donnell may have gone to this court, but that he left in time to join Gallagher as charged. Private Detective W. W. Scott and John Hickey, a motorman, were examined along the same line.

Mrs. James H. Hubbard, a pure food inspector, and Mrs. H. W. Crane were called. They asserted that John O'Donnell was at the Hubbard residence on Monday, the day of the trial, at the hour of the afternoon when he is said to have been with Gallagher.

Woman with Political Influence.

"Didn't you get your appointment through Patrick H. O'Donnell?" Mr. Barnes asked of Mrs. Hubbard.

"No, I didn't," snapped the latter. "I got it myself because of work I had done for the republican party."

Mr. Hubbard corroborated his wife's statement that John O'Donnell attended the birthday party which Mrs. Hubbard gave her spouse on April 14. Here again the pea green overcoat cut a figure. Philip Henrici Jr., his wife, and Louise Hall, a waitress at the former's restaurant in Adams street, told of the custom of O'Donnell, Brady, and Gallagher to eat luncheon there. But the latter, they asserted, always sat at a different table.

Tomorrow or Saturday the defendants may begin to take the stand in their own behalf.

KIDNAPING FEARED IN MINNEAPOLIS SCANDAL.

Friends of Missing Detective, Whose Trial Was in Progress, Think He Was Abducted.

Minneapolis, Minn., June 18. — Christopher Norbeck, whose trial for bribery was brought to a pause yesterday by his disappearance, is still missing, and the theory of kidnaping has been advanced. The opinion that Norbeck is in Minneapolis or St. Paul gains ground. The fact that he was seen intoxicated as late as 5 o'clock yesterday morning supports this belief.

The newspapers have received mysterious offers by telephone to "turn up" Norbeck for $500 in addition to the $1,000 reward offered by his bondsmen, but the person who telephones hangs up the instrument before terms can be come to. This has led to the theory that the drunken detective was kidnaped and is being held by some one for reward or ransom.

Mayor Ames today finally ordered the police department to drive out the crooks now operating and to enforce the liquor ordinance strictly. The mayor adds that it is incumbent on the police department to prevent a reign of lawlessness being brought about by the disclosures in court and the publicity given to the bribery cases, and says that any shirking by members of the force will be followed by instant dismissal.

FIREMEN SAVE ELEVEN PEOPLE.

Find Them Overcome by Smoke from Blaze at Fifty-first Street and Center Avenue.

Firemen of truck 18 rescued eleven persons from being suffocated in a two story brick building at West Fifty-first street and Center avenue early yesterday. The occupants of the house were overcome by the fumes while asleep. The firemen carried them out and they were quickly revived. The burned building is owned by F. Doedler, who used the first floor for a meat market and the second for living apartments. Doedler, his wife, and children were asleep when the fire started. The loss is $2,000.

DEFIES ZION ANTI-SMOKING ORDINANCE.

CLARK G. COARSER.

Clarke Gookins Coarser, the man who has hurled defiance at the authorities at Zion city by smoking in the city limits after the guards have ordered him to stop, is one of Lake county's oldest settlers. He is past 85 years of age and has lived in the township of Benton for over fifty years. In speaking of the policemen ordering him to stop smoking, the aged farmer last night said:

"When I stop smoking for Dowie he'll know it. When his guards told me to quit I informed them that they would have to arrest me before I did. I told them I was eighteen carats fine and that I never saw the man that I feared."

Upon being ordered to stop smoking on Sunday last Mr. Coarser laughed at the guard and was then informed that they would be down after him on Monday morning, that they didn't care to arrest him on Sunday. Bright and early the next day Mr. Coarser was up and waiting, but the guard did not appear. And still the aged farmer smokes his pipe as he passes through the streets of Zion.

RIVAL FIRMS GO TO COURT

WRIT OF INJUNCTION AND A RECEIVER ASKED FOR.

National Hollow Brake Beam Company Alleges Irregular Practices on the Part of Officers of the Chicago Railway Equipment Concern—Seeks to Have Officials of the Latter Enjoined from Acting as Directors of the Complainant.

The National hollow brake beam company has filed a bill in the circuit court in which it seeks to have Henry S. Burkhardt, president of the Chicago railway equipment company, and John P. Ahrens and David S. Geer, attorneys for the company, restrained from acting as directors, and Edward B. Leigh, treasurer of the equipment company, enjoined from acting as secretary or treasurer of the brake beam company.

The complainant concern also asks that a receiver be appointed for a certain amount of its assets, consisting of over $130,000 in notes and money, said to be in the possession of Leigh.

According to the bill, the complainant company signed a lease on Dec. 8, 1892, in which it gave the exclusive privilege to the equipment company to manufacture and sell its patented brake beams for a period of fifteen years.

Double Headed Meeting Held.

On May 13 last, it is alleged, after the adjournment of a regular stockholders' meeting, Leigh, Burkhardt, Geer, and Ahrens held a separate meeting and pretended to organize as the board of directors of the complainant. Burkhardt was elected president of the brake beam company, it is said, and Leigh its secretary and treasurer.

On May 15, it is said, Leigh, Burkhardt, Geer, and Ahrens wrote in the record of the stockholders' meeting of the complainant concern a false statement to the effect that the regular meeting of the stockholders on May 13 had been adjourned to May 15. It was also made to appear on the records, it is said, that Ahrens and Geer were elected directors of the complainant company in place of Owen H. Bay and W. A. Tichenor. This was done, it is said, to give Leigh, Burkhardt, Ahrens, and Geer the appearance of constituting a majority of the board of directors of the complainant.

Makes Denial of Payments.

About Dec. 31, 1897, it is asserted, Leigh, acting as treasurer of the equipment company, and also as treasurer of the complainant, made entries in the books of both concerns to make it appear that the equipment company had delivered to the complainant two worthless notes, each for the sum of $10,000, in part payment for money said to be due under the lease. The complainant denies that such payment was ever made.

In December, 1898, it is asserted, the equipment company was indebted to the complainant in the sum of about $30,000. About this time, it is said, Leigh, as treasurer of the equipment company, pretended to transfer two worthless claims, which he individually held, for $9,500, and reimbursed himself from the funds of the equipment company. These two claims, together with another for $4,000 against a mining company, said to be insolvent, were afterwards transferred, it is asserted, by Leigh from the equipment company to the complainant concern as money due the latter. This whole transaction, it is alleged, is void.

It is charged that Leigh has appropriated money of the company to his own uses, and that he owes it a considerable amount.

INSPECTOR SHEA AGAIN IS ILL.

Collapses at His Desk and Is Taken to His Residence—Physicians Say He Will Recover.

Inspector John D. Shea was again attacked yesterday morning by the illness which had incapacitated him for work for several months. While working at his desk at the Desplaines street station he collapsed. Physicians were hurried to the room, and under their ministrations the inspector quickly recovered. He remained on duty, but at 4 p. m. he became weaker and was driven to his residence. Physicians say the attack is not serious. The inspector announced his intention of returning to his desk today, but it is not believed he will be able to resume his duties before next week.

TRAMPS IN DEATH STRUGGLE.

One White Man Is Shot and Killed and Two Thrown from Train and Fatally Hurt by Negroes.

St. Joseph, Mich., June 18.—[Special.]—In a desperate battle between colored and white tramps on a freight train near Lakeside, twenty miles south of this city, this afternoon, one of the white men was shot and killed and two others were thrown from the swiftly moving train and fatally injured. A fourth white man was robbed. The tramps boarded the train here, and later the colored men attempted to rob their white companions. The murderers escaped.

LOCKED IN AND LEFT TO FLAMES.

St. Luke Sanitarium Patients Say Nurses Ran Out After Fastening Doors.

INQUEST ON THE VICTIMS.

Evidence That the Blaze Started Long Before an Alarm Was Sent In.

Patients who escaped from the "prison floor" of the St. Luke society sanitarium when eleven persons lost their lives declared yesterday at the coroner's inquest that some of their nurses—graduates of the "drink cure" hospital—were intoxicated. Two men who were in charge of the "treatment" ward—the large room, most of the inmates of which were killed—had been patients formerly and were working out the cost of their treatment.

One of these men, Amos Allie, ran from the treatment room when the fire was discovered, followed by George Scribner, another attendant. The door slammed after them, and the nine or ten inmates of the ward, with Dr. Boyd, one of the physicians, were left in a room with barred windows and locked doors. Half of these patients lost their lives. The two attendants escaped.

Wide Scope of Inquiry.

The whole character of the institution came under examination when Coroner Traeger and Deputy Coroner Senff began the inquest at the Twenty-second street police station. It was developed that President Miller still holds money belonging to his patients which had been taken from them with their other effects when they entered the institution. He said that he was awaiting a statement from his bookkeeper before making settlement.

He also holds the promissory note of another patient—Francis Wilson, formerly a collector for Albert Pick. Wilson said he had been taken to the sanitarium without his knowledge and that he secured his release only by agreeing to sign a note for $25.

From another witness—Frank Malmstedt, the night clerk—Deputy Coroner Senff attempted to learn what disposition had been made of the bodies of persons who died at the sanitarium before the fire. The clerk said they were taken out of the institution at night.

"Four were taken out of the hospital while I was there," he said.

Complaints About Escaping Gas.

Malmstedt admitted that the patients had complained of escaping gas and said he had told President Miller, Manager Davis, and Nagle, the gasoline engine inventor, of these complaints.

The testimony that some of the attendants came to their work intoxicated was given by Dr. W. C. Bunker, a dentist of Oregon, and J. F. Suit, a printer of Frankfort, Ind. Both had been confined in the "treatment ward," where the violent patients were, kept while irrational. Nurse Luce was the man both said came to the ward intoxicated.

"I might not have noticed it," said Suit, "if he had not told me that he had been drinking. He said it was his birthday and that he had been celebrating."

Fire Burning Long Before Alarm.

Dr. Bunker said the patients knew that there was something wrong as early at 2 o'clock—the alarm was not turned in until 3:07—but that they were unable to find out what it was until smoke was seen curling up by the door in a thin column.

"Then this was discovered," said Suit. "Allie put the doorknob back on the door, opened it, and ran out, followed by Scribner. The door slammed after them, and when I tried it I could not open it. Then the smoke came up in a great volume and filled the room. I was almost suffocated, but, looking around, I saw a speck of light through it and started for it. It was a window, but it was barred, and I could not open it."

Realized It Was "All Up."

At the morning session Mrs. Lucy Leatherman, an attendant, said that Nagle told her after the fire that he knew it was burning half an hour before the alarm was sounded. She said:

"I was standing in front of the building after all the bodies had been brought down to the street talking to Mr. Nagle, when he said that he knew of the fire in the basement half an hour before the alarm was turned in, but that he thought it was all up with himself and every one else, and he did not want to excite the patients. I heard the patients talk among themselves and say that Mr. Miller did wrong in allowing experiments with gasoline in the basement and that some day the building would be blown up. Minnie Wilson was one patient who told me this."

Council Committee to Investigate.

The city council, at its meeting last evening, sent to the committee on health an order directing that committee to investigate the charges that the department of building and the department of health, or either, have been negligent in the performance of their duty in connection with the St. Luke sanitarium, and whether the departments have failed generally or in individual instances to enforce all city ordinances relating to, or to make proper inspection of, hospitals or of other buildings where large numbers of persons reside, and to report what changes in the ordinance are advisable.

Ald. Butterworth had passed a resolution instructing the committee on health to "consider the hospital ordinances, in connection with the corporation counsel and the commissioner of health, and, after such consideration, to submit such amendments and revisions of the ordinances as may be necessary to secure to all patients in hospitals safe, adequate, and proper accommodations and attendance."

WOMAN MURDERS A NEIGHBOR.

Kills a Girl and Fatally Wounds Her Mother in a Battle After a Quarrel.

Toledo, O., June 18.—Miss Rose Wheeler, aged 25, is dead, and her mother, Mrs. William Wheeler, aged 68, is dying, as the result of an assault made upon them by Mrs. George Leightner, aged 26, wife of an ironworker now employed in Cleveland. The two families reside in a double house at 432 and 434 Front street. The women had been quarreling all day. Mrs. Leightner was arrested. She says that the deed was committed in self-defense.

BOY'S ABSENCE IS A MYSTERY.

Kidnaping and Drowning Theories Advanced to Explain the Strange Disappearance of a Child.

Boston, Mass., June 18.—[Special.]—Drowning and kidnaping theories are advanced to explain the absence of the 3 year old son of A. W. Clark of Beverly, who has been missing from his father's summer home near Manchester since yesterday afternoon. Three hundred men are searching the woods and dragging Chebacco lake, but have met with no success. A woman declares she saw a man dragging the child across a field yesterday.

County Board Asks Healy to Stay.

A resolution was presented at the county board meeting yesterday by E. K. Walker asking Warden Healy of the county hospital either to withdraw or withhold his resignation until some future time. All of the commissioners did not vote for the retention of Mr. Healy, but none of them voted against it.

W. C. Pullman Dead.

William C. Pullman, head of a railroad supply house in the Old Colony building, died at his home, 61 Cedar street, late last night, after a long illness. He was 56 years old. The funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

PREFER ARREST TO LAKE.

CHICAGO BOYS FIND MICHIGAN CITY CELLS A RELIEF.

Five Lads Take Prof. H. J. Henry's Yacht from Jackson Park and Sail for Other Side—Heavy Weather and Lack of Food Dampens Their Desire for Adventure and They Gladly Accompany Police of the Indiana Town to the Station.

Arrest came as a welcome relief yesterday to four Chicago boys who fought squalls and waves all the way across Lake Michigan in a yacht taken from its moorings at Jackson park. George Close, David Grady, Fred Luedtke, and Don Morby, ranging in ages from 15 to 19 years, who lost their adventurous spirit somewhere between Chicago and Michigan City, Ind., are awaiting a hearing in the Michigan City jail.

The four lads, accompanied by John Heterson, are alleged to have stolen the yacht Fox from the harbor in Jackson park and put out in search of adventure. For a night and a day the boys strained their arms at the tiller and blistered their hands on the sheets fighting the squalls on the lake. Weak with hunger and loss of sleep, they managed to put in to Michigan City, where they crawled up the beach and begged for something to eat.

Arrested on Suspicion.

The police decided to hold them until word could be received from Chicago. The boys will be held until their case is investigated today. The yacht was owned by H. J. Henry, 803 Seventy-third street, principal of the Riverdale school.

The boys declare that they were induced to start out by a spirit of adventure. The police believe the lads worked several hours on Monday night to file the chain that bound a park rowboat to its moorings, and then rowed through the lagoons, a quarter of a mile, to where the Fox was anchored.

In spite of the high waves the boys put boldly out across the lake, taking turns at the sheets. For a few hours they managed the craft without trouble. Then the boat was struck by a severe squall and nearly capsized. Through wind and waves the boys steered the craft blindly, unable to tell their course or to turn back to the west shore. At daybreak they were all hungry and tired, but they stuck to the yacht, with the rowboat towed behind.

Long Effort to Reach a Harbor.

All day Tuesday the runaways tried to make some harbor. They had taken nothing to eat with them, and their spirits fell as their hunger rose. The rowboat broke from the yacht when they were in sight of Michigan City and the smaller craft drifted on the beach eight miles from the city. At dark five hungry and tractable boys put in to Michigan City harbor and started out to beg something to eat. Heterson escaped from the police and crawled on a freight train that was going out of town.

The four captured lads followed the police to the station with evident pleasure and ate everything the police would bring them. They admitted taking the rowboat from Jackson park, but would say nothing about the yacht.

PASTOR SHOOTS NEIGHBOR; CROWD CRIES "LYNCH HIM!"

Quarrel Over Sunday School Ends in Minister Being Held on Charge of Attempting to Commit Murder.

In "No Man's Land," a settlement a mile southwest of Wilmette, a preacher quarreled with his neighbor because the neighbor would not send his children to the preacher's Sunday school. As a culmination to the feud, the Rev. Christopher Jorgensen, assistant pastor of the First Congregational church of Wilmette, was yesterday placed under $5,000 bonds to appear for trial on a charge of shooting with intent to commit murder. John H. Welter, the neighbor, is lying wounded at his home, the result of a shot from the minister's revolver.

The affair caused intense excitement in the community. Hundreds of people surrounded Jorgensen's house after the shooting, and cries of "Lynch him" were heard before Constable Charles McDaniel took Jorgensen into custody.

A week ago the minister and his neighbor clashed over the right to mow grass from three vacant lots which separate the two houses. On Tuesday evening Welter took his scythe and began to cut down the weeds from the lots. Jorgensen, he says, ordered him off them, and, when he refused to go, threw stones at him. Then Welter, the minister says, ran after him with the scythe in his hands, and, chasing him into his house, resumed his struggle with the weeds.

Jorgensen secured a revolver and renewed the discussion from a window. There were more threats, and then, it is said, the preacher fired. Welter fell.

GRAND CROSSING FLOODED. CITIZENS FEAR FOR HOUSES.

During the Heavy Rain Men Work to Strengthen the Dike, Which Holds Pentup Water—Railway Is Blamed.

On the strength of a dike on the north side of the town line ditch at Eighty-seventh street hangs the safety of their houses, say Grand Crossing residents. All through the heavy rain of yesterday men worked with shovels and picks to strengthen the dike, which had weakened in one spot.

Should the support give way, the residents fear that their houses, which already are surrounded by water, in many cases to the depth of eighteen inches, would be swept from their foundations.

The accumulation of water is charged to the Illinois Central railway company, which, it is said, has been petitioned repeatedly to open a better drainage system beneath its tracks. During yesterday's rain the water in the town line ditch was unable to escape through the narrow opening beneath the tracks. It rose with such rapidity that a general alarm and appeal for assistance in strengthening the dike was sounded.

Men worked for hours in their efforts to check the tide. Orders were given by Lieut. Plunket of the Grand Crossing police station to have policemen patrol the dike to watch for possible breaks.

DROWNING CHILDREN SAVED BY BURNSIDE PRINCIPAL.

Frank W. Rider Pulls Out Several Little Ones That Had Fallen Into the Flooded Ditches.

The heavy fall of rain which flooded the region south of Grand Crossing has given Frank W. Rider, principal of the Ambrose E. Burnside school, opportunity to save several lives.

Within the last two weeks six children have fallen into the water surrounding the schoolhouse. As it happened, Principal Rider was near. He sprang into the water, waist deep, on two occasions and rescued the youngsters.

When school was dismissed at 3 o'clock yesterday Mr. Rider made his last rescue. Nine year old Mamie Smith, 1826 Ninety-second street, was on her way home, when she came to a damaged crossing. As she stepped on one of the planks it gave way and the girl plunged into a ditch. Principal Rider was just leaving the schoolhouse. He heard the scream and saw the splash. He ran down the sidewalk, sprang into the water, and seizing the little girl in his arms, dragged her out.

TELL OF CLASH IN SPRINGFIELD.

Mayor Harrison and John P. Hopkins Rehearse Their Duel of Words.

EACH IN DEFIANT MOOD.

One Belligerent Says, "Sue Me," and the Other Replies, "What's the Use?"

Apparently "unpinked" from their duel of words Mayor Harrison and John P. Hopkins returned from Springfield yesterday to tell "how it happened."

In one breath the mayor declared he was so excited at the time of the clash that he could not remember just what happened. In the next he said he was sure that Mr. Hopkins had not called him a "pinhead."

Others who were close by when the clash occurred asserted that Mr. Hopkins certainly did say "pinhead," and even more.

Mr. Hopkins, it is said, will continue the fight. It is declared that he will begin a crusade against the gamblers in the third ward. The Hopkins men say this move will be in the interest of reform. The Harrison men say that Hopkins is not satisfied with the support given him by the gamblers.

What Hurt the Mayor.

"The only assertion made by Hopkins regarded as really offensive to me," said the mayor, "was that I never earned an honest dollar. I cared nothing for his blow and bluster, nor his threats. Will I sue him for libel? O, no. What would be the use? I have been a good democrat all my life, which is more than Mr. Hopkins can truthfully claim.

"Whether the new state committee will make Mr. Hopkins its chairman is something I know nothing about. I have not taken the pains to ascertain where the committee stands with reference to that matter."

"The mayor can proceed against me in the courts if he so desires," said Mr. Hopkins.

Some one asked him why he didn't "punch" the mayor.

"That," he exclaimed, "would have been a disgraceful thing to do. I guess the young man knows what I think of him and that's enough. I wanted him to make the charges in open convention that I was boodling my way into the state committee, but he showed himself to be too much of a coward."

Mayor Tells of the Clash.

Mayor Harrison gave this explanation of the clash:

"I had been standing with half a dozen men, trying to get a line on things and checking up lists and sending after delegates, when Hopkins came up. His hand was partly extended and I reached out to grasp it. I discovered that he had something in his hand, and immediately we were close together; so close that we touched. It is better that way when things are likely to happen.

"I was considerably excited and do not remember exactly what I said. First he asked me if I said he was a boodler. I replied that I had not.

"Then he asked: 'What did you say to the newspapers?' My answer was that if he won the fight in the First district for committeeman it would be through the use of boodle.

"'Did you say that?' he asked.

"'Yes, and I repeat, if you win it will be by means that no honest man would use.'

Would Do "as He Pleased."

"He asked me if I would say that before the convention. I told him I was not a delegate and that I would do as I pleased.

"Then I said: 'You're a pretty sore man' and he said: 'You bet I am sore.' I repeated, as we separated, that I stuck by my statement that if he won in the district it would be by means no honest man would use.

"He did not call me a 'pinhead.' He may have intended to do so, but he did not do it.

"All that talk about Lieut. Mulcahy is rubbish. The only thing I did was to ask Mulcahy's brother, who was elected as a Harrison delegate, to stick to me, particularly as I had befriended his brother. He was not only elected as a Harrison delegate but was indebted to me personally, and he said he would stick, as he had stuck by my father.

"There will be no discharging of city employés on account of this fight. Civil service protects the employés and I shall not try to interfere. So long as a city employé does his duty under civil service he is a free agent."

Little Enthusiasm Shown.

Most of the Chicago delegates returned home in the morning. There was not much enthusiasm shown. Opinions of both the ticket and platform were generally: "O, they will do."

Mayor Harrison said he thought the ticket a good one and declared his intention of doing everything he can to elect it.

The county committee will meet today to postpone the ward club elections. These should be held next Saturday, but on account of the Derby the ward workers have requested that they be put off for one week. There also is a proposition on foot to have the old committee step down and out and let the new one take its place. Some of the leaders insist that under existing circumstances the new committee would conduct a more effective campaign.

MARCHING CLUB MOVES TODAY.

Will Take Possession of Its New Headquarters at 79 Randolph Street.

The Republican marching club will move into new headquarters at 79 Randolph street today. On a date yet to be selected it will celebrate the change with a house-warming. It has been decided to hold the annual picnic at Northwestern park on Aug. 16, and have all the state as well as Cook county candidates there. The occasion is expected to be practically the beginning of the campaign. For drawing attractions the club will invest $2,000 in prizes for the winners of athletic contests. One of the features will be a burlesque circus and another will be a balloon ascension.

The World's Cure for

CONSTIPATION

IMMEDIATELY UPON ARISING

Drink One-Half Tumblerful of

Hunyadi János

Natural Laxative Mineral Water.

When buying be sure and ask for Hunyadi JANOS (FULL NAME.

If you ask simply for Hunyadi Water you may be imposed upon.

FOR PANAMAS GO TO C. W. BARNES

BRAZIL THREATS MENACE BOLIVIA.

South American Republics Near Open Rupture Over Rubber Lands.

BIG CONCESSION AT STAKE

Quarrel Over 80,000 Square Miles Granted to Anglo-American Syndicate.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 19, 3 a. m.—An open rupture between Brazil and Bolivia is a question of only a few hours unless Bolivia cancels the concession of 80,000 square miles of rubber lands to an Anglo-American syndicate headed by Sir Martin Conway and J. Pierpont Morgan.

Cable news received last night stated that Brazil had instructed her minister at La Paz, Bolivia, to request an immediate reply from the Bolivian government in reference to cancelling the concession it has made to an American syndicate.

Brazil Sends Ultimatum.

The Brazilian minister was further instructed to state that, unless a satisfactory reply was at once received, energetic measures would be adopted to stop the entire affair business.

Meanwhile the Bolivian minister at Rio de Janeiro has cabled urging his government to reconsider the position, and saying that unless Bolivia withdraws the concession Brazil will forthwith end diplomatic relations and adopt more forcible measures to obtain satisfaction.

Involves 80,000 Square Miles.

The concession, which includes 80,000 square miles, and which was secured from Bolivia through Sir Martin Conway last year, after he had thoroughly explored the country, covers some of the finest land along the feeders of the Amazon, comprised in the state of Acre, where the boundaries are subject to a triangular dispute between Brazil, Peru, and Bolivia.

The Geneva correspondent of the Chronicle sends a letter from a Swiss residing in Bolivia saying that Bolivia granted to J. Pierpont Morgan and Sir Martin Conway the exclusive right to exploit this immense territory. The concessionnaries aim to form a trust controlling the South American India rubber output. They have contracted to pay Bolivia 60 per cent of the import dues and to aid her in raising a loan.

KING MUST HAVE REST.

EDWARD VII. CANCELS ALL ENGAGEMENTS FOR WEEK.

Official Bulletin Issued from Windsor Castle States That Owing to the Severe Strain His Majesty Will Undergo During the Coronation Festivities His Medical Advisers Have Recommended Him to Forego All Public Appearances.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 18.—King Edward has been compelled to cancel all his pre-coronation engagements and will remain at Windsor in absolute quiet until the ceremony calls him to London next week.

The following statement was issued from Windsor castle tonight:

"We are authorised to state that in anticipation of the severe strain to which the king will be subjected during the coronation festivities his majesty's medical advisers have recommended him to forego all public engagements during the next few days.

"KNOLLYS."

Sir Francis Knollys, who signs the foregoing, is private secretary to King Edward.

The papers regard the cancellation of the king's engagements as merely a precautionary measure. The weather is dry, and the temperature is still about 60°. The king and queen gave a dinner party at Windsor castle this evening. They drove together for two hours in Windsor park this afternoon.

Abbey in Coronation Dress.

After being almost hermetically closed to the public and press for two months, Westminster abbey in its coronation dress was described in today's London Times, commencing with the artificial annex which, externally, blends so perfectly in color and architecture with the old structure as to deceive the experienced eye.

The abbey, inside, has the appearance of a vast hall with a timbered roof supported on square pillars and carved arches. Here the procession will be formed up. Upon the walls are costly tapestries and a magnificent collection of old armor and lances from the tower.

The stands in the abbey itself, the erection of which caused some disapproval, are so placed that the architectural beauty of the ancient building is by no means marred. They are draped with a mixture of delicate blue and old gold velvet. On either side, near the west end, are priceless tapestries, lent by the duke and duchess of Marlborough, and a thick, dark blue carpet has been laid down. It was specially manufactured for the occasion and is ornamented with the star and garter, the rose, thistle, and shamrock, and the Egyptian lotus wreathed in laurel.

The transepts are filled with seats to the south for the peeresses; to the north with seats for peers. Above them are two great galleries for the members of the house of commons and their wives.

Chairs for the Peeresses.

The peeresses' chairs are of the Chippendale pattern and are ample enough to make the most portly duchess comfortable. All the chairs are engraved with the crown and the date of the coronation. An inscription on each chair is secretly marked, so that forged reduplication would be impossible.

In the great central space known as the theater, where the crowning will actually occur, there has been laid over the dais a famous oriental carpet made in 1540. For the rehearsals an ordinary carpet and two draped armchairs have sufficed. Throughout there is evidence of good taste, and the arrangements have approached such a stage of completion that there is no doubt that everything will be perfectly ready tomorrow week.

Trying the Illuminations.

The city of London has progressed with its coronation preparations sufficiently to illuminate its chief buildings experimentally for two hours this evening. The official order for the coronation day procession has been issued. Nine carriages, containing royal relatives and followed by the carriages of the prince and princess of Wales, will leave Buckingham palace for Westminster abbey at 9:05 in the morning. The king's procession will leave at 10:30 preceded by an escort of the First life guards and four carriages conveying pages, secretaries, maids of honor, and members of the household. Then will come his majesty's personal aids-de-camp, and the headquarters staff, riding abreast, will precede the state coach bearing the king and queen. Then will come a mounted escort, headed by the duke of Connaught and including officers bearing the royal standard.

The program of the second day's procession shows that the American, Dutch, French, and Turkish special ambassadors will together occupy the fourth of thirteen carriages bearing members of the king's household, relations, and foreign delegates. They will precede the lord mayor of London, who will be immediately in front of the state coach.

Negro King at Coronation.

Lewanike, king of Barotseland, Africa, is the only negro ruler who will attend the coronation. He has been in England for some time, and is making active use of the London season. He goes sightseeing in the west end resorts daily attired in an immaculate silk hat, frock coat, and patent leather shoes. He dined this evening at the private residence of Mr. and Mrs. Talbot, who are relations of the earl of Shrewsbury. Their guests included the archbishop of Armagh, the earl and countess of Seafield, and the earl of Carysfort.

RISKS LIFE TO DISPROVE KOCH.

Paris Doctor Inoculates Himself with Tuberculosis from a Cow to Test a Theory.

PARIS, June 18.—Dr. Garnault of this city has inoculated himself with tuberculosis from a cow in order to prove that the disease cannot be communicated to a human being from cattle. He is a vigorous opponent of the Koch theory.

The doctor does not expect results for two or three weeks. The disease may then manifest itself in the form of a local affection and thence spread to the lungs. Out of ten known cases of slaughter men who were accidentally contaminated three have died and the health of the others was shattered.

If the disease declares itself Dr. Garnault will be treated by Dr. Theodore Smith of Boston, Mass., who has been exposed to the dangers of the contagion of bovine tuberculosis. Dr. Garnault said:

"The veins were avoided in inoculating, in order to obtain the maximum demonstrative effects with the minimum risks. If contagion results Professor Koch's error will be proved. If the result is negative I shall make an intravenous injection in one of my fingers, which I shall amputate if contagion occurs."

The wife of Dr. Garnault was kept in ignorance of the experiment until he had been operated upon. She is now greatly distressed.

MONT PELEE MAY BE ACTIVE.

Loud Detonations from the Island of Martinique Plainly Heard in Danish West Indies.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., June 18.—Detonations, supposedly from Mont Pelee, island of Martinique, were plainly audible here yesterday.

Supplies Sent from New York.

New York, June 18.—The national committee for the relief of the sufferers on the islands of Martinique and St. Vincent has taken over from Maj. David Brainard, U. S. A., the commissary officer in charge here, a large amount of subsistence stores. They have been shipped to Sir Robert Baxter Llewellyn, governor of the Windward islands, with the statement that they are for the sufferers on his island, but that if he finds they are not needed he is at liberty to sell them and place the money in his relief fund.

Rathbone Sails for New York.

HAVANA, June 18.—E. G. Rathbone, convicted director of posts, who was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of over $85,000, and who was released in consequence of the signing on June 9 of the bill granting general amnesty to all Americans in jail or awaiting trial in Cuba, sailed for New York today.

NAVY NOW HAS ANOTHER FEUD.

Captain of Cruiser Chicago Resents Criticism by Crowninshield.

MAY ASK FOR TRANSFER.

Rear Admiral Reviews Trial of Officers Arrested in Venice, Italy.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—[Special.]—Rear Admiral Crowninshield has severely censured Capt. James H. Dayton, commander of the cruiser Chicago and the captain is expected to be asked to be relieved from duty on the European station as a result.

The rear admiral's censure is based on the fact that Capt. Dayton did not properly look after the interests of the officers of his ship, arrested and imprisoned at Venice last April.

It seems that Capt. Dayton himself served on the court of inquiry that recommended the court-martial of the officers in question. Rear Admiral Crowninshield declares that a court-martial would be a farce.

It is not believed that Capt. Dayton will apply for an inquiry to determine whether the criticism of Rear Admiral Crowninshield is deserved. Such a course would be unusual and the navy department would probably deny the application.

Capt. Dayton's attitude in the Venice affair has been commented upon adversely by naval officers in Washington, and the action of Admiral Crowninshield is therefore pleasing to them. Private letters from naval officers on the European station have indicated a belief in the squadron that Capt. Dayton failed to look out for the interests of the men arrested at Venice.

Furthermore, some officers regarded it as improper for him to serve on the court of inquiry after having sent an official report to the navy department indicating his belief that one of the accused men was drunk when the Venice trouble occurred.

Recalls Decatur-Barron Feud.

Circumstances practically similar, it was recalled today, brought about the fatal duel between Commodore Decatur and Capt. Barron at Bladensburg, Md. Decatur was a member of the court of inquiry which recommended that Barron be tried by court-martial on account of the Chesapeake affair, and then served on the court-martial which sentenced Barron to a long term of suspension. Barron believed that Decatur should not have served on both the court of inquiry and the court-martial, and a long correspondence between them on this question led to the duel, in which Decatur lost his life.

Report Made Public in London.

LONDON, June 18.—Rear Admiral Crowninshield declines to court-martial the United States naval officers arrested and imprisoned in jail at Venice, Italy, in April. Instead, he practically exonerates the officers and severely censures Capt. Dayton of the cruiser Chicago for not personally attending to the defense of the officers during their trial in the Italian courts.

The text of the findings of the court-martial was made public here today. Rear Admiral Crowninshield declares that under the circumstances a court-martial would be a farce.

Findings of the Court.

The report to Capt. Dayton's court of inquiry minutely traces the movements of the officers of the Chicago on the day of their arrest, and says Lieut. John S. Doddridge and Surgeon Robert E. Ledbetter were "affected by liquor to a noticeable extent, but were not intoxicated in the ordinary meaning of the term, and there is no evidence that the other parties were affected by drinking."

The disturbance arose when Capt. Robert F. Wynne, commanding the marine guard of the Chicago, seeing Doddridge and Ledbetter sitting outside Florians' café, "gave a hail, unusual in this place, resembling, 'Yi! yi! yi!'" Lieut. Doddridge and Surgeon Ledbetter ran towards Capt. Wynne, upsetting chairs and two small tables. A large crowd and the police immediately surrounded Lieut. Doddridge, who endeavored to explain.

"The crowd," the finding continues, "pressed on, shouting and gesticulating, and were not well controlled by the police. The police seized Lieut. Doddridge and apparently at the same time the crowd attacked him."

All Help Their Colleague.

Capt. Wynne, Surgeon Ledbetter, Naval Cadet James C. Kress, and Langley, a marine, all forcibly endeavored to help Lieut. Doddridge, retaliating for the assistance of the civilians, but not attacking the police.

"At the station," it is added in the findings of the court, "the officers pleaded self-defense against civilians, that no police were knowingly resisted, and that their intention was not to rescue Lieut. Doddridge, but to protect him from violence inflicted by outsiders."

Censure for Capt. Dayton.

In quashing all the recommendations for courts-martial, Admiral Crowninshield says: "After a minute examination it appears that there was not sufficient evidence adduced before the court of inquiry to establish the allegations against Surgeon Ledbetter, Lieut. Doddridge, and Capt. Wynne. The weight of the evidence shows that the two first named were not noticeably affected by liquor. That the matter came to trial, resulting in notoriety detrimental to the reputation of those involved and to the good name of the service, was due at least in part to the omission to observe that custom of the service whereby the commanding officer of a United State naval vessel, in case of the arrest on shore of one of his command, himself either makes immediate and direct representations for his relief or appears in court to aid in seeing that justice is done, or designates an officer to perform these duties."

BATTLESHIP ILLINOIS IN PORT.

United States Warship Arrives in English Waters to Take Part in Coronation Naval Parade.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 18.—The United States battleship Illinois, flagship of Rear Admiral Crowninshield, arrived at Southampton from Naples today. When entering the port it exchanged salutes with H. M. cruiser Apollo of the royal naval reserve, which is stationed at Southampton.

It is expected the Illinois will remain at Southampton until it goes to Portsmouth on June 24 to participate in the review.

The British naval officers called on Admiral Crowninshield today, and the mayor of Southampton will probably pay him an official visit tomorrow.

Admiral Crowninshield came to London this afternoon.

VATICAN SEEKS A COMPROMISE

Cardinals Desire to Comply with American Desire to Get Rid of the Friars in Philippines.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ROME, June 18.—The first conclusions of the cardinals over the American Philippine propositions were submitted to the pope today. The strictest secrecy is maintained, but it may be stated that the cardinals are chiefly concerned about the best move to give way without seeming to do so and without running the risk of being reproached with not sufficiently safeguarding the interests of the religious orders. For instance, they will try to secure an agreement that the removal of the friars be gradual, but it may be stated that if removal be gradual the vatican cannot expect payment for the friars' land immediately, and if demanded won't get it.

CENSURED FOR NOT DEFENDING HIS MEN WHEN IN TROUBLE IN A FOREIGN PORT.

In reviewing the findings of the court of inquiry on the cruiser Chicago, which investigated the case of Lieutenant Wynne and other naval officers who were convicted by an Italian court at Venice of disturbing the peace, Admiral Crowninshield partly blames the disgrace of the officers on Captain Dayton because he did not personally look after their defense, according to custom, and quashes the recommendations for court martials.

KITCHENER GETS $250,000

BRITISH GENERAL PAID FOR ENDING THE BOER WAR.

House of Commons by a Vote of 227 to 48 Grants the Reward Recommended by the King—Irish Members Oppose the Proposal, Declaring That the Beneficiary Was Guilty of Causing the Death of 10,000 Children in the Concentration Camps.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 18.—The house of commons, by a vote of 227 to 48, has adopted the vote of $250,000 to General Lord Kitchener for his service in south Africa. William Redmond, the nationalist leader, led the opposition to the appropriation. He repeated his charge that General Kitchener was personally responsible for the deaths of 10,000 children in the concentration camps, a statement which previously roused a violent scene in the house. Tonight the conservatives listened to the charge in silence.

Irish Oppose the Grant.

J. G. McNeil, Irish nationalist, and James Keir Hardie, a labor member, also opposed the grant.

The government supporters remained silent, but when the time was deemed opportune, closure was proposed and adopted, thus shutting off further discussion, and the grant was adopted.

King Pleased with Boers.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PRETORIA, June 18.—Lord Kitchener today telegraphed to Gens. Louis Botha, Delarey, and Christian De Wet, expressing to them his high appreciation of the unflagging energy and unfailing tact with which they have facilitated the work of himself and the high commissioner and recognizing how much it is due to them that the burghers have accepted the changed conditions loyally.

He informed them that the king was greatly pleased at the manner in which the burghers had come in, and that the British people were deeply impressed and heartily anxious to welcome them as fellow citizens. In conclusion Lord Kitchener said:

"I am confident that a new era of complete reconciliation between all races has dawned in south Africa."

PALMA SAYS CUBA IS PEACEFUL.

President of New Republic Refutes William J. Bryan's Prediction of Civil War in the Island.

New York, June 18.—[Special.]—President Palma, in a cable message to Collier's Weekly, says:

"I understand that William Jennings Bryan has made statements in Collier's Weekly indicating his belief that there is not only dissension among the political parties here in Cuba but that a certain faction evinces a revolutionary spirit which is bound to lead to civil war in our new republic. If Mr. Bryan really thought he heard the distant roll of revolutionary drums and a whispered call to arms in this island when he was here, then the people of Cuba, all of us, have cotton in our ears.

"I have received no notices of disturbances or of anything except utmost harmony among all elements.

"Certainly, however, our economical situation is extremely bad. I am aware of a great, crying demand throughout the island among the poorer people for work. At the same time I have every evidence of the people's patience under great suffering and am conscious of their confidence in the future and of their determination to assist my administration through this exceedingly difficult period.

"I believe the Americans will give us the relief necessary to our prosperity. I thank you for this opportunity to say that I do not believe Cuba will ever have civil war. Our people simply want peace and work enough to obtain means to live.

"ESTRADA PALMA."

IRISH LEADER SENT TO JAIL.

Patrick McHugh Sentenced to Three Months' Imprisonment for Contempt of Court.

LONDON, June 18. — Patrick McHugh, member of parliament, was today sentenced to three months' imprisonment for contempt of court.

During the progress of a trial under the crimes act at Sligo McHugh rose in court and asked to be supplied with the names of the magistrates on the bench.

The presiding judge, replying, said that such questions were only intended to obstruct the proceedings, whereupon McHugh called the chairman "a d——d liar." He was immediately called upon to apologize, but refused, and was thereupon sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

FIRE ON NEW ATLANTIC LINER.

Steamship Eclipse Loses Its Stores and Departure from England to America Is Postponed.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

GREENOCK, June 18.—A fire occurred aboard the new Atlantic liner Eclipse today. The vessel's stores were destroyed and its departure for New York will be postponed.

MALVAR TELLS HIS PLOTS

FORMER INSURGENT GENERAL TESTIFIES AT MANILA.

Tells Board Examining Into Col. Gardiner's Charges That Rebels in Tayabas Province Were Unit Until Gen. Bell Appeared — Foiled Americans at Elections—Four School Teachers Are Lost—Samar Government Changes Hands.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, June 18.—Gen. Malvar, formerly an insurgent leader, appeared today before the board which is examining into the charges of cruelty, etc., made by Col. Gardiner against certain of his fellow-officers and American troops.

Gen. Malvar painted a magnificent word picture of the insurgent organization in the province of Tayabas. By similar testimony it would be possible to prove that Aguinaldo commanded the largest, greatest, and most patriotic army the world has ever seen.

Gen. Malvar testified that the total forces in the province comprised every able-bodied man in Tayabas, 1,500 of whom were armed with rifles. All of them belonged to the revolutionary forces, except a few ladrones. This was during 1901, when the military and civil officials reported that Tayabas was suffering only from small attacks of ladrones.

Planned to Prolong War.

Gen. Malvar, who commanded this force, ordered one general movement yearly and ambuscades at long intervals, when the Americans would be thrice outnumbered. His reason for this was that he wished to prolong the war, which had been an easy thing to do until Gen. Bell began his policy of reconcentration.

According to the witness all the towns of the province favored revolution, and sent supplies to the insurgents. They started supplies, then notified the Americans in order to deceive them. They foiled the Americans at the elections, which was a general order in all the provinces. If there had been one true Americanista in each town the Tayabas insurrection would not have existed.

Much testimony was given contradicting the charges made by Col. Gardiner.

Four American Teachers Lost.

The constabulary is searching for four American teachers who went picnicking on the island of Cebu seven days ago and have since been missing. It is feared they have been either killed or captured by Ladrones.

Must Conquer Sultan Baciod.

Col. Baldwin, commanding an American force in the island of Mindanao, has communicated with the Sultan Baciod, indicating that it is the intention of the Americans not to interfere with the religion, number of wives, or property of the natives, and has received the following reply:

"Datto Tanandanan and Sultan Baciod to the cavalry general (meaning Gen. Chaffee) and colonel:

"We ask you to retire from Malabang because you are not wanted in Lanao. You must follow our religion and customs or otherwise be responsible for all the dattos making war."

Col. Baldwin says Baciod must be conquered before peace is possible.

Civil Rule Begins in Samar.

The organization of civil government on the island of Samar today was witnessed by a large crowd of people. Gen. F. D. Grant turned the administration of the island over to Luke E. Wright, acting civil governor of the archipelago.

REBELS GET VENEZUELAN PORT

Insurgents Capture La Vela de Coro After a Fight in Which 27 Federals Are Killed.

WILLEMSTAD, Island of Curacos, Friday, June 13.—[Delayed.]—News reached here today of an important success of the Venezuelan revolutionists. After five hours' fighting on Wednesday, June 11, 1,000 revolutionists captured La Vela de Coro, a seaport. Of the government forces 27 men were killed and 128 were captured. Coro, the capital of the state of Falcon, is besieged by the revolutionists.

La Guayra Not Bombarded.

COLON, Colombia, June 18.—The French steamer Labrador has arrived here from La Guayra, Venezuela. Passengers on the Labrador declare emphatically that La Guayra has not been bombarded. The government forts of La Guayra, however, shelled a village called Maiquetia, two miles from La Guayra. One woman was killed. Three Venezuelan gunboats are now blockading the Orinoco river; they are cutting off the supplies of the insurgents who hold Ciudad Bolivar, on the Orinoco, and their operations hinder the navigation of the river.

Lord Salisbury Has a Chill.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 18.—Lord Salisbury is suffering from the effects of a chill.

Notes from Foreign Lands.

BOMBAY.—The meteorological department predicts a deficiency of rain almost everywhere in the Bombay presidency, and warns the government to prepare for a severe famine.

LONDON.—The Saxonia arrived at Queenstown today. An American passenger named Charles Johnson died on June 13 from congestion of the lungs and was buried at sea.

LONDON.—Jean de Reszke will not take part in the gala opera at Covent Garden in honor of King Edward's coronation, and it is probable that he will not sing in London again on any occasion.

TELLS THE ISLAND NEEDS.

FELIPE BUENCAMINO, FILIPINO LEADER, ARRIVES IN CHICAGO.

Man Who Was Aguinaldo's Secretary of State Says His People Are Desirous That the United States Should Retain Possession of the Islands, but Hope That Their Status Will Be Determined Soon—Sees Great Prospects for Trade.

Don Felipe Buencamino, who was secretary of state in Aguinaldo's cabinet, will make Chicago the principal stopping place in his tour of commercial investigation in the United States. He arrived from St. Louis last night and will remain here until he hears from Canton, where he hopes to call on Mrs. McKinley if her health will permit the visit.

Don Felipe has come to learn about the political and commercial prospects of the Philippines, and has already visited Washington, Charleston, Atlanta, and St. Louis. He is strongly in favor of the continuance of American rule in the archipelago, and his first question was regarding the sentiment in Illinois as to the retention of the islands.

"My objects in coming to this country are many," said he yesterday. "I want to explain to the people of the United States the situation in the Philippines at the present time; to ask for amnesty for former rebels; for further educational facilities for the people, such as an appropriation permitting the education of young Filipinos in this country; to secure 6,000 more American teachers in the islands at higher salaries than they are at present receiving, and to collect data to hold an exposition in Manila in honor of the Philippine hero, Dr. Rizal. It was for this latter purpose that I visited the Charleston exposition, and thence went to St. Louis in order to study the preparations which were being made for the fair to be held there in 1904.

Hopes to Promote Trade.

"Another purpose of my visit is to further the development of commercial relations between the archipelago and the United States. The Philippines spend $12,500,000 annually in the purchase of manufactures from European markets. I believe that those imports can come from the United States instead of from Europe.

"I look for the investment of American capital in the islands; for the development of the 50,000,000 acres of public land, which is the property of the government of the United States at the present time, and which is entirely uncultivated, but which contains many mineral deposits and valuable stone and timber. I am sure that the hemp, tobacco, rice, and copra industries can be highly developed with the introduction of modern agricultural machinery, and in many parts of the archipelago sugar is capable of the same development.

"There are 1,200 municipalities without modern buildings and 8,000 to 10,000 schoolhouses to be built on modern principles. Tools and building hardware will all have to come from the United States. School supplies and stationery for school and mercantile purposes will have to come from the United States.

"The war has destroyed everything. With the recuperation of the country under a civil administration there will be a demand for clothing and shoes, furniture, and tableware. I myself have come here to purchase clothes and furnishings for my house. The recuperation of the people from the effects of the war has already begun, although it has met with great difficulties.

"The trade of the islands is in the hands of great European houses, which are naturally opposed to the development of trade with America. It largely is to interest American capital and to obtain information for our exporters that I am traveling through this country.

Says Peace Is Complete.

"The American people should understand clearly that peace is completely restored. All that remains are a few robber bands, which easily can be disposed of by the native constabulary, and they probably will be dispersed or exterminated within six months.

"The government which is now being established in the archipelago is well adapted to the needs and education of the population. The Cooper bill, which will soon be discussed in the house, provides for an upper chamber to be provided by the president and a lower chamber to be elected by property and educational suffrage. I think that the establishment of a lower house at once will be beneficial, but I would like to have this lower house composed of Americans, and not Filipinos—we want to be called Americans, and not Filipinos. At the present time the Filipino has no international status whatever. For example, in a court of law a Japanese, or a Chinese, or an Englishman is asked by the judge what his nationality is, and he can testify the country of which he is a citizen, while the Filipino, when asked the same question, has to remain silent because he does not know.

"There are only about 100 Filipinos who still believe that ultimate independence is their destiny. Malvar and Lucban have acknowledged American sovereignty, and these two men were among the most powerful insurgents. They are sincere. The majority desires the establishment of a government similar to that of the territories, with ultimate incorporation as states. Others, however, would be satisfied with an autonomic government like that of Canada.

Army Abuses Exaggerated.

"In regard to the reports of atrocities committed by American soldiers in the islands, there have been some abuses, but the authorities have seen that the perpetrators received the punishment they deserved. It is not fair to condemn the whole army for the abuses of a few soldiers.

"As an evidence of the prosperity and satisfaction of the Philippine people, I want to call attention to the fact that 200,000 children attend the schools established by the commission. Eight hundred municipalities, representing a population of 5,000,000 Christians, are established in civil government. We have 800 provincial treasuries and one insular treasury, all of which show a surplus."

WALLER CAUTIOUS IN TALKING.

Soldier Stops Over in Chicago, but Has Little to Say of the Court-Martial.

Major Lyttleton Waller stopped over in Chicago yesterday morning long enough to declare that he didn't care to talk.

"I've been court-martialed once, and may have more trouble ahead; isn't that enough?" he asked.

Only one statement of any importance did he make. That was:

"I will say this much about the killing of those Samar natives. I was not ordered by Gen. Smith to have them killed, for the authority to do as I did was vested in me. It was not necessary for my superior officer to dictate in a case of that kind."

BIG STRIKE ON UNION PACIFIC.

Boilermakers Quit Work and Car Builders and Machinists May Join Them.

Omaha, Neb., June 18.—[Special.]—At 10 o'clock this morning every boilermaker in the employ of the Union Pacific railway walked out. The strike is the result of an order issued by the boilermakers' union upon failure of Union Pacific officials to grant demands of the men for higher wages. The tieup of the molders in Chicago, which stops all work on Union Pacific patterns, adds gravity to the situation. The car builders and machinists of the road are expected to quit work, and a general tieup of the shops is looked for.

SHYLOCK SCENE BY STUDENTS.

Pupils of Emerson School Will Present Part of "The Merchant of Venice."

The court scene from "The Merchant of Venice" will be given at the graduating exercises at the Emerson grammar school of Berwyn, at the Berwyn Methodist Episcopal church this evening. In the cast will be Henry Lindgren, Charles Kittleman, William Corson, William Jonathan, Robert Brushingham, Gordon Harraden, Helen Ludwig, and Birdie Johnson. A scene from "The School for Scandal" will be given by Ella Smiley Hubbard and David Bergstrom.

ALL MINERS MAY BE ORDERED OUT.

Mitchell Calls Convention to Consider General Strike of 363,433 Men.

CONTRACTS NOT TO COUNT.

Soft Coal Diggers Must Decide Whether They Will Aid Anthracite Workers.

FACTS ABOUT PROPOSED STRIKE.

Total number union miners	363,433
Total number unorganized miners	77,336
Total daily wage	$ 704,000
Total yearly wage (220 days)	161,920,000
Coal mined annually (in tons)	375,457,113
Value of coal mined	$ 900,500,000
Investments in mines	$ 2,557,500,000

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 18.—[Special.]—Unable to make further progress in the anthracite strike, President Mitchell this morning issued the call for a national convention of unionized coal miners, which is to consider the advisability of ordering a national strike. If this is successful it will involve over 360,000 men, who now produce about 215,000,000 tons of coal each year. If the united mine workers can control its organization all the coal mining, east, south, and north of Tennessee inclusive, except in the central Pennsylvania district, will be stopped and a suspension of work such as the world has never seen will ensue.

Call Issued by Wilson.

The call issued officially by Secretary-Treasurer W. B. Wilson "to the local unions of the United Mine Workers of America," under date of Indianapolis, the national headquarters, is as follows:

Districts Nos. 1, 7, 9, 17, and 24 have requested the national president to call a special convention, and you are hereby notified that a special convention of the United Mine Workers of America will be held in Indianapolis, Ind., commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., on Thursday, July 17, 1902, for the purpose of considering a proposition for a general suspension of work by the coal miners of the United States in support of the anthracite mine workers who are now on strike.

Mitchell Sets Convention Date.

These five districts are the three anthracite districts, the West Virginia, and the Michigan, and the calls have been in the possession of President Mitchell for some time. This afternoon, after a discussion on the long distance telephone with Secretary-Treasurer Wilson at Indianapolis, President Mitchell announced the date of the convention.

Secretary-Treasurer Wilson will have notices printed and sent to each local throughout the country, bearing a copy of the call and orders to elect delegates. Each 100 mine workers in good standing are entitled to a vote, and one delegate can represent as many as five votes, but not more.

Strikers' Vote Is Large.

The organized miners are, according to the union figures, entitled to 3,573 votes, with some fifty added from the states which are not organized thoroughly, but which have small locals. These figures are, however not exact, as no miner can vote for a delegate unless he is in good standing, and only about 70 per cent have their dues paid to within the last three months. Then the whole organization is claimed in Virginia and West Virginia, where only about half the miners are organized.

The outlook is that the convention will have, according to President Mitchell, about 1,400 delegates present, and they will represent—although he does not say this—about 2,500 votes. Of this number the regions now on strike, the Pennsylvania anthracite, West Virginia, and Michigan, will represent about two-fifths. The others will come from the soft coal regions of Pennsylvania, Illinois, Ohio, Alabama, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, and Missouri, where President Mitchell claims the organization is complete. The anthracite men expect to get from these states enough votes to pass the strike resolution, a majority, and not a two-thirds vote being required. According to the best figures now obtainable, the districts now on strike will have to gain over 250 votes to carry their object.

Contracts Have Little Weight.

That the contracts now existing in all the organized states with the operators will have no weight in preventing a strike if the majority vote for it, is certain. In none of these contracts is there the direct clause agreeing to work from the end of one year until the end of the other. There is nothing but the moral agreement, after signing the year's contract, to work the year.

President Mitchell has said in reference to this contract question, and his remarks have been reiterated by Secretary-Treasurer Wilson, that a national convention by a vote of the majority has the absolute power to abrogate any and all agreements made, and a vote for a strike will be considered as suspending all agreements to work until the strike is over.

Mitchell Forced to Act.

That Mitchell was forced to call the convention either by stress of conditions of the present strike or by the pressure brought upon him by the minor officials of the union is evident, and the fact that he allows a month for what could be done in two weeks is evidence that he is still hopeful of intervention before the time expires.

When the miners struck they prevented any coal being mined because no attempt was made to mine any. Then they called out the engineers, firemen, and pumpmen and threatened destruction to the operators' property, but the operators are now managing the pumping without them, and finally this week came the order to all the other workers to quit. The strike, which from the moment the operators had been able to keep their mines clear was going backward, has reached the point of extreme depression. It was the moment to do something. All day yesterday and last night the three district presidents and their aids were with Mitchell. This morning came the national convention call, and cheer once more is visible on the faces of the strikers. There is confidence among them in the ability to gain a national strike, but men who have returned from the soft coal region say there is no overwhelming sentiment in favor of it there and that the strike resolution probably will be beaten in convention.

Soft Coal Men Aid Strikers.

Clearfield, Pa., June 18.—The subdistrict presidents of district No. 2, United mine workers, today issued an order which will reduce the output of bituminous coal in this region one-third. The order restricts the working days to four each week. All miners are requested to suspend work on Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week at all operations where no coke ovens are worked. The order will go into effect on June 23. The purpose of the order is to restrict the output and prevent the operators filling orders for bituminous coal to replace anthracite coal.

WANTS BOARDS TO ARBITRATE

A. L. McDermott Introduces Bill Providing for Federal Investigation Into Labor Disputes.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—Representative McDermott of New Jersey has introduced a bill for the appointment of federal boards of investigation and arbitration to deal with labor disputes. The measure is said to be prompted by the continuance of the coal strike. It empowers the president to appoint a board whenever he deems it expedient to investigate matters in dispute between employers and employes engaged in any business affecting interstate commerce. The board is to consist of seven members.

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AMAS GO TO
NES WABASH AV. & MONROE ST

YE FASHION CORNER

Fancy red coats with gold buttons and black and green velvet collars are nice for the golf girl.

The modern cuit of the cat and dog has led to a new departure in France. At a cotillion recently given by a wealthy and aristocratic woman all the prizes were either kittens or puppies.

A smart madras shirt waist has the sides of the box cut in deep scallops. Instead of the usual straight edge. Three of these scallops are on the left front and two on the right. When the waist is fastened the point of one scallop fits into the hollow of the other.

A miniature of herself is the latest present for a bride to give a bridegroom, and the bridegroom sometimes has his portrait taken in the same way as a wedding gift. The frame is sometimes made of a row of pearls suspended from a true lover knot in brilliants.

One of the prettiest of the recent diamond necklaces has the smallest diamonds made into little shamrocks to form festoon chains, between clusters of the same stones. The upper row of diamonds passes through small crowns lightly outlined in outline, and the clasp is a shamrock.

A gown of yellow and white silk muli is most attractive. The skirt is shirred in three rows below the hips and finished around the bottom with a deep ruffle of Irish lace. The sleeves reach to the elbow and are finished in a large puff. The yoke is of Irish lace, and the girdle and collar of soft yellow silk.

Stitched tucks trim both skirt and bodice of a gray foulard silk with small white dots. The tucks, which reach nearly to the waist on the skirt, run to the shoulders in the bodice, have the appearance of folds, for they have a piping of white at the lower edge, though they are not folds at all, but tucks sewed down.

NAVY SURGEONS WATCH HOBSON.

Aim Is to See That Lectures for Money Do Not Injure His Eyes.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE GIVEN.

Officer, Who Has Tried Vainly to Be Retired, Not to Be Allowed to Work Hard.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE }
Washington, D. C., June 18.

Capt. Richmond P. Hobson, the hero of the Merrimac, has placed himself in an awkward position at the navy department, and he is now practically under surveillance by the office of the surgeon general. Capt. Hobson applied for a leave of absence for an indefinite length of time. This was refused because the naval construction bureau is run on a short allowance of officers and the building of the new navy has required the services of every available man.

Navy Department to Take Care of Hobson's Eyes.

Since the war with Spain the record appears to show that Mr. Hobson has had more and longer leaves of absence than any officer in the construction corps, and for the last eighteen months, except for a brief tour of duty at Elizabethport, N. J., his work has been confined to serving as one of the representatives of the navy department at the expositions at Buffalo and Charleston. His duties in both places were almost wholly seminal, and he had frequent opportunities, which he always availed himself of, to deliver public lectures for a compensation.

Capt. Hobson applied for retirement on the ground that he was physically incapacitated for work. A board of officers declined to retire him, and it was hinted at the time that he expected to receive his three quarters pay for ill health and then go about the country on a lecturing tour. Later an application was made in congress for the passage of a bill retiring Capt. Hobson in spite of the adverse action of the naval board. This was finally turned down by the naval committee, and thereupon Capt. Hobson made application for a long leave of absence. He alleged that his eyes had given out.

The application immediately followed his assignment to duty at Elizabethport, and it was disapproved by Rear Admiral Bowles, chief constructor of the navy. Secretary Moody, however, has decided to give Capt. Hobson the benefit of the doubt so far as the leave of absence is concerned. This approval of Capt. Hobson's application for leave is, however, coupled with a singular condition. It is a matter of notoriety in the department that the hero of the Merrimac and of the kissing episodes has engagements to lecture for the next three months, which of course he could not fill if he were assigned to duty at Elizabethport. In granting the leave of absence the secretary of the navy has ordered the surgeon general to make an examination for the purpose of finding out whether Capt. Hobson's eyes, which are too weak to do service in the navy, will not be injured by the glare of the lights and other work in connection with the preparation and delivery of lectures.

As a matter of fact, Capt. Hobson has been under surveillance by the medical officers of the navy, with the understanding that if they find lecturing is as bad for the eyes as constructing ships in the navy yard his leave is to be revoked at once. The whole transaction has created a vast amount of talk in the department, as it is not considered good form for officers of the navy to shirk routine work for the purpose of attending to private business.

A consultation in regard to the proposed extensive changes in the interior of the White house was held today between president and Senators Allison, Hale, Cockrell, and Representatives Cannon, Heminway, and McRae of the conference committee on the urgent deficiency bill. The bill contains a clause appropriating a large sum of money for reconstructing the interior of the White house and for the erection of a temporary building for the transaction of the president's official business.

Work on Repairs at White House Is Commenced.

It was agreed at the conference this morning that the sum of $860,000 for the purpose should be included in the bill. The part of this amount to be expended for the temporary building is not to be specified in the bill, but will be from $60,000 to $100,000. The rest will be used for reconstructing and redecorating the interior of the mansion.

The work of dismantling the White house has already been begun. Everything has been removed from the east room, the largest apartment in the house, including the massive mirrors, crystal chandeliers, and the historic portraits of Washington, Lincoln, Jefferson, and Martha Washington. As soon as the president leaves for the summer the state parlors and the private part of the White house will be dismantled and the reconstruction will be executed as rapidly as possible under the direction of New York architects.

Col. Thomas Ward, assistant adjutant general to Lieut. Gen. N. A. Miles, will in all probability be nominated in a few days to be a brigadier general. This action will be in recognition of the work of Col. Ward during the civil and Spanish wars and of his service at army headquarters. Though Gen. Miles is in disfavor with the president and Secretary Root, Col. Ward is not.

Promotion for Col. Ward, Gen. Miles' Assisant.

The colonel has filled the difficult position he occupies with tact and discretion, being loyal to his immediate commander, but at the same time watchful of the interests of the president and the secretary of war. The advancement of Col. Ward will, therefore, not be an overture on the part of the administration to reestablish friendly relations with the commanding general.

Col. Ward was senior to Maj. Gen. MacArthur and Brig. Gen. Carter before the war with Spain, but at the outbreak of the war he was asked to remain on duty at the department, and he took charge of the important work of organizing the recruiting service, doing so well as to receive the highest commendation from Gen. R. A. Alger, then secretary of war, and Adjt. Gen. Corbin, who placed the enlistment branch of the army directly in Col. Ward's hands.

Besides the volunteer army of the Spanish war, Col. Ward also organized the volunteer regiments which were sent to the Philippines. When he had completed this work he was assigned to duty at army headquarters as adjutant general to Lieut. Gen. Miles, and the latter has been highly gratified with the work his subordinate has done. Col. Ward has a magnificent civil war record, having been brevetted for gallantry in action.

Announcement was made at the war department today that Brig. Gen. Jacob H. Smith, tried for his conduct in connection with his command in Samar, will immediately be ordered to proceed to San Francisco. Gen. Smith will be placed in command of the military department of the Texas. The determination of the department effectually dispels any doubt that may have existed as to the action of the court which tried Gen. Smith. He has been acquitted of blame, and, so far as the court is concerned, there will be no further proceedings against him.

Gen. Smith Is Vindicated by Appointment.

It now remains for the president to review the case, and it was said today by an official in a position to know that the president is carefully considering the character of action he shall take. The president is expected to make public his views upon Gen. Smith's conduct in the course of ten days. Whatever they may be, it will be impossible for him to impose any punishment upon Gen. Smith. He may disapprove of the findings of the court and strongly condemn Gen. Smith's work in Samar, but he cannot suspend that officer or otherwise punish him, save in the way of criticism.

As a special honor to Capt. Clark, who took the battleship Oregon around Cape Horn and fought that ship so well during the battle off Santiago, the senate this afternoon by unanimous consent confirmed his nomination as a rear admiral. Under the rules of the senate no nomination is confirmed on the same day it is reported from the committee except by unimous consent, and in many instances days or weeks elapse between the two events.

Capt. Clark of Oregon Fame Made a Rear Admiral.

Two executive sessions were held today in order to confirm Capt. Clark's nomination. One was to report the nomination of this gallant officer, and later another session was held at which the nomination was confirmed.

Capt. Francis E. Cook, who was in command of the Brooklyn, Schley's flagship, during the engagement off the Cuban coast, will soon be made a rear admiral. He is now at the head of the list of captains, and Rear Admiral Wise, who has just been given that title, will retire in a short time so as to make way for Capt. Cook.

The senate committee on naval affairs today formally reported a resolution giving Rear Admiral Schley the full pay of a rear admiral on the active list. The committee agreed to this action yesterday. It is believed the bill will become a law, as all reference to the unfortunate controversy growing out of the question of command at Santiago has been eliminated.

Miss Mary Rita Fealy, daughter of Dennis F. Fealy, was married to Lieut. Mack Kenny Cunningham, U. S. A., at St. Matthew's church this evening. One hundred candles burned on the altar. The ushers were Capt. Daniel Carr, signal corps; Lieut. Henry Parker of the Second cavalry, and Lieut. William D. Connor, corps of engineers. Father Thomas S. Lee read the ceremony, Lieut. Gilbert Smith of the Second cavalry acted as best man. Miss Agnes Fealy, sister to the bride, was maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Jean Stone of Harrisburg, Pa., daughter of Gov. and Mrs. Stone, Miss Loughran and Miss Murphy of Washington. Among the guests to attend were Gen. and Mrs. Miles, Gov. and Mrs. Stone of Pennsylvania, Representative and Mrs. Hepburn of Iowa, Capt. and Mrs. Hepburn of St. Paul, the latter a sister to the bride, and a large contingent from army circles.

Wedding of Army Officer Draws Big Crowd.

In the general deficiency bill, which was passed by the house today, there is an item providing for the repayment of the old civil war claims of various western states, the details of which have already been given in THE TRIBUNE. The items in this heavy appropriation to repay the states for the money they advanced to the general government in equipping the troops for the civil war are as follows: Illinois, $1,008,129; Indiana, $635,859; Iowa, $456,417; Michigan, $382,167; and Ohio, $458,559.

Deficiency Bill Provides for State Claims.

TICKET NAMED IN NEBRASKA.

Republicans Nominate John H. Mickey of Osceola for Governor on the Fourteenth Ballot.

For governor .....John H. Mickey of Osceola
For lieutenant governor .....E. G. McGilton of Omaha
For secretary of state .....George W Marsh, Falls City
For treasurer .....Peter Mortensen, Ord
For auditor .....Charles Weston, Rushville
For attorney general.....F. N. Prout, Beatrice
For commissioner of public lands and buildings .....G. D. Follmer, Nelson

Lincoln, Neb., June 18.—[Special.]—The above ticket was nominated by the republicans in their state convention today, which began in the morning and lasted until after midnight. The gubernatorial candidate was not nominated until the fourteenth ballot, there being seven candidates at the start, with about equal strength.

The platform adopted congratulated the people on the prosperity under the present republican administration, advantageous to capital and labor alike. The Philadelphia platform of 1900 was affirmed. The assassination of the late President McKinley was deplored, and the administration of his successor was commended, especially his message regarding reciprocity with Cuba.

His stand against the trusts was also commended, as was his favoring of the national irrigation law. It was declared that the American soldier needs no apology, and that the criticism on the army is unjust. The remainder of the platform was devoted to state issues.

YATES CONFERS ON OFFICES.

Meets Friends Interested in Jacksonville Asylum and Boys' Home Appointments.

Gov. Yates held two conferences at the Auditorium annex yesterday. The subject of the first was a successor to Supt. Joseph Robbins of the hospital for the insane at Jacksonville, and of the second the appointment of the first board of trustees for the rural home and school for boys at St. Charles. No conclusion was reached at either meeting and the governor left later for De Kalb.

Trustees W. L. Fay and Henry Miner and Supt. Robbins met the governor in the evening, and it is understood that several candidates for the superintendency were discussed. Dr. H. B. Carriel, superintendent of the asylum at Bartonville, is prominently mentioned for the place which Mr. Robbins will vacate on July 1.

For trustees for the rural home for boys the governor in the afternoon was urged to appoint men who are "workers." The tentative list made out at the recent meeting in the office of John W. Gates is still in the governor's hands.

TENNESSEE TICKET IS NAMED.

Republicans Nominate H. T. Campbell of Carter for Governor and Select Other Candidates.

Nashville, Tenn., June 18.—The state republican convention, in session here today, nominated the following ticket:

Governor—H. T. Campbell of Carter.
Railroad commissioner—J. J. Elliott of Shelby.
Supreme court—T. A. Wright of Poane, J. S. Parks of Bradley, T. C. Coldwell of Bedford, B. W. Starnes of Lawrence, C. H. Trimble of Shelby.
Court of chancery appeals—George T. McCall of Carroll, George S. Ramsey of Coffee, Xenophon C. Hicks of Clinton.

SUGAR MEN ARE DEFIANT

SENATORS REFUSE TO SUPPORT CUBAN MEASURE.

Republican Caucus, After a Night Session, Postpones Further Action Until Friday — Followers of Elkins and Burrows State Explicitly That They Will Not Vote for the Spooner Substitute—Base Refusal on Plea That Tariff Must Not Be Touched.

(Continued from first page.)

that the administration forces were exhausted and were ready to give up the fight, and the conspirators suggested a sine die adjournment. They were mistaken, however, as the administration senators were not ready to give up the fight, and the beet sugar senators seeing they did not have enough votes to carry their point decided not to make the motion.

A sine die adjournment would have meant the defeat of the proposition and the administration senators then rallied their forces and decided to adjourn until Friday afternoon, when the fight will be fought to a finish.

Tonight's conference does not change the situation so far as the fate of the bill is concerned. It has been the general belief here for some days that it is dead and that the only solution of the problem confronting the president and his loyal supporters is to negotiate a reciprocity treaty with Cuba. This belief has grown stronger since nineteen senators tonight announced to their party associates that they intend to desert the president and the party organization on the Cuban question.

Elkins a Presidential Aspirant.

It has been frequently stated that Senator Elkins was opposing reciprocity with Cuba simply and solely with the purpose of discrediting and defeating President Roosevelt. This is undoubtedly true, but the funny thing about it is the fact that Senator Elkins actually considers himself a presidential possibility.

According to the census reports the state of West Virginia has not a single beet sugar factory and does not give employment to a single man in the manufacture of beet sugar, thus exposing the personal quality of the fight against the president.

Elkins' Signed Statement.

Senator Elkins added an interesting and humorous feature to the Cuban reciprocity controversy today by furnishing to the newspaper reporters a typewritten statement, which, if printed in full, would fill a column and a half, giving his views on all phases of the question. The following is a literal extract from the senator's announcement, the modesty of which has caused much amusement in the senate:

"Under the leadership of Senator Elkins the long fought battle over Cuban reciprocity has come to an end and in his favor. The Cuban reciprocity senators gave up the fight today, and it will be decided tonight in caucus that no action is to be taken upon the Cuban committee's bill prepared by Senator Spooner. From the beginning Senator Elkins has been consistent in his opposition to the bill," etc.

The fifteen republican senators who responded to the trumpet note of Burrows and Elkins were Clapp and Nelson of Minnesota, Perkins and Bard of California, Stewart and Jones of Nevada, Dietrich and Millard of Nebraska, Kittredge and Gamble of South Dakota, Scott of West Virginia, Mitchell of Oregon, Foster of Washington, and Burton of Kansas. Mr. Burton pledged the loyalty of Mr. Mason of Illinois and Mr. Mitchell of Oregon performed a like office for his colleague, Mr. Simon. Senator Wellington spoke for himself.

Spooner Bill Is Dead.

Opinions of senators on both sides of the question differ as to what action, if any, will be taken by Friday's caucus. The Spooner bill is generally regarded as dead, and a determined effort will now be made by the majority senators to harmonize the republicans in the senate to support a resolution authorizing the president to negotiate a reciprocity treaty with Cuba and submit it for ratification at a special session of the senate to be called to meet either next month or in November immediately after the fall elections.

Some of the republican leaders, notably Mr. Platt, the chairman of the Cuban committee, are in favor of bringing the Spooner bill into the Senate and fighting the controversy out on the floor if it shall be found impossible to effect a unanimous agreement in caucus and it is not impossible that this may be done.

DEBT OVER 'HONEYMOON HOME'

Holder of Mortgage Seeks to Foreclose on Grace Snell Coffin's Country Place.

"Honeymoon home," the country place of Mrs. Grace Snell Coffin, which is situated on Grass lake, near Kenosha, may be sold under the hammer. Notice has been filed in court to show that F. W. Anstey has brought suit against Mrs. Coffin to foreclose a mortgage on the property. The mortgage secures a note of $5,000, given by Mrs. Coffin to Anstey less than a year ago. "Honeymoon home" was built by Mrs. Coffin just after she was married to Coffin the first time. Each of her four honeymoons was spent there.

HAS DR. SHEPPARD ARRESTED.

Evanston Man Says University Trustee Will Not Tie Up His Savage Dog.

Dr. R. D. Sheppard of 225 Greenwood boulevard, Evanston, the business manager of Northwestern university and one of its trustees, was arrested yesterday for keeping a savage dog. The warrant was sworn out by C. B. Howell, who charged that Dr. Sheppard refused to keep him dog tied up. He also says that the dog bit his father-in-law on last Decoration day. Dr. Sheppard was notified and paid the costs.

INSANE MAN IN WHITE HOUSE.

Resident of Newark, N. J., Seeking Vengeance on Imaginary Mesmerist, Arrested in President's Mansion.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—J. C. McAllister of Newark, N. J., called at the White house this afternoon and subsequently was arrested and held for examination as to his mental condition. He was armed with a revolver, which he said he wanted to use on a mesmerist whom he said was ready to kill him. He is 26 years old. A year ago McAllister was overcome by heat and sustained a partial stroke of paralysis.

TESTIFY ON IMMIGRATION LAW.

Senate Committee Continues Hearing on Pending Measure—Witnesses Urge Guarding Canadian Lines.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—[Special.]—Witnesses testifying before the senate committee on the pending immigration law today declared steamship companies are sending diseased immigrants into the United States through Canada and urged inspection along the Canadian line.

A telegram from New York, dated June 18, reads: "Lord Pauncefote, the ambassador of the British government to the United States, was quite heavily insured in the Mutual life insurance company of New York, and the claim was, of course, immediately paid upon his death. He was not insured in any other American company, but held policies issued by the best known English institutions."

SENATE TO VOTE ON CANAL TODAY.

Debate on Question Occupies Entire Session of the Upper House.

SPOONER URGES HIS PLAN

Hanna Talks for Panama Route and Pettus for Nicaraguan Waterway.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—[Special.]—Voting on the amendments to the pending Nicaragua canal bill will begin in the senate tomorrow at 2 p. m., and interest in the question increases. It is believed the matter will be settled within a short time after the first vote is taken.

The senate devoted practically its entire session to consideration of the canal. Extended speeches were delivered by Mr. Spooner of Wisconsin and Mr. Hanna of Ohio in advocacy of the adoption of the Panama route, and Mr. Pettus of Alabama advocated the selection of the Nicaragua route, Mr. Teller of Colorado announced his support of the Panama project, while Mr. Jones of Arkansas indicated his leanings toward the same route.

Spooner Urges Panama Route.

Mr. Spooner, in referring to the action of the commission in recommending the Panama route, declared that the commission dealt with the subject the second time in view of the fundamental change of conditions—the lowering of the price of the Panama property from $109,000,000 to $40,000,000.

"That was not the only change," suggested Mr. Morgan.

"Yes, it was the only change," replied Mr. Spooner. "The Panama property was still the same property and the Panama route was still the same route."

Mr. Spooner suggested that a matter of infinite consequence, to his mind, was the difference in the length of the two routes—one forty-nine miles and the other 183 miles long. The shorter canal—the Panama—he thought was the better. He contended that the Panama canal could be operated much more cheaply than the Nicaragua canal, and that sailing ships not only would not be barred, but could pass through the canal with a tug in one day.

Teller for Shorter Canal.

Mr. Teller maintained that practically there was no authority for the building of a canal by either the Nicaraguan or the Panama routes. If the Nicaraguan route should be determined on the United States would have to negotiate with Nicaragua and Costa Rica, and if the Panama route should be adopted our task with Colombia would be easier. He believed the advantages of the Panama route were more considerable than the isthmian commission had reported. He believed the Panama route was the best proposed and that the Nicaraguan route was inferior. He believed that it would cost more than $200,000,000 to build a canal by either route. He was not particularly in favor of any canal, but he suggested that no great proportion of the shipping of the world, if both canals were constructed, would pass through the Nicaraguan—the longer—canal. He announced he would vote for the Spooner amendment.

Hanna Closes His Argument.

Mr. Hanna maintained that both the Panama and Nicaragua routes were perfectly feasible and practicable, but said the preponderance of the evidence in hand was in favor of Panama. Mr. Hanna expressed the belief that sailing vessels would not use any canal that might be constructed on account of the heavy price of towing, but said if a strong vessel did use a canal it would prefer the Panama canal because it was so much shorter than the Nicaragua route.

Mr. Hanna stated what he knew personally of the attitude of the late President McKinley. Mr. McKinley had favored an isthmian canal, probably by the Nicaragua route, because at that time no other route was thought practicable.

Brings In Darien Route.

Mr. Hanna mentioned the Darien or San Blas route.

"If you want a sea level canal," interjected Mr. Scott, "a canal that can be built for one-third of the money any other route will cost, you must take the Darien canal."

Mr. Scott made a brief argument in support of that route, along the lines of the resolution he offered several weeks ago. Mr. Elkins agreed with him.

Rich Men Oppose Any Canal.

Mr. Pettus declared the American people wanted and would have an isthmian canal built, owned, and controlled by the United States. He said there were many men in the United States "who control vast sums of money who are opposed to any canal, because it would decrease their incomes."

POLITICAL SPEECHES IN HOUSE.

Richardson and Shallenberger Seize Opportunity to Condemn Republicans and Cannon Answers Them.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—The approach of the end of the present session of congress was signalized by a general political speech by Mr. Richardson of Tennessee, the leader of the minority. Taking advantage of the latitude allowed during general debate on the deficiency appropriation bill, he delivered a set speech of an hour and a half. He arraigned the republican party as failing to keep its platform promises, dwelling especially on the question of trusts and the necessity for tariff reduction.

Mr. Shallenberger [Dem., Neb.] also made a political speech, condemning the administration for removing Miss Taylor, a clerk in the war department, for criticising its Philippines policy and for justifying Gen. Wood's expenditures for the promotion of reciprocity legislation.

Mr. Cannon, in a brief reply, said he was ready to go to the country on the record of the republican party. He described the republican party as pulling the wagon, while the democrats stood off and found fault. Mr. Bartlett offered an amendment to the deficiency bill to reimburse the Cuban revenues for the salary allowed by Secretary Root to Gov. Gen. Wood out of the island revenue.

The general deficiency appropriation bill, the last of the supply bills, was passed.

NOMINATIONS BY PRESIDENT.

Recommendations for Promotions in Army and Revenue Cutter Service Sent to Senate.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Joseph W. Jones, pension agent at Columbus, O.
Army—Ordnance department, promotions; Lieut. Col. John R. McGaffeys, colonel; Maj. John E. Greer, lieutenant colonel; Capt. Frank Baker, major; First Lieut. Clarence C. Williams, captain.
Revenue cutter service—Third Lieut. J. F. Hotel, second lieutenant.
To be third lieutenants—Edward S. Addison, Maryland; Leon C. Covell, New York; Cecil M. Gabbett Jr., Georgia; Philip W. Lauriat, Massachusetts; Hiram R. Searles, Wisconsin; William H. Shea, New York; William A. Whittier, Maine.

President Signs Irrigation Bill.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—The president today notified the senate he had approved the Hansborough-Newlands irrigation bill.

Congressional Nominations.

State.	District.	Name.	Party.
Pennsylvania..	7.....	Thomas S. Butler....	Rep.
Kentucky.....	9.....	James N. Kahoe....	Dem.
Indiana.....	8.....	J. E. Trusedale	Dem.
Vermont.....	1.....	David J. Foster.....	Rep.
Vermont.....	1.....	Philip W. Lauriat..	Rep.
Georgia.....	10.....	T. W. Hardwick....	Dem.

Cedar Lake.

Commencing Sunday, June 22, the fifty-cent excursion tickets to Cedar Lake on the Monon Route will be good only on special train leaving Chicago 9 a. m. and Cedar Lake 7 p. m.

The largest selling brands of Cigars in the world!

One Band from "FLORODORA" Cigars or Two Bands from "CUBANOLA," "CREMO" "GEO. W. CHILDS" or "JACKSON SQUARE" Cigars are of same value as one Tag from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "SPEAR HEAD," "STANDARD NAVY" or "J. T." Tobacco.

Our main-sale right now is outing and traveling wearables.

Clothes-comfort largely assures summer-comfort. Ideal traveling suits, $12 to $33.

Comfortable homespuns, "bankers'" overplaids, stylish stripes; also those steady favorites, the blue and black serges and cheviots.

Our outing suits are "ship-shape from clew to earing." (The boom has struck 'em.) $15 to $25.

It's the hold-their-shape habit that makes all our clothes so popular. Good tailoring to blame for this. Their good service comes from all-wool, fast-colored fabrics and superior trimmings.

Imported Panama straw hats, $5 to $12.
Coarse braid straws, sailors, etc., $1.50 up.

F. M. ATWOOD,
THE ROGERS, PEET & CO. CLOTHING
"ATWOOD BLDG."
Cor. Clark and Madison Sts.
We fill orders by mail.

Why Don't you use The SWAN FOUNTAIN PEN

You Can Always "Bank" On It

Every Swan Fountain Pen is guaranteed to work perfectly and we leave the test to you. Get one—use it at the office. Put it in your pocket—use it on the street, at the bank—anywhere—anytime. If it does not come up to your expectations, come back and get your money.

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96 State St., Stewart Bldg., Chicago.

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ELECTRO SILVER SOAP
SILICON
try it once and the story is told.
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The Bradbury Pianos
"ONE OF THE OLDEST —AND BEST."
248 WABASH-AV.

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Do you want to understand its workings?

"SELF-PROPELLED VEHICLES," the new book by J. E. Homans, A. M., tells the whole story. It explains in simple, non-technical language, the mechanism and management of every type of automobile. 640 pages; 500 illustrations; Complete diagrams; Ready reference index; a great trouble-saver. Write for booklet showing sample pages, free on request.
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Our new booklet is worth $10.00 to an intending diamond or jewelry purchaser. It's FREE. 100 points to guide you in diamond buying. Sent on approval express paid. Pay money back if you're not satisfied or our charge accounts suit. Write today.
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SULPHOGEN RELIEVES ALL STOMACH AND BOWEL TROUBLES
If you have Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart or Eruptions of the Skin ask your druggist for Sulphogen or send us $1.00 for 12 oz. bottle, sent prepaid, guaranteed to relieve or money refunded. Descriptive book free.
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THE NORTH WESTERN LINE
C & N W R Y
$25.00 COLORADO AND RETURN.
Tickets sold June 22 to 25 inclusive.
Other days all summer the very low rate of $31.50 is made that everyone can enjoy the glories of the Rocky Mountains whether the vacation purse is big or little. Travel in luxury too. All low-rate tickets are good on
The Colorado Special.
The best of everything.
Leaves Chicago 6:30 P. M.
Arrives Omaha 7:00 A. M.
Arrives Denver 7:50 next evening.
Only one night on the road.
The booklet "Colorado Illustrated" tells more, free at
Ticket Offices: 212 & 193 Clark-st.
Telephone Central 721.

CHICAGO, UNION PACIFIC & NORTH-WESTERN LINE.
UNION PACIFIC THE OVERLAND ROUTE WORLD'S PICTORIAL LINE

Locomobile $650
A thorough trial (free) will convince you of its superiority to other automobiles.
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Call at our new building,
1254 Michigan-av.

PUSHMAN BROS.
THE EXCLUSIVE ORIENTAL RUG STORE
26 Adams-st. Just east of Wabash-av.
MILLINERY—MAISON NOUVELLE, 86-88 Wabash-av., Chicago. Outing and Golf Hats, $2.00 up. Chicago Agency for the celebrated "Tarpan." Exclusive styles in Panamas and Alaskan's Outing Hats. Catalogue free.

YE CORNER FOR YE COOK

To make potato soufle, add to two cupfuls smooth and well seasoned potatoes yolks two eggs; stir over fire until eggs are heated through; when cool beat in lightly whites of eggs beaten stiff; turn into pudding dish and brown in hot oven.

For cornmeal mush, rub cupful cornmeal in little cold water; add pint boiling water, stir until boiling; cook slowly half an hour, and eat hot or cold with milk, butter, sugar, or sirup; when cold it may be cut into slices and browned on both sides.

There is none who does not like asparagus tips. Cut the asparagus into pieces two inches long; as far down as tender; put into boiling salted water and cook until tender; pour off the water, add this cream sauce; use the tough ends of the asparagus for soup.

Quaking pudding may be made by adding to cupful of grated bread flour well beaten eggs and tablespoon rice flour; stir this into quart milk; add teaspoonful salt and grated rind of half lemon, turn mixture into buttered bowl, and steam two and one-half hours; serve with wine or fruit sauce.

Fowl pilau: Warm one cupful of cold cooked fowl; to one cupful of water add one cupful of strained tomatoes, one small onion, minced small; season with salt, pepper, and one teaspoonful of curry powder; when this is boiling, add one-half cupful of well washed rice and cook until the rice is tender, about twenty minutes; then add the fowl and one tablespoon of butter; when boiling turn out on a platter and garnish with toast points.

Simple sponge cake is made by beating the yolks of three eggs and adding one and a half cups of granulated sugar, one tablespoonful of lemon juice, half a cup of water, and two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder mixed with two cupfuls of pastry flour; then add the whites of the eggs beaten stiff; line long, shallow pans with paper and fill with the mixture, or bake in jelly cake tins for cream cake or Washington pie.

ELEVATOR FALLS; SHOPPERS HURT.

Fifteen Women Are Injured in a Big New York Department Store.

LIFT DROPS FIVE FLOORS.

Ex-Mayor Van Wyck Saves Life of a Little Girl Who Is Under Horse's Hoofs.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE.
New York, June 18.

An elevator accident, causing painful injuries to at least fifteen persons, occurred at the department store of R. H. Macy & Co., Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets and Sixth avenue, at 2:15 o'clock this afternoon. The elevator was on the Thirteenth street side of the building. It was in charge of a colored man, John Harrigan. When the break occurred the elevator, crowded with women shoppers, was at the restaurant, or fifth floor. It fell five stories to the basement.

Shoppers Injured in Fall of an Elevator.

The doors of the elevator were forced open and the wounded taken out as tenderly as possible. Others were removed from the top, the upper portion of the machine being but a few inches from the first floor. The passengers were piled one on top of another. Many had broken legs, cuts, and bruises, or sprained ankles, and all were injured in some way.

As the injured were removed they were taken two by two to the ambulances and conveyed to the hospitals. The cause of the accident is unknown. The officials of Macy & Co. say that the elevator is regularly inspected.

At the annual meeting of the North American company today the four retiring directors, C. W. Wetmore, George R. Sheldon, Edmund C. Converse, and Charles F. Pfister, were reelected to serve for three years.

Former Mayor Van Wyck figured as a hero this evening by rushing into the street and snatching a little girl from death under a horse's hoofs. The affair happened on Broadway, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets. Estelle Hawley, 13 years old, with two companions, was riding on Broadway on a bicycle. When in the middle of a block Estelle crossed the Broadway car tracks in order to turn into a cross street. She had just crossed the rails when a horse and wagon driven by Jacob Frank came down the street at a fast pace. The driver saw the girl and tried to stop, but could not.

Former Mayor Van Wyck Saves Life of Girl.

Frank gave a jerk to the lines, which made the animal rear almost directly over the child. At that moment Mr. Van Wyck passed along.

The former mayor jumped for the street, as he saw the girl flung headlong, and, reaching down as he ran, grasped her by the waist and with a single movement lifted her clear of the horse's hoofs.

Charles T. Barney of this city obtained a preliminary injunction today restraining further construction of the rapid transit tunnel on Park avenue, between Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets. This is the section of the tunnel in which so many accidents have occurred.

Surrogate Fitzgerald today, after an attorney for Albert T. Patrick had closed the evidence on his behalf in regard to the alleged will of William Marsh Rice, said to have been executed in September, 1900, announced that he would refuse to admit the will to probate. The ground given by the surrogate was that the proof as to the will's due execution, and that it was the last will of Rice, was insufficient. The surrogate then proceeded to take evidence as to the 1896 will.

Rice Will in Patrick's Favor Is Thrown Out.

One of the musical matinee idols last winter was Fritz Kreisler, the violinist. Today invitations for Herr Kreisler's wedding were received by his friends in this city. He is to be married early in July to Mlle. de Cavin of Moscow. The wedding will be in Moscow.

Mayor Low announced today that beginning with the second Thursday in July it is his intention to give a weekly talk to the reporters. His plan is to discuss for the benefit of the public through the newspapers the workings of the different departments. He proposes to take up each department in turn and to reply to all inquiries put to him concerning that particular department. Should the public appreciate this departure of the Mayor in taking it into his confidence he will hold two conferences weekly, one on Mondays for the morning newspapers and another on Thursday for the evening papers.

Mayor Low Is to Meet Reporters Weekly.

Mark J. Speyers of Atlanta, Ga., is dead at the New York hospital, apparently from morphine poisoning. A young woman, known under several names and who is said to have been employed at the Charleston exposition, and who later became a traveling saleswoman for an Atlanta, Ga., mineral water company, was found weeping over the unconscious man when he was discovered lying on a sidewalk in Twenty-third street. She accompanied him to the hospital and remained at his side until he died.

Mystery in Death by Poisoning of Georgia Man.

The woman, who gave her name at the hospital as Mrs. Sarris, told the physicians here that her husband was subject to heart disease, but a coroner's physician who performed an autopsy could find no trace of any organic trouble. He said death had been due to opium or morphine, but there was no evidence that he had been addicted to the use of the drug.

Speyers had a wife in Charleston, to whom he was married less than a year ago.

Lillian Solomon, daughter of Lillian Russell, who has just been graduated from the

BRIDE OF NOTED INDIANA AUTHOR.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 18.—[Special.]—The marriage of Miss Laurel Louise Fletcher, daughter of Stoughton J. Fletcher, and Booth Tarkington took place today at 12:30 o'clock at the Fletcher homestead. Only the members of the two families were present.

Mr. Tarkington and Miss Fletcher came down the stairs unattended and entered the room, where the Rev. Louis Brown, rector of St. Paul's church, pronounced the marriage service of the Episcopal church.

The wedding gown was beautiful in its simplicity. It was fashioned in empress design, with fagoted seams and no trimming. The veil of tulle was held by a diamond crescent, the wedding gift of Mr. Tarkington, and the bouquet was a large cluster of orchids. After the congratulations there was a buffet breakfast.

Mr. and Mrs. Tarkington left for the east this afternoon.

institute of the Holy Angels, Fort Lee, N. J., is going to Paris. There she will take a post-graduate course under the care of her aunt.

A formal inquiry into the deaths of Clarence Foster and Sarah Lawrence, whose bodies were washed ashore in Tiana bay last week, was begun today. The body of young Foster was exhumed and an autopsy was performed by Dr. J. H. Benjamin. The autopsy revealed nothing new; in fact, Dr. Benjamin found less evidence of foul play than was apparent last week, when the body was taken out of the water, as decomposition had removed all trace of the abrasion over the man's right eye.

Disbrow Ready to Face Charge of Homicide.

Nothing new was revealed by the examination, and District Attorney Smith announced afterward that he did not think he would be justified under the circumstances in issuing a warrant for Louis Disbrow.

Rowland Mills of Northport, a lawyer, went to Good Ground today as representative of Disbrow. He said:

"From the first Disbrow has acted under my advice, and he is acting under it now. He will appear the moment charges are made by the district attorney, as he is willing and anxious to meet a charge of homicide, if any one will make it. I will just say that he is absolutely innocent of any wrong doing."

Dr. J. Mount Bleyer of 640 Lexington avenue, who for years has been experimenting with X-rays, announced today that he has discovered that the so-called X-ray burns are really infections. During the bombardment, he says, particles of dirt and germs in the atmosphere are carried by the strong light into the skin. He also announces that he had demonstrated the fact that by the aplication of a coating of paraffine or the use of a paraffine shield the full force of the rays can be turned on for any length of time without infection or injury to the patient.

X-Rays Held to Carry Infection Into the Skin.

The police of Brooklyn are looking for an Italian who has been threatening to murder Miss Agnes Hart, daughter of Charles Hart, a wealthy contractor, living at 118 Prospect park, west, unless $5,000 be paid to him. Miss Hart, who is about 21 years of age, was accosted near her home a week ago by a man, evidently an Italian, who handed her a soiled card. As her father employs a number of Italians, she thought that the card was meant for him. It bore the name, "A. Hart."

Girl's Life Is Threatened Unless $5,000 Is Paid.

The following day Miss Hart received a letter which said:

"Do not leave Brooklyn. This is a warning." No signature was attached.

That afternoon Miss Hart's father received at his office the following letter: "Put $5,000 under the stoop of your office within a week; if not, the heart will be shot out of your daughter—the one I spoke to on Wednesday."

Both letters and the card were turned over to the police.

Former President Cleveland, as before announced, will speak at the opening of the new Tilden club tomorrow night. Ex-Senator David B. Hill, Gov. A. J. Montague of Virginia, and Col. W. A. Gaston of Boston will be other speakers. Robert K. Dowling, president of the club, will preside. William J. Bryan was invited to attend the opening, but he was not requested to speak. He has paid no attention to the invitation. His attack on former President Cleveland soon after the invitation reached him has been looked upon as his answer.

Bryan Continues to Ignore New Tilden Club.

Somewhat to the surprise of the trade, Arbuckle Bros. lowered their price for refined sugars 5 points on all grades this morning. B. H. Howell, Son & Co., representing the National sugar refining company, at once met the cut as far as hard sugars were concerned, but did not change their prices for the soft grades. No change was made by the American sugar refining company in its list prices, but it was intimated by brokers that the company had accepted orders at the reduced rate.

Unexpected Cut Is Made in Price of Sugar.

The cut makes the market 4.65 cents a pound for granulated. Though the open cuts in prices were unexpected, it was said in some trade quarters that they were the direct result of sharp competition of late between the refiners.

William H. Kimball, former president of the Seventh national bank; Gamaliel Rose, who was paying teller of the bank; and Frank B. Poor of the firm of Marquand & Co., who are under indictment for conspiracy to violate the national banking laws, were arraigned before Judge Thomas in the United State district court today and pleaded not guilty. They will not be placed on trial until the fall term of the court.

Former Officials of Seventh National Plead Not Guilty.

Heyman Divorce Hearing Ends.

Evidence in the divorce case of Mrs. Rebecca Heyman against Samuel Heyman, was concluded yesterday, after which Judge Haney conferred with the litigants. It was announced that the court probably would grant a decree to Mrs. Heyman, and that some arrangements would be made outside of court as to the division of the property.

PATERSON IN MOB'S HANDS

DOZEN PERSONS SHOT AND TWO WILL DIE.

Rioting Strikers Led by Violent Italian, Supported by Anarchists, Wreck Silk Mills, Drive Women from the Looms, Overpower Police, and Control City—Mayor Fears Call for Troops Will Bring More Violent Outbreak.

(Continued from first page.)

Pelgram & Myers' mill, where the employés were compelled to come out.

Flushed with success, the mob pushed across the Main street bridge to the New Jersey silk company's establishment, where the employés were driven out. At Levy's mill at River and Bridge streets the manager met the mob at the door and assured the leaders that the employés were preparing to leave. When the mill was emptied the strikers went on. They passed through River street to the Laurel, the Empire, and the Augusta mills, where only Patrolmen Fields and Titus were on guard and were powerless against the mob.

The managers of the three mills had determined to empty their mills, and two of them did so, but the Augusta mill was still full, although shut down. The mob found this out and burst in. They found themselves face to face with the women of the mill, led by Mrs. Parker, determined to stand their ground. The women were thrust aside and driven out of the mill amid foul abuse.

Policeman Stops Mob with Bullets.

The Hall mill, which shelters four silk working firms, was the next point of attack. A single policeman guarded the main entrance. He was ordered to stand aside, and on refusing, he was attacked. He drew his revolver and began to fire. Lora Salvino, an Italian, 24 years old, who lives and works in Hackensack, received the first bullet, which penetrated both lungs.

The mob drew back and the policeman regained his post in the doorway. Several shots were fired at him, but none took effect. He replied, firing directly into the crowd until his weapon was emptied, when five more uniformed men and one in plain clothes came on a run through Fulton street.

The mob kept on firing and the officers charged, firing when the strikers broke and ran. Fully one hundred shots were fired. Salvino was left behind, and was taken to the hospital. One hundred and fifty hats were picked up in the street afterwards, which were lost in the wild scramble to get away. There is no doubt that several of the rioters were hurt.

At this time Mayor Hinchcliffe called on the firemen for aid and men were detailed from each company, and armed and during the afternoon rendered efficient service.

The shooting scattered the rioters, but it was not long before a dense mob had formed again, this time about the Gaede mill, on North Straight street, where there was a crowd of 2,000. Half of them were rioters and the rest onlookers. The mill was bombarded and before the mob stopped there was not a whole window in the building.

Shot While Photographing Mob.

Harry Harris, a reporter, was at this point. He was armed with a revolver and had a camera with which he attempted to take pictures, standing on a stoop a short distance down the street. His act of training the camera was seen and he was warned to desist. A moment later a rain of stones fell about him and he was knocked down. As he fell men rushed on him and he was kicked and beaten.

He drew his revolver and tried to use it, but it jammed and was kicked from his hand. A man grabbed it and fired at Harris, the bullet entering his chest. He has a slight chance of recovery.

By this time the mill was emptied of the operatives and this practically ended the rioting for the day, after all of the mills had closed down.

During the day from time to time wounded were carried to the hospitals. Besides those whose names can be given it is certain many more were hurt.

Anarchists Threaten Police.

This afternoon the anarchists, who seemed to be in command, were openly threatening that a policeman's life would pay for each wounded rioter.

The police tonight are tired, sore, and angry, and they say that a resumption of the rioting in the morning will find them prepared to shoot to kill. The mill owners say they will resume work in the morning, and will hold the city and county responsible for all resulting damage.

KANSAS CITY LOSES BIG SUIT.

Supreme Court of the State Decides a Park Worth $150,000 Belongs to Private Parties.

Kansas City, Mo., June 18.—[Special.]—The long drawn out Shelley park litigation was decided by the supreme court this morning against the city and in favor of the heirs of the old town proprietofs. The land, which is the present public playground, opposite the courthouse, consists of a block of ground, bounded by Missouri avenue, Locust street, Oak street, and Independence avenue. It is worth now about $150,000.

GOWN SHOW ON DERBY DAY

MARVELOUS COSTUMES WILL BE SEEN AT SATURDAY'S RACE.

Dresses Second in Importance Only to the Winning Horse, and the Modiste's Art Is Being Taxed to the Limit — Stunning Effects in Irish Point Lace and Crepe — Green, White, and the Shades of Blue the Popular Colors.

A horse will win the Derby next Saturday, but the gowns will be a close second—to the women spectators, at least. A marvelous show of dresses is expected, for Derby day was made for clothes no less than for horses.

There is no end to the display in the shop windows. Saddles and whips tied with Derby ribbons are shown alongside the handsomest gowns and hats and all the paraphernalia of the Derby day enthusiast.

Green has all at once supplanted black and white as the season's color, and big white hats are seen trimmed with long green plumes, or the hats are made of tulle and covered with green leaves. A gown of green is trying to most complexions, but evidently from the number of green costumes seen in the dressmaking shops a goodly number of Chicago women evidently will venture to wear it. One gown of foulard has the skirt made in a series of ruffles, each edged with tiny tucks. The waist is tucked with a shallow yoke of lace and a touch of black velvet in the lace stock.

Irish Point Lace Gowns Lead.

But the preëminently fashionable gown will be of Irish point lace. There is a fad for this lace, and it is seen in all the trimming, and every woman who can afford it is adding a gown of this type to her wardrobe. A young north side matron who will wear her Irish point gown first on Derby day will wear with it a large white tulle picture hat, trimmed with long black and white plumes.

After the sheer white dresses there are more of foulard than any other material, because it makes the most graceful as well as the coolest of summer gowns. There are more black and white than of any other color; then come the green and the different shades of blue, and gray combined with white and a touch of black is another favorite.

Novelty in Dress Trimming.

One blue crêpe gown has novel features in the trimming. The close upper part of the skirt is finished in long, shallow points, which are piped with silk and laid over a full flounce of plaited material. The end of the points run through a ring which is cut out of pasteboard and has silk the color of the gown loosely puffed over it. Long straps of the goods, edged with the silk, run to the hem of the skirt from each ring. A band of three rows of rings, with straps running through, goes around the skirt above the points, so that the skirt is nearly covered with trimming. The straps and rings also ornament the bodice, a jabot of lace with rhinestone buttons being the only other trimming.

One white net gown is tucked over black velvet ribbon, the latter narrow at the top of the skirt and widening toward the foot. The bodice has the same longitudinal effect.

An imported gown which will be worn by a south side matron is of fine black silk grenadine embroidered in roses and leaves in natural colors, looking nearly as if they were just plucked and sewed on.

Silk Coats to Be a Feature.

The silk coat plays no less prominent a part than the gowns. Indeed, some of the coats equal the gowns in expense. One made in a Michigan avenue place is of blue silk taffeta elaborately trimmed with cream lace, and will cost its possessor almost as much as the gown she will wear beneath it. The black taffeta coat is most frequently seen, and in the craze for green some of them have fancy stitching in this color. The pongee coats in natural and ecru colors look the coolest on a summer's day and are popular.

Only the French high heel will be seen on the shoes. The low shoe is the favorite, especially that with the rounded toes and big colonial buckle.

The parasol next receives attention. It will match the gown and will be as elaborate as one chooses to have it, or may be of simple taffeta with an insertion or appliqued motif of lace.

As to the minor accessories, such as belts, pins, buttons, etc., they are all new and novel. Horseshoes, whips, riding stocks, harness buckles, and similar designs borrowed from the stables appear in the jewelry.

Boas an Essential Accessory.

The veils are more than ever dainty in finish and color. Without the boa few costumes will be complete. The dainty tulles and chiffons which have been so popular are intertwined with roses made of satin ribbons.

The greatest novelty, and it needs a bright, piquant face above it, is the flower boa. So far it has been seen only rarely at the June weddings. The wearer chooses her favorite flower, and has a boa made entirely of it without the help of either ribbon or chiffon. The small, delicate flowers are especially pretty for this dainty accessory to the Derby day gown.

CRIPPLE SWIMS A RIVER AND SAVES TWO LIVES.

One-Legged Man at Livonia, N. Y., Snatches Children from Under the Wheels of the Erie Flier.

Livonia, N. Y., June 18.—[Special.]—Michael Bronson, better known here as "Peg Leg Mike," because he has a wooden leg, today swam a river, dashed up a railroad grade, and snatched two children from the path of the Erie flier an instant before the train flew by.

The children were the 6-year-old son and 5-year-old daughter of Harvey McIntee, a farmer of South Livonia. When seen by Bronson they were seated in the middle of the tracks playing with the gravel of the roadbed.

Knowing that the Erie flier was almost due to pass through there Bronson started toward the railroad track when he heard the whistle of the train. Discarding his coat he plunged into the river, which is twenty-five yards wide at that point, arriving at the opposite side just in time to rescue the two children from instant death.

KNOCKED FROM CAR: MAY DIE.

J. W. Matthews Is Seriously Injured—Third Accident of the Kind Recently.

Because he stood on the footboard of a West Madison street cable car, J. W. Matthews of 186 Eugenie street now lies in the county hospital suffering from serious injuries. Matthews is a retired merchant, 68 years old. The car was crowded and he was forced to ride on the footboard. As the car passed 409 West Madison street a truck, owned by Sprague, Warner & Co., and driven by A. Greenwood, 271 South Peoria street, backed to the sidewalk. The footboard of the wagon struck Matthews in the head and he was knocked from the car. He sustained a severe contusion of the head, his nose was broken, and his side injured.

A similar accident occurred in West Van Buren street a week ago, when two men were brushed from the footboard of an electric car near Laflin street. One of them died a day later at the county hospital.

Three weeks ago a conductor was brushed from the footboard of an Irving Park boulevard car and killed.

Mrs. Hess Burr in Concert Tonight.

Mrs. Joanna Hess-Burr is to be the pianist at the concert this evening in the First Baptist church of Englewood.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

If you are going hunting, you should provide yourself with Cook's Imperial Extra Dry Champagne.

M'CHESNEY HURT; MAY MAR DERBY.

Hildreth Colt Falls in Harlem Special and His Followers Mourn.

BELLE'S COMMONER WINS.

J. B. Respass' Entry Is Now Regarded as Factor in Big Race.

YESTERDAY'S DERBY DEVELOPMENTS.

McChesney fell in the Derby trial special at Harlem and is a doubtful starter for Saturday.

Jockey Winkfield was so injured he will not be able to ride.

Belle's Commoner won Derby trial and then worked out full route in 2:35 1-5.

Prowl worked same distance in 2:36 4-5, and Lord Quex in 2:40.

Arsenal and Pentecost were shipped from New York and will arrive about noon.

Crusados showed marked dislike for a route, as had been predicted by many critics.

PROBABLE STARTERS.

Betting.	Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.
5 to 1	Arsenal	122	O'Connor.
8 to 1	Belle's Com'oner.	122	Knight.
12 to 1	Crusados	122	Ransom.
11 to 5	Heno	122	Bullman.
10 to 1	Hermis	122	
10 to 1	Lord Quex	126	J. Woods.
10 to 1	Lucien Appleby	122	Birkenruth.
12 to 1	Otis	127	Singleton.
4 to 1	Pentecost	122	Redfern.
12 to 1	Wyeth	122	Lyne.

DOUBTFUL STARTERS.

15 to 1	Abe Frank	125	Coburn.
15 to 1	Aladdin	122	Helgeson.
10 to 1	McChesney	122	
8 to 1	Prowl	122	Davisson.

McChesney, previously regarded as the most promising western colt for the Derby of next Saturday, is now a doubtful starter. Jockey Winkfield, the colored boy who has had the mount on the colt his only two starts this season, will not ride the chestnut son of Macduff even if the latter does start.

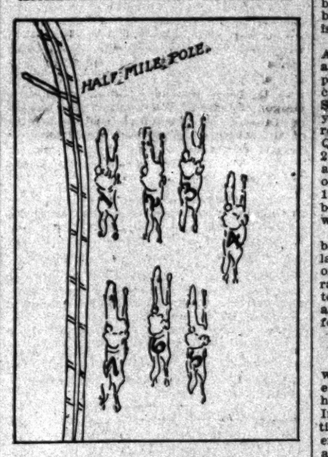
These two announcements come as a result of the Derby Trial special at Harlem yesterday in which McChesney fell shortly before reaching the half mile post at the far turn.

The accident was caused by McChesney becoming tangled with "Lucky" Baldwin's touted Emperor of Norfolk colt, Cruzados, who emphasized the prediction that he is not a sticker by stopping so suddenly that Winkfield on McChesney, who was behind him and between Prowl and Wyeth, had no chance to pull up.

Jockey Badly Hurt; Colt Bruised.

As a result, Winkfield is suffering from a broken collar bone, a dislocated hip, and a broken thigh bone, which will keep him out of the saddle for months. The colt received a nasty cut under the left eye, extending along the cheek, his left nostril was torn, and

McCHESNEY'S ACCIDENT AT HARLEM.



1. GLENWATER.
2. CRUZADOS.
3. BELLE'S COMM'R.
4. LUCIEN APPLEBY.
5. WYETH.
6. McCHESNEY.
7. PROWL.

Diagram showing the position of the horses just before Cruzados stopped suddenly, causing McChesney to fall.

his nose scratched, and a large area of hair was scraped off the rump. McChesney turned an almost complete somersault in his fall and slid along the ground for nearly twenty feet, bruising him up all over the body.

When McChesney arose he limped slightly, but this wore off in the walk to the stable, and the attendants there thought him as sound as a dollar in other respects. He submitted to a needle handled by "Doc" Rowell without a whimper, even when six stitches were taken in the wound under the eye. His starting depends largely upon his condition today. It is almost certain he will be stiff and sore, but an examination may prove that he will be able to face the starter in the big race.

Owner's Disappointment Is Keen.

Owner Hildreth, after a hasty examination and in the disappointment of the moment, said the colt would not be able to start for several months. Turfmen who saw the colt expressed conflicting views, and his condition will be awaited anxiously by those anxious to see him sport the black with white sash against the best the east can offer.

While McChesney's star was in a descending plane a new colt came into prominence by his sensational victory over the mile and one-eighth route of the Derby trial. This was R. Respass' Belle's Commoner, a handsome bay by the The Commoner—Battle Belle. After McChesney's mishap Belle's Commoner went on to victory and had a margin of three lengths over Wyeth at the end, and then went on and worked the full Derby route in 2:35 1-5, the fastest time credited to any Derby candidate on local tracks.

Candidates in Better Condition.

It was Belle's Commoner's second appearance in a race, and the colt showed a marked improvement over his previous form, when he was high in flesh and not up to a bruising race over a route. In that respect he was like McChesney, who, under Hildreth's care, had worked off some of the extra weight, which caused some critics to say that at his previous essay the Maduff colt was several weeks shy in preparation. Yesterday both McChesney and Belle's Commoner showed the leg muscles and looked as if the race and another mild workout would put them in top condition.

What the result would have been had McChesney run to the end is impossible to tell, for McChesney was running easy at the time and was full of go, while Belle's Commoner was far from being extended to his limit at the end. The impression is that Belle's Commoner will be a good representative of the west, although those who boast sectional pride will still hope to see Hildreth's colt able to start.

The Derby trial brought out a field of seven, in which Hildreth's pair, McChesney and Lucien Appleby, were favorites at 7 to 10, with Cruzados second choice around 5s, and Belle's Commoner well played at 7s.

Sad Fall of the Favorite.

Cruzados went out in front at flagfall, closely attended by Glenwater, with Belle's Commoner in good position, and McChesney in the rear division. Winkfield began to move up going down the backstretch, and was close upon the leaders at the time of the accident. Glenwater on the rail, Cruzados in the middle, and Belle's Commoner on the outside were close together as the leading trio, with Prowl on the rail, McChesney next, and Wyeth on the outside of the second bunch, which was right on their heels, while Lucien Appleby was on the outside between the two divisions. When Cruzados quit, suddenly Winkfield could not pull out to either side because of Prowl and Wyeth, and the probable blasting of Hildreth's Derby hopes followed.

When Cruzados and Glenwater passed it up, Respass' colt went on to victory, and the fight for first money was practically over. Wyeth came fast at the end and nipped Lucien Appleby, who had made his bid around the last two turns.

Easy Day for Heno.

While the western candidates were showing their best paces at Harlem, Heno, the favorite, was enjoying a day of comparative rest in his private barn near Washington park as a reward for his fast workout of the day previous. Trainer Hill thinks the colt now on edge and rather than risk overtraining will not set down the son of Henry Young-Quiver for a hard trial today, but will send the leader of the eastern division a mile and a half in 2:40 or slower. Light work will follow on Friday.

Report came from the east last night that Hermis, the Cincinnati colt, was sick and would not start. At Hawthorne last night Hermis was reported to be in fine condition. It was said he would be given his final "prep" this morning. The question of a jockey is still unsettled.

Arsenal and Pentecost on the Way.

Arsenal and Pentecost, who will complete the eastern quartet, left New York yesterday and are expected to arrive at Washington park about noon today. Arsenal will be piloted by Winnie O'Connor, one of the best judges of pace in America, and Redfern is expected to ride Madden's colt.

Of the other colts some uncertainty exists. Abe Frank did not start in the Derby Trial at Harlem and probably will not go to the post on Saturday, although Aladdin may carry Bennett's colors. Otis, winner of the St. Louis Derby, likewise refused the issue yesterday, perhaps because of sore heels resulting from his Mound City race. Lord Quex worked the Derby route at Harlem in 2:38½, being rank the first part of the journey and closing in selling plater time. He reeled off three-eighths in :36, three-quarters in 1:14¾, the mile in 1:42½. He never has been regarded as a good work-horse. Prowl worked in 2:38½.

No announcement has come from the Milam barn regarding Owenton. Turney Bros. said last night Waswift would not start because of lack of work. Glenwater was cut in the race yesterday and a decision will be reached today. Wyeth appeared to like a route, but as yesterday's race was run is markedly inferior to Belle's Commoner.

Governor Gets a Box.

While the horses are receiving their final work and monopolizing most of the talk, elaborate arrangements are being made to handle the big crowd expected on Saturday. In consideration of two complimentary tickets, received and receipted for, the weather man consented to have it rain yesterday and to predict fair weather for today, tomorrow, and Derby day.

Mayor Harrison and Gov. Yates both have reserved private boxes to see the big event.

Members of the city council also accepted an invitation to be guests of the club.

CROWDS COME FOR THE DERBY.

Hotel Corridors Resound with Discussion of the Merits of the Horses.

Large crowds are being attracted to Chicago for the Derby. The hotel clerks say that every train brings additional sightseers for the great Chicago race. The visitors are mostly from Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa, and Ohio. In the corridors of the hotels yesterday could be seen groups of men engaged in discussing the merits of the various horses that will run. All that could be heard was relating to the Derby.

DEATHS.

[For other death notices see page 9.]

SANGDAHL—Elias, wife of L. E. Sangdahl, 3408 Prairie-av., Evanston, aged 40 years. Funeral Saturday, 2 o'clock p. m., from 340 Scott-at., Milwaukee, Wis., to Forest Home cemetery.

The Grape Sugar in Grape-Nuts makes easy digestion for other food.

Food, and good food, is the right kind of foundation to build good health on. A Minnesota woman writes: "I thought I would like to tell you of the good Grape-Nuts has done for me.

"Last winter I got sick and kept getting weaker and weaker. I could not eat anything but some crackers and a little cup of beef tea for every meal, then I was put on Grape-Nuts and used it with some cream for breakfast. My stomach got strong gradually and before I had used three packages my digestion was so good that I could eat any kind of food, even cabbage, pastry, etc., and I notice that my memory is very much better than it used to be.

"On the 5th of July I weighed 102 pounds and two months later, after using Grape-Nuts, I weighed 122 pounds and was able to do my housework.

"This is a good honest statement of facts about Grape-Nuts and you can publish my name if you like." Mrs. E. Fredrickson, Center City, Minn.

Delicious recipes for warm weather deserts in each package of Grape-Nuts.

. . THE . .
Washington Park Club
RACES
BEGIN
DERBY DAY,
Saturday, June 21,
(RAIN OR SHINE).
CONTINUING UNTIL
SATURDAY, JULY 19.
Season and Guest Tickets Now on Sale at Wellington Hotel (Rotunda).
ADMISSION { Derby Day - - $2.00 / All Other Days $1.00
For accommodation of the public and to avoid delay at gates, general admission tickets for DERBY DAY will be on sale Saturday morning, June 21, at THE WELLINGTON HOTEL, A. J. RUBOVITS, Rialto Bldg., and Board of Trade Court, BOARD OF TRADE (ROTUNDA), HOTEL MORRISON and CHAPIN & GORE'S at 8 o'clock.
TRAIN SERVICE.
South Side Elevated Trains connecting with all Elevated Roads via the Loop every 3 minutes.
SOUTH SIDE ELEVATED EXPRESS TRAINS.
Leaving Loop at Congress-st. and stopping only at 22d-st. and 51st-st., arriving at 61st-st. in 20 MINUTES.
CABLE AND ELECTRIC LINES.
State-st. and Cottage Grove-av. Cable Lines, connecting with all South Side cross-town lines, direct to gates. Calumet Electric Street Railway to South Park-av. and 63d-st.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD
EXPRESS AND LOCAL TRAINS
Leaving Randolph Street from 12:45 to 2:40 P. M., inclusive.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
A SHOW FOR YOUR MONEY
GAY, GORGEOUS, GIGANTIC NOVELTY, ENCHANTING, ENTICING EXTRAVAGANZA.
WIZARD OF OZ
$40,000 SUPERB, SPLENDID SPECTACLE
STAGED BY MR. JULIAN MITCHELL.
Summer Prices—Lower Floor, $1 4-$1.50; 1st Balcony, 75c; 2d Balcony, 50c & 25c. Wed. Mat., Half Price.

COLISEUM GARDENS
15th & Wabash-av. Geo. S. Wood, Gen. Mgr.
GRAND PROMENADE CONCERTS
Every Afternoon and Evening—"Cool as Ice."
SPLENDID CUISINE & REFRESHMENT SERVICE
Four Nelsons Comiques—"At the Zoo"—Martin's Dogs, Cats and Monkeys—Bros. Rossi—Montrell—Farrow Bros.
GENERAL ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.
Down Town Ticket Office—Palmer House Corridor. SPECIAL RESERVATIONS FOR DERBY DAY.

Harlem Jockey Club.
Six Races Each Day Beginning at 2:30 p. m. Music by Banks Cregier Orchestra. Admission $1.
Special Illinois Central Trains leave Randolph st. at 12:30, 1:00, 1:15 and 1:40 p.m., stopping at Van Buren, Park Row, Halsted and Ashland railway, first train after fifth race; others after last race.
Lake-st. Elevated leaving Clark and Lake sts., stopping at all loop stations, leaving Randolph st. at 8th-av., 14 minutes later direct to track without stop, at 12:40, 12:54, 1:01, 1:15, 1:25, 1:38 and 2:11. Returning first train after fifth race stops at all stations; other trains after last race, stopping at Ashland-av. and Halsted.
Metropolitan L. leaves La Salle and Van Buren sts. at 1:11, 1:41 and 1:51.
Twelfth-st. electric from Van Buren and State-sts. from 12:45 to 1:30 at short intervals. Cable to 40th-st., connecting with surface electric direct to track.
Fare on specials, round trip, 25 cents.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
ONLY SUMMER THEATER IN CHICAGO.
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Rose Coghlan & Co. | Howe, Wallin & Walters.
Mlle. La Neva. | Smith & Doreto.
Barnes & Willard. | Stella Mayhew.
Marie Carey. | Crawford & Manning.
Goggin & Davis. | Harris & De Loss.
La Pelle & Wheeler. | Lillian May.
Billy Blinker. | 4—Roberts Four—4.
McFarland & Murray. | The Kinodrome.
PRICES—10, 20, AND 30 CENTS.

ILLINOIS—EVERY NIGHT. WED. & SAT. MATS.
THE SENSATIONAL SUCCESS OF THE ABE.
FLORODORA
Most Brilliant, Tuneful and Lavish Production Ever Seen on the American Stage.

DEARBORN
WHAT IS GOOD FOR AN ACHING HEAD?
FIND THE ANSWER IN THE STORKS
A Musical Fantasy.
Every Eve. Mats. Wed. and Sat.
Wed. Mat., 50c & 25c. All Reserved.

DERBY DAY TALLY-HO SEATS.
20-Mile Tally-Ho Drives Through Parks and Boulevards
In 6-in-Hand Columbian Coaches, Daily, 2 p. m., from our office. Order Seats in advance. Phone Har. 3086.
WARD BROS. General Tourist and Steamship Agents, 238 South Clark-st.

MASONIC TEMPLE
Jacques Inaudi | Richard Jose
Hill and Silvaney | The Pony Ballet
Louise Dresser | Wills and Hassan
Martin Bros. | The Tanakas
Next Week—WILLIAM NORRIS.

McVICKER'S—JACOB LITT, Lessee & Mgr.
The Safest Theater in the World—80 Exits.
Last Times. See It Now!
JACOB LITT'S SUPERB PRODUCTION.
THE SUBURBAN

BASEBALL TODAY
Baltimore vs. White Sox.
39th-st. and Wentworth-av.
Game Called 3:30.

HEIDELBERG GARDEN
51st-st. and Grand-blvd.
NOW OPEN.
Concerts Every Evening by KRELL'S ORCHESTRA. Culinary Department Very Fine.

SAM T. JACK'S
Madison-st., near State. Tel. Con. 2102
2 Big Shows Every Day, 2 & 9.
Sensational Burlesque.
Prices, 10c, 20c, 30c, 50c

BISMARCK GARDEN
North Halsted and Grand Sts.
CONCERT EVERY EVENING AND SUNDAY AFTERNOON

STUDEBAKER MICHIGAN BOULEV'D Ad. Auditorium Hotel.
PING PONG
FUNNIEST OF FARCES.
TOMORROW at 8:15 | NO PERFORMANCE TONIGHT.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.
St. Joseph and Benton Harbor. 10 A. M. Special—Sat. 2 P. M. Fare 50c. Paw Paw Lake Trains meet every steamer.
Holland, Grand Rapids, Saugatuck, Sat. 2 P.M. Sunday 10 A. M. Fast Steamer Puritan.
(See classified ad.)
GRAHAM & MORTON LINE.
Dock foot Wabash-av. Phone Cent. 2162.

CHOICE BOX FOR SALE FOR DERBY DAY.
Seats on Six-Horse English Tally-Ho and in Eight-Seated Automobile. At Palmer House Theater Ticket Office.
WILL PURCHASE ANY BOX—(Confidential)

MASON PARK
(Formerly Sunnyside Park)
JOHN E. YOUNG OPERA CO. in
FRA DIAVOLO.
GREAT NORTHERN TONIGHT 25, 50, 75c. 25c MAT. SAT.
Still They Come. Can You Blame Them When It's
WILLIAMS & WALKER
In the Greatest Ever "SONS OF HAM."

TROCADERO State & Van Buren Sts. Tel. Har. 2097.
Mat. Daily. Prices 10, 20, 30, 50. Smoke if you like.
Change of Bill Every Sunday Afternoon.
ORPHEUM EXTRAVAGANZA STOCK COMPANY, Presenting THE CON-CURERS.
Mat. Fields—Howard & Emerson—Chas. Burkhardt

YE ART AND ARTISTS CORNER

The final award of prizes and scholarships for the winter term has been made at the studios of the Art Students' league of New York.

The Boston museum of fine arts has just received a fine collection of objects in amber. Many of the pieces are of great antiquity. The purpose of some of the specimens found in Egyptian and Italian tombs are not known, but it is supposed the small figures were used to represent gods.

The National library of Paris has just held an exhibition of its ivory book bindings, of which it possesses several hundred examples of extraordinary interest, dating from the fou-teenth to the eighth centuries. Some of the covers upon precious missals made for kings of France contain scenes of figures carved with rare skill.

There is now on exhibition in New York an interesting collection of rugs, potteries, brass and silverware of antique Persian, Turkish, and Russian workmanship. The most important piece shown is a large Iran rug or carpet, about 10x20, said to have been made in the district of Merv, Asia, on the borders of Bokhara. According to the agent who obtained the carpet it was in the palace of the Shah's family for 200 years.

At the sale of some of the works of the late Adolf Boecklin, which has just been held in Hamburg, extraordinary prices ruled. His "Sea Idyl" brought $28,000, while his "Summer-Day" "Centaur" and "Poetry" brought $20,000 apiece. The value of this master's work is to be found in the opinion of Count Schack of Munich, who some years ago presented his house and palatings to Prince William.

COLTS WIN GAME AT CINCINNATI.

Selee's Men Beat "Reds" in Good Contest by Score of 2 to 0.

TAYLOR PITCHES WELL.

Chicago Twirler Shuts Out McPhee's Team Without Much Trouble.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	28	19	.596
Philadelphia	24	21	.533
Boston	26	24	.531
St. Louis	23	23	.511
Detroit	23	24	.500
Baltimore	22	26	.458
Washington	22	27	.449
Cleveland	20	30	.400

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburg	35	19	.648
Brooklyn	28	21	.571
Chicago	25	21	.543
Boston	23	23	.500
Philadelphia	21	29	.420
Cincinnati	20	28	.417
St. Louis	19	28	.404
New York	19	29	.396

AMERICAN ASSN.	W.	L.	Pct.
Louisville	32	17	.653
St. Paul	27	19	.587
Indianapolis	27	20	.574
Columbus	28	22	.560
Kansas City	28	22	.560
Milwaukee	23	27	.460
Minneapolis	19	25	.456
Toledo	14	33	.298

WESTERN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Kansas City	33	17	.660
Omaha	31	17	.646
Denver	30	17	.638
St. Joseph	26	23	.531
Milwaukee	19	24	.442
Colo. Springs	20	26	.435
Des Moines	15	32	.319
Peoria	14	32	.304

THREE-EYE LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Rockford	20	15	.667
Terre Haute	26	19	.578
Decatur	18	16	.529
Evansville	24	23	.511

	W.	L.	Pct.
Rock Island	18	20	.474
Cedar Rapids	19	23	.404
Davenport	20	24	.455
Bloomington	19	23	.432

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston, 8; Cleveland, 3.
Detroit, 4; Washington, 1.
St. Louis, 6; Baltimore, 5 [seven innings].

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 2; Cincinnati, 0.
Brooklyn, 5; Philadelphia, 1.
Boston, 9; New York, 4.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Toledo, 7; Columbus, 1.
Indianapolis, 6; Louisville, 1.
Milwaukee, 2; St. Paul, 1.
Kansas City, 6; Minneapolis, 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

Peoria, 1; Kansas City, 0 [thirteen innings].
Des Moines, 13; Denver, 3.
Colorado Springs, 13; Omaha, 7.

THREE-EYE LEAGUE.

Rockford, 5; Evansville, 2.
Davenport, 5; Terre Haute, 1.
Decatur, 7; Cedar Rapids, 2.

Games Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Baltimore at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Boston at Detroit.
Washington at Cleveland.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at Cincinnati.
St. Louis at Pittsburg.
New York at Boston.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.

Cincinnati, O., June 18.—[Special.]—McPhee's Reds went down to defeat before the Colts in a good game at League park today. It was a pitchers' battle, and with a little batting behind him and good support, Phillips might have won. Taylor received faultless support and pitched splendid ball. One of the runs made by Selee's men was clearly the result of a fumbled ball by Hoy. The other run was made on a single and a double.

Cincinnati was handicapped by having three of its players—Beckley, Magoon, and Dobbs—on the hospital list. In only two innings did the Reds get to reach first base. In the other seven innings a bingle put them on first, but the succeeding man could not follow suit, and he got no farther.

Taylor was responsible for the victory. He hit the ball the first two times up, and each time a man scored, the first on his double and the second on Hoy's fumble of his single.

In the entire game not one of the locals reached second base. For a while the Colts did little better. In the third, however, Lowe sent a little one over Corcoran's head. Schaefer went out at first, and when Taylor doubled Lowe crossed the plate.

In the fifth Lowe again started matters with a single. Taylor went to short, and Corcoran in fielding it was thrown off his balance and could not catch the runner. Schaefer forced him at second and Taylor singled. Hoy fumbled the ball several times before finally holding it, and Schaefer scored. In the third, with Dexter on third and Chance on first, a double play was executed, but the Reds could do nothing with Taylor and the game went to the colts.

Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E
Hoy, cf	0	1	4	1	1
Corcoran, ss	0	2	1	4	0
Beck, 2b	0	2	1	4	0
Crawford, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Corcoran, c	0	2	1	0	0
Steinfeldt, 3b	0	0	0	1	0
Theiman, lf	0	0	4	0	1
Bergen, c	0	0	1	0	0
Phillips, p	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	0	7	27	13	2

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E
Slagle, lf	0	1	3	0	0
Tonne, cf	0	1	1	0	0
Dexter, 1b	0	1	9	0	0
Chance, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Barry, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Douglass, 1b	0	12	0	0	0
Dobbs, ss	0	1	0	3	0
Hulswitt, ss	0	0	1	0	0
Hallman, 3b	0	1	1	2	0
White, p	1	0	0	2	0
Totals	1	8	27	12	0

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2

Two-base hit—Taylor. Three-base hit—Chance. Double plays—Lowe-Dexter, Hoy-Beck, Corcoran-Beck-Douglass. Bases on balls—Off Phillips, 1; Taylor, 1. Struck out—By Phillips, 3; by Taylor, 2. Attendance—500. Time—1:30. Umpires—Powers and Brown.

BROOKLYN BEATS PHILLIES.

Hanlon's Team Wins from the Quakers in a Pitchers' Battle—Boston Downs New York.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 18.—It was a pitchers' battle up to the ninth inning today, when Brooklyn bunched five hits off White. Score:

Brooklyn.	R	B	P	A	E
Dolan, cf	0	2	3	0	0
Keeler, rf	0	1	2	0	0
Jennings, 2b	0	1	2	0	0
McCarthy, lb	0	0	11	0	0
Dahlen, ss	0	2	2	4	1
Irwin, 3b	0	1	1	3	0
Farrell, c	0	1	7	1	0
Flood, 2b	0	0	1	2	0
Hughes, p	1	1	1	3	0
Totals	1	8	27	16	3

Phil'phia.	R	B	P	A	E
Thomas, cf	0	1	3	0	0
Browne, lf	0	0	1	0	1
Jennings, 2b	0	0	2	3	0
Barry, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Douglass, 1b	0	12	0	0	0
Dooin, c	0	1	5	0	0
Hulswitt, ss	0	0	1	3	0
Hallman, 3b	0	1	1	2	0
White, p	1	0	0	2	0
Totals	1	8	27	10	1

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Dahlen, Hughes. Sacrifice hits—Farrell, Thomas. Hit by pitched balls—By White, 1; by Hughes, 1. Struck out—By White, 8; by Hughes, 1. Time—1:45. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance—1,768.

Boston, 9; New York, 4.

Boston, Mass., June 18.—Sparks' weakness in the first and sixth innings lost the game today. Eason was steady except in the second inning, when New York made all its runs. A home run by Kittridge in the first inning, bringing in two runs besides his own, was a feature. Score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E
Lush, cf	0	0	1	0	1
Dineen, rf	2	1	1	0	0
Cooley, lf	2	1	2	0	0
Carney, rf	0	0	1	0	1
Green, 3b	1	2	1	2	0
Demont, 2b	3	2	2	4	0
Long, ss	1	1	0	4	1
Kittridge, c	1	1	9	1	0
Eason, p	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	9	9	27	11	3

New York.	R	B	P	A	E
Brodie, cf	0	2	0	0	0
Dricks, rf	0	2	1	0	0
Doyle, 1b	0	0	11	1	0
Lauder, 3b	0	0	2	3	0
Ganzel, lf	0	0	2	0	0
Smith, 2b	1	1	2	3	0
Jones, if	1	1	1	0	0
Warner, c	0	1	5	0	0
Sparks, p	1	1	1	2	0
Totals	4	9	24	10	1

Boston	4	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	9
New York	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4

Two-base hits—Jones, Bowerman, Doyle. Home run—Kittridge. Stolen bases—Smith, Bowerman. Sacrifice hits—Hendricks, Eason. Double play—Bean-Smith-Doyle. Bases on balls—Off Eason, 1; off Sparks, 2. Struck out—By Eason, 4; by Sparks, 1. Time—1:45. Umpire—Cantillon. Attendance—350.

Doyle Out of New York Club.

Boston, Mass., June 18.—[Special.]—There has been another explosion in the New York club. It was announced today that Jack Doyle had played his last game, and that Harry O'Hagen, who has done such good work for Cleveland in the three games here, will join the New Yorks and cover first base tomorrow. Evidently there has been friction between Doyle and the club. Doyle played a good game today and led both teams in batting. Boston and New York will play a double header tomorrow.

Pittsburg Wins Exhibition Game.

Wilmington, Del., June 18.—Pittsburg defeated the Wilmington Athletics in an exhibition game here today by a score of 7 to 3.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 18.—Wheeling, 6; St. Louis, 4.

RAIN ON TRAIL OF WHITE SOX.

Game with Connie Mack's Athletes Postponed—Comiskey Announces a Contest for Derby Day.

President Charles A. Comiskey of the White Stockings is willing to lobby for any law which will prevent Jupiter Pluvius from working overtime. Twice inside of four days the White Stockings have been cheated out of games which looked easy enough to give them a mortgage on first place in the American league race, but rain came at the last moment and forced a postponement of operations.

Both contests were with Connie Mack's athletics, and in their present form it looked as if Comiskey's stars could have taken the entire series, for the Philadelphians are not playing any too well these days. The White Stockings up to date have six postponed games on the home grounds.

Comiskey yesterday announced that there would be a game on Saturday afternoon (Derby day) at the south side grounds. Just after the schedule of the American league was made out last spring Comiskey believed it would be better not to have a game on the same day as the Derby, but since that time he has decided that the game scheduled between the White Stockings and Baltimore will be played.

It is altogether likely and almost certain that within a few days Jack Katoll, the White Stocking pitcher, will be a member of the Philadelphia athletics. Connie Mack is in a bad way for pitchers since the loss of Bernhard and Fraser. The absence of "Rube" Waddell, who has not yet put in an appearance since he signified his intention of joining the athletics, has also greatly handicapped Mack's forces. Connie wants Katoll, and as the big pitcher is not needed by Comiskey he has decided to let him go to Philadelphia.

The White Stockings will open a series of four games with "Muggsy" McGraw's orioles at the south side grounds this afternoon—that is, if rain does not prevent—and "Commy" wants four straight. Callahan probably will pitch for the White Stockings.

ST. LOUIS WINS FROM ORIOLES.

Burkett's Home Run and Good Hitting Defeat Baltimore by a Score of 9 to 6.

St. Louis, Mo., June 18.—Burkett hit the first ball pitched by Shields today for a home run over the right field fence, and the Browns won by pounding out five runs in the first and fourth innings. Sugden was put out of the game by the umpire, and Maloney's finger was split. Score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E
Burkett, lf	3	3	0	0	0
Hemph'l, rf	1	3	0	0	0
Heidrick, cf	2	3	0	0	0
Ander'n, 1b	0	2	9	0	0
Friel, 3b, c	2	3	8	1	0
McC'y, ss, 3b	1	0	2	0	0
Padden, 2b	1	1	3	3	0
Sugden, c	0	0	1	0	0
Powell, p	0	0	0	3	0
Maloney, c	0	0	3	0	0
Wallace, ss	0	1	1	0	0
Totals	9	14	27	8	2

Baltimore.	R	B	P	A	E
Kelley, cf	2	2	1	0	0
Selbach, lf	1	3	2	0	0
Will'ms, 2b	0	1	1	3	0
Seymo'r, rf	0	0	3	0	0
Bresna'n, c	0	0	2	3	0
Clarke, 1b	0	0	9	0	0
Gilbert, ss	2	3	4	4	0
Shields, p	0	0	0	2	0
Howell, p	1	1	1	1	0
Totals	6	14	24	14	2

St. Louis	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	*—9
Baltimore	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	—6

Two-base hits—Friel, Padden, Wallace, Selbach, Gilbert. Three-base hit—Anderson. Home run—Burkett. Double play—Williams-Gilbert-McGann. Stolen bases—Heidrick, Friel, Kelley, Selbach, Seymour, Gilbert. Wild pitches—Powell, Howell. Bases on balls—Off Powell, 3; off Shields, 2. Struck out—By Powell, 8; by Howell, 1. Time—2:20. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance—1,200.

Detroit, 4; Washington, 1.

Detroit, Mich., June 18.—Mullen kept Washington's hits well scattered this afternoon, and a base on balls to Delehanty developed into Washington's only run. Casey's fielding was a feature. Score:

Detroit.	R	B	P	A	E
Barrett, cf	1	1	3	0	0
Holmes, rf	0	0	2	0	0
Elberfeld, ss	0	2	3	3	0
Dillon, 1b	1	2	12	1	0
Casey, 3b	1	2	0	4	0
Barry, lf	0	0	2	0	0
Harley, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Gleason, 2b	0	0	2	3	0
Buelow, c	0	1	7	1	0
Mullen, p	1	0	1	2	0
Totals	4	10	27	15	0

Washing'n	R	B	P	A	E
Ryan, cf	0	1	5	0	0
Delehanty, lf	1	0	2	0	0
Keister, 2b	0	0	4	2	0
Coughlin, ss	0	1	1	3	0
Carey, lb	0	0	8	0	0
Lee, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Clarke, c	0	0	2	4	0
Patten, p	0	0	1	2	0
*Orth	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	1	2	24	12	0

*Batted for Patten in ninth.

Detroit	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	*	—4
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hits—Barrett, Buelow. Three-base hit—Mullen. Sacrifice hit—Casey. Stolen base—Gleason. Bases on balls—Off Mullen, 2; off Patten, 1. Struck out—By Mullen, 2; by Patten, 1. Double play—Coughlin-Keister-Carey. Wild pitches—Patten, 2. Time—1:45. Umpire—Johnstone. Attendance—1,900.

Boston, 8; Cleveland, 3.

Boston, Mass., June 18.—A home run by Collins, two singles, and two errors by Flick netted Boston four runs in the first inning today. This proved sufficient, as Cleveland failed to bat Prentiss with effect. Score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E
D'herty, lf	0	0	4	0	1
Collins, 3b	1	1	1	1	0
Stahl, cf	2	1	1	0	0
Freem'n, rf	1	0	0	0	0
Parent, ss	1	2	3	4	0
Lach'ce, 1b	1	0	14	0	0
Farris, 2b	1	0	2	5	0
Criger, c	1	2	4	1	0
Prentiss, p	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	8	9	27	12	1

Cleveland.	R	B	P	A	E
Pick'ng, cf	0	0	3	0	0
Bay, lf	1	2	3	0	0
Flick, rf	0	1	2	0	0
Hickman, 2b	2	1	4	4	0
O'Hagen, 1b	0	2	11	0	0
Bradley, 3b	0	0	2	0	0
Gochn'er, ss	0	1	1	4	0
Wood, c	0	0	1	1	0
Streit, p	0	0	0	1	1
Totals	3	9	24	10	3

Boston	4	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	*	—8
Cleveland	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	—3

Two-base hits—Lachance, Hickman, Hagen. Home run—Collins. Sacrifice hit—Prentiss. Stolen bases—Stahl, Parent. Double plays—Ferris-Lachance; Stahl-Parent-Lachance. Bases on balls—Off Prentiss, 1; off Streit, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Streit, 1. Struck out—By Prentiss, 4; by Streit, 1. Passed ball—Wood. Time—1:45. Umpire—O'Loughlin. Attendance—3,000.

Beloit, 5; Chicago Unions, 4.

Beloit, Wis., June 18.—[Special.]—Beloit college and the Chicago Unions drew a large commencement day crowd this afternoon. Coach Jack Holtaker pitched for Beloit and won. Score:

Unions	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	—4
Beloit	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	3	0	—5

Giants, 6; Newcastle, 2.

The Columbia Giants baseball team defeated the Newcastle team at Newcastle, Ind., yesterday afternoon by a score of 6 to 2. Means and Robinson formed the battery for the Giants.

Rain Stops High School Games.

Rain prevented the high school baseball teams from playing the annual games yesterday. The games probably will be played on Saturday. South Division and Oak Park at Hand's park and Englewood and West Division at Marshall field.

Yale and Harvard Play Today.

Boston, Mass., June 18.—[Special.]—Harvard will meet Yale in the decisive game of the final series tomorrow.

English Polo Player Sick.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 18.—F. M. Freake, who scored three goals for the English team in the last international polo match, when the American team was defeated, is suffering from a severe attack of influenza. He will not play in the next international game, which takes place on Friday.

BEST WESTERN JOCKEY DISABLED YESTERDAY.

In the serious injury which Jockey Winkfield sustained yesterday at Harlem when he was thrown against the fence as McChesney fell the western turf lost the services of its best jockey for a period that will probably cover several months.

TALK OF HENO'S WORKOUT

EASTERN TURFMEN IMPRESSED BY TUESDAY'S TRIAL.

Jockey Bullman, However, Expresses Regret, Saying He Wishes the Mackay Colt Had Not Been Worked So Fast—Fast Trial at Saratoga Last Year Is Recalled—Latest Changes in the Derby Betting—Belle's Commoner Cut from 20 to 1 to 8 to 1.

[BY T. J. GALLAGHER.]

New York, June 18.—[Special.]—News that Heno had worked a mile and a half at Washington Park yesterday caused a mild sensation at Sheepshead Bay today. The information came in a telegram from Charley Hill to Clarence H. Mackay. It was given general circulation during the afternoon and caused many to express regret that they had not invested on the big colt's chances when liberal odds were offered against him.

The only person who was not favorably impressed by the trial was Bullman, who remarked: "I wish he had gone in 2:38 instead of the time he did. It would be better to have some of that speed on Saturday, but I suppose Charley Hill knows more about the colt than I do. Anyhow, I'm satisfied, for I'm going to a horse that has speed and that I believe is game."

Early last season Heno did phenomenal work. Last August at Saratoga J. W. Rogers said of him: "He worked the fastest five furlongs I ever saw a 2-year-old work."

Toward the close of the season of 1901 and this spring he has shown an inclination to loaf in his exercise. His performance yesterday was a surprise to trainers and early morning frequenters of metropolitan tracks. His owners and friends are elated.

Mr. Mackay, accompanied by his wife and a few friends, will leave for Chicago tomorrow afternoon on a special car attached to the Lake Shore limited.

Arsenal and Pentecost began their trip to Chicago in good condition and under favorable circumstances. Winnie O'Connor will leave here at 5:30 tomorrow afternoon, and it is probable Redfern and his father will be on the same train.

ODDS ON DERBY CANDIDATES.

Heno's Price Cut to 11 to 5—Belle's Commoner and Arsenal Also Shortened.

There was heavy betting yesterday in both the O'Leary and Weller books on the Derby. O'Leary received heavy commissions on several of the colts which are now regarded as sure starters. Weller last night announced the following prices:

11 to 5 Heno.	12 to 1 Schreiber stable.
4 to 1 Pentecost.	12 to 1 Wyeth.
5 to 1 Arsenal.	15 to 1 Bennett stable.
5 to 1 Belle's Commoner	20 to 1 Dunne stable.
10 to 1 Hildreth stable.	30 to 1 Prowl.
10 to 1 Hermis.	50 to 1 Wasch.
10 to 1 Lowenton.	50 to 1 Red Hook.
12 to 1 Crusados.	

The most marked reduction in price was that of Belle's Commoner, who on Tuesday was 20 to 1. Wyeth was cut yesterday from 20 to 1. Heno's price Wednesday was 5 to 2; Arsenal's was 6. As the result of the accident to McChesney the odds against the Hildreth stable increased from 5 to 10, and Crusados' poor race resulted in his odds jumping from 8 to 12.

Memphis Delegation Coming to Derby.

Memphis, Tenn., June 18.—[Special.]—No race in recent years has attracted as much attention from the racing public in this section as the American Derby. Memphis's local delegation will leave for Chicago tomorrow night, headed by S. R. Montgomery, president of the new Memphis jockey club and steward in the Western Jockey club. Three sleeping cars have been engaged to carry the party.

Owenton Not to Start in Derby.

Lexington, Ky., June 18.—[Special.]—The crack Lexington colt Owenton, by Owas—Georgia Kinney, will not start in the American Derby at Chicago on Saturday. Trainer J. C. Milam wired his partner, James Rogers, that the colt could not be made ready, owing to a slight indisposition which put him out of training for about a week.

Gossip of the Derby.

It was announced yesterday that Ransom, Baldwin's stable jockey, would ride Cruzados in Saturday's event.

Jockey Winkfield, who rode McChesney, was removed to the Garfield park sanitarium, where his injuries were attended to. Within the last few weeks the colored boy has become a great favorite on the local tracks, and the combination, McChesney and Winkfield, bade fair to share honors with Hoo and Bullman.

Hoosmen are very impressed will Belle's Commoner's race, especially at it was the second appearance of the colt here this season, and Respess, who has been a staunch follower of Hildreth's chances, now has a formidable candidate of his own. The colt's appearance alone inspires the belief that he can go the route, and the time of his workout, 2:35, is so good he must be considered seriously.

Crooked Harness Racing at Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., June 18.—[Special.]—The judges pulled off a deal this afternoon in the 2:32 trot at the Valley track, with the result that several people are likely to be expelled before the meeting is over tomorrow. The judges changed drivers on Major C., claiming the latter was not being driven to win. In the fifth heat Major C. was crowded and forced to break, and the judges declared it no heat. Over $20,000 changed hands on the race. The sport was excellent. Summaries:

2:25 class, pace, purse $300:

Major C., b. s., by Coastman [Marvin-Pierce]	1	2	1	3	4	1
Black Bess, blk. m., by Tom Edison [Wilson]	2	1	2	1	1	3
Nancy S., ch. m., by Clifford [Wilkes [Hill]	3	3	3	2	3	2
Little Dot, Riffette, Silver Queen, Fred Douglas, Glenn Maid, and Pinemain started. Time—2:22, 2:19½, 2:19, 2:22, 2:25, 2:24.						

2:17 class, trot, purse $400:

Green Wilson, b. s., by Eugene Wilson [Nuckols]	1	2	4	1
Mattie Smeltz, ch. m., by Buckeye Chief [Hill]	2	1	2	1	1	3
Nancy S., ch. m., by Clifford [Wilkes [Hill]	6	3	3	4	5	5
Little Dot, Riffette, Silver Queen, Fred Douglas, Glenn Maid, and Pinemain started. Time—2:22, 2:19½, 2:19, 2:22, 2:25, 2:24.						

2:17 class, trot, purse $400:

Green Wilson, b. s., by Eugene Wilson [Nuckols]	1	2	4	1
Mattie Smeltz, ch. m., by Buckeye Chief [Hill]	2	1	2	1	1	3
Nancy S., ch. m., by Clifford [Wilkes [Hill]	3	3	3	2	3	2
Little Dot, Riffette, Silver Queen, Fred Douglas, Glenn Maid, and Pinemain started. Time—2:22, 2:19½, 2:19, 2:22, 2:25, 2:24.						

2:16 class, pace, purse $400:

Hamilton Direct, r. g., by Monte [Lee]	1	1	1
Belle Dillard, rn. m., by Hal Dillard [Ryan]	3	2	2
Robert M., gr. g., by Bobby Burns [Abrams]	2	3	3
Sweet Fern and Al McGregor started. Time—2:17¼, 2:15¼, 2:16¼.			

FATALLY HURT, HE FINISHES RACE

Dissenter Runs Second with a Deadly Splinter in His Body.

MISHAP IN HURDLE EVENT

Harlem Sport Characterized by an Unusual Accident—Dick Welles Wins.

Following the accident to McChesney in the feature event at Harlem yesterday, Dissenter met death as a result of the following race, a hurdle handicap at a mile and a quarter. With the accident came the edict that there would be no more hurdle races at the Proviso course, the timber-topping hereafter to be confined to steeplechase events.

Dissenter, who was favorite in the race, being backed from 5 to 2 to 8 to 5, finished second, although carrying in his breast near the heart a piece of wood from one of the hurdles, but died within an hour after the race. The 5-year-old met his mishap at the last jump. Part of the hurdles had been knocked over the first time around by Glissando and Fontainbleu.

Coming around the second time Dissenter was forced near the overturned hurdle and brushed against the end, tearing off a small piece of wood. Corrillo, who had led all the way, went on to an easy victory.

Dick Welles, a likely colt whom Rome Respass bought before the first race for $6,500, cantered away with the first, with Pluck and Americano in the placed positions. The purchase carried a proviso that if Dick Welles won a stake at Washington Park Respass should pay Keating & Hecker, $1,500 additional, or $2,500 if he won two stakes.

L'Etrene, from Ed Corrigan's stable, opened up such a gap in the second at six furlongs it seemed impossible for anything to catch her, but she tired badly at the end, and Bard Burns just got up in time to nip her at the wire.

Pat Dunne's good colt Early took the fifth race at five furlongs after Au Revoir, belonging to G. H. Bennett, had made the early running only to be clear across the course at the head of the stretch.

Federal ran about as he should have done for a 2 to 5 favorite in the sixth race at a mile, with La Goleta the only contender and she not seriously so.

Emathion showed a bit of courage in the last race at a mile and seventy yards by getting off poorly, running last around the first turn, slowly picking up his field down the backstretch, working through an opening on the rail at the home bend, and wearing down an early lead secured by Earnest Pardham, which it seemed impossible to meet. The latter ran second, with Henry of Franstamare on the limb.

Four favorites won.

Harlem Summaries June 18.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

First race, 5½ furlongs, purse $400, 2-year-olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
8-1	Jim Tully, 117 [Martin]	2	2½	1½	1½	1¹
3-2	Coburg, 117 [Turner]	4	4°	3°	2½	2½
10-1	Wealth, 117 [Odom]	3	1½	2½	3½	3½

Time, 1:07¼. Dellvino, 124 pounds [McCue], Cougar, 115 [Hullman], and Alard Scheck, 114 [Cochran], finished as named. Winner, C. F. Dwyer's b. g. by Albert—Tommie Lee. Start good. Won driving. Coburg got away badly, was pocketed in the first quarter, and forced to go around the field.

Second race, 1 mile, $1,000 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
2-1	Roxane, 103 [Redfern]	1	2½	2½	1½	1¹
25-1	Sir Juliet, 96 [Michaels]	2	1½	1½	2½	2½
10-1	The Lemaon, 106 [Shaw]	3	3°	3°	3°	3°

Time, 1:39 1-5. Tom Kenny, 106 pounds [Miles], De Reszke, 101 [Martin], Keynote, 98 [Shea], Slipshrift, 101 [Cochran], Eddie Busch, 101 [Wonderly], and Star of the West, 98 [Smith], finished as named. Winner, Pepper stable's ch. m. by Perblaise—Ondina. Start straggling. Won handily.

Third race, ¾ mile on turn, 2-year-olds, the Daisy stakes, $1,000 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
30-1	Roxboro, 115 [McCue]	4	7½	5½	1½	1½
7-1	Miladi Love, 110 [Odom]	5	6°	4°	2½	2½
12-1	Buttons, 113 [Bullman]	6	5°	6°	4°	3½

Time, 1:01 1-5. Our Nugget, 115 pounds [O'Connor]; Sir Voorhies, 120 [Wonderly]; and Sergo, 113 [Landry], finished as named. Winner, D. McClinch's b. f. by Candlemas—Goldie Cad. Start good. Won driving. Sir Voorhies was caught in the barrier at the start and nearly thrown.

Fourth race, 1¼ miles, the Bay Ridge handicap, $1,200 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
7-5	Mack. Dwyer, 106 [O'Con'r]	3	4½	4½	3½	1¹
3-1	Sootsayer, 94 [Wonderly]	1	1½	1½	1½	2½
4-1	Mount Hope, 102 [Redfern]	2	1½	2½	2½	3°

Time, 1:01 3-5. Dark Planet, 102 pounds [Shaw], Sootsayer, 94 [Wonderly], Fire Chief, 94 [Landry], Explorer, 109 [Odom], Dramatist, 102 [Rice], Chide, 106 [Kuhn], Old Glory, 114 [McCue], and The Ocean, 94 [Henderson], finished. Gen. Prig, 96 [Durham], War Cry, 108 [Bullman], and No Match, 96 [W. Waldo], finished as named. Winner, H. McCarrera's ch. or br. c. by Golden Garter or Banastlaw—Madrid. At post 16 minutes. Start good. Won easily. Mackey Dwyer came fast in the last furlong from a long way back. First favorite quit.

Sixth race, last ¾ mile, New Futurity course, $900 added, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-1	Dr. Saylor, 104 [Buchanan]	5	6½	6½	4½	1½
8-5	Cinquevalli, 106 [Shea]	1	1½	1½	2½	2½
3-1	Bronze, 99 [Michaels]	2	2½	2½	3½	3½

Time, 1:01 4-5. Rockford, 102 pounds [

TICE R CREWS.

Hudson Are ext Satur- ace.

FAVORITE.

Show Good e Heaviest Tallest.

June 18.—[Special.]— ay's practice among senior crews of the Columbia, Pennsyl- acuse, and Wisconsin ttle of Saturday aft- sent their crews for ditions were not fa-

he Georgetown eight rt to finish, and after id he did not want to he was well pleased tide was on the last uth wind against the ey gave his seniors d the time was un- 20:20, but this is said e slow. The Cornell stream, the freshmen dropping out at the e seniors went to the he varsity crew came et of freshies joined the finish, the seniors e by two and a half ourtney is full of con- g is in favor of the

trifle more jubilant to- en have been put back ack at his old position ck at No. 4. The two k, but they will be in tomorrow.

Well Together.

r four miles, but two prints at a lively gait. n out, but was good

The freshmen re- g from O'Dea on their only three miles, as ut in on account of a t's sea. The men got and those in the boat thing the water hard e was unchanged and ace as follows: Bow, ather; 4, Stephenson; 7, Gaffin; stroke, Mc- yer.

the Heaviest.

ridge the crews of nd Pennsylvania wait- ndred yards of each steamer, and the first n to see the leaders to the heaviest crew on 60-lb pounds, and also d feet 34 inch. Cornell but not quite so rangy. form. Penn's crew is ed to have tremendous

today was 34. This put the race on Satur- to 36 for the spurts. okes per minute higher reviously employed.

the men were going that the water was bad ed about the reported r between strokes in That is a stereotyped

the only Jonah in the d in the shape of the Gibson, the last year's ng his fourth year on e came back to Pough- year the other crews . Today his crewmates e and held him down oxy cut off the giant's of scissors.

hal shakeup took place crew. Crowther re- ty on account of in- pe. Tupper of the four ckfelt is moved to No. 4.

t Notre Dame.

e 18.—[Special.]—The boat se. R. R. Clark, a Chicago e crew that won the fresh- race with better crews nd Mexicans entirely in der E. Cunedo, were the e race of the day in which opponents. The race was by but a foot by Captain

to Race at Kiel.

he owners of twelve Amer- ve notified the Kiel yacht to visit Kiel for the re- June 28. The fact that of any American warship uring the races has caused ting and official circles.

rd Varsity Eight.

June 18.—[Special.]—Har- vered the four miles under ning. The time was caught conditions were only fair. in place of Ayer.

hool Field Day.

e meet points—eighteen— of Harvard school, held mmaries:

by A. Ortmayer; P. Kee- by A. Ortmayer; P. Kee- by S. Putnam; W. Dray, y C. Long; R. Mead, sec- by S. Putnam; R. Mead, W. Dray; L. Seaverns, sec- F. Ullmann; A. Ortmayer, 1 inch. Ortmayer; G. Bancks, est 8 inches. R. Frank; L. Seaverns, est 4 inches.

Wins a Race.

June 18.—Albert Champion Memphis and Nat Butler of sseum tonight in a twenty- race.

Keat at Billiards.

illiard tournament at Foley's 400] gave Keat [210] his first score of 140 to 208. Tonight er [150] will play.

at Germania Club.

will be held at the Ger- second Wednesday of each

HURT IN WRECK.

n Train Derailed Near ngineer Killed and engers Injured.

, June 18.—Chicago and ger train No. 14, which was derailed two 9 a. m., was at 2 o'clock this eo, Mo., at 2 o'clock this gine and three cars were M. Kellar of Slater was engine and killed. Thir- ere slightly injured, but ip to their destinations. ilment is yet unknown. ed and trains passed over rs after the accident oc-

TED FOR THEFT.

o Try Jessie Morrison llow Juryman with While He Slept.

June 18.—Dell Baker, a Morrison case, was ar- ed with robbing Walter ryman, of $60. The man night, and this morning e money. He jerked one of the coins dropped

MANY VISITORS AT NOTRE DAME.

Beginning of the Graduating Exercises Attracts a Large Delegation.

C. M. SCHWAB IS PRESENT.

Steel Magnate Listens to His Cousin, a Senior, Defend Trusts in Oration.

Notre Dame, Ind., June 18.—[Special.]—The beginning of the end of the scholastic year began today. A big influx of visitors came in from Chicago this morning and from many states of the union. The buildings are a mass of gold and blue bunting.

At 10:50 a. m. J. B. Kinney fired the shot that opened the regatta on St. Joseph's lake. Thousands of spectators lined the bank, and among them President Charles M. Schwab of the United States steel corporation, his party consisting of his father, mother, sister Gertrude, his uncle, and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Schwab of Pittsburg, and the Rev. P. Hoody, and Miss G. Horn of Altoona, who had come on a special train to assist in the graduation of the president's cousin, Francis Schwab.

Then followed the closing exercises of St. Edward's hall, in which "The Bell in the Forest" was played in Washington hall by this department.

Speakers Discuss National Issues.

In the evening the band gave a concert in the main building, and then came the closing exercises of the evening in Washington hall. The bachelor sermon was delivered by George W. Burkett of Houston, Tex., on "The Monroe Doctrine." Albert Krug of Darien, O., spoke on the ship subsidy bill, and Francis C. Schwab, in "Governmental Control of Trusts," made a powerful appeal for trusts. He upheld the steel trust and contended that the trust is a democratic institution. The speaker of the day was W. P. Breen of Fort Wayne. Commencement exercises will be held tomorrow, when forty-seven graduates will be given diplomas.

The class contains Francis E. Hering, democratic nominee for congress of the Thirteenth congressional district, and Prof. John F. Curry of the university faculty. Among the graduates are representatives of thirteen states, with two from Ireland, three from Mexico, and one from Cuba. Illinois and Indiana each have nine representatives, Michigan and Wisconsin four, Massachusetts and Ohio three, Connecticut and Pennsylvania two, and Texas, Minnesota, Missouri, Wyoming, and New York one each.

Four Chicagoans Are Graduates.

Four Chicago boys are among the graduates. They are: Albert C. Forten, LL. B. 1901, LL. M. 1902; Joseph J. Sullivan, Litt. B. 1901, LL. B. 1902; Edward D. Gilbert, Ph. B. 1902; M. Charles Gorski, A. B. 1902.

Preparations at Wheaton College.

Wheaton, Ill., June 18.—[Special.]—Commencement week at Wheaton college is filled with special exercises of the various departments. The five literary societies have their farewell meetings Friday evening. Baccalaureate Sunday is June 22, when the baccalaureate sermon will be preached by the Rev. Dr. DeBlois of Elgin. Monday evening at 8 o'clock the junior class will give a reception. Friday of next week class day exercises will be held, and at 8 p. m. the graduating exercises of the art school and musical conservatory will occur. On Wednesday at 10 a. m. the board of trustees have their annual meeting; at 2 p. m. the graduating exercises of the academy will be held. The alumni have their fortieth reunion at 4 p. m. on next Wednesday, with a banquet at 6:30. Commencement day is Thursday, June 26.

Tufts Gives Honorary Degrees.

Medford, Mass., June 18.—[Special.]—Tufts college today observed its forty-sixth annual commencement. Many noted men were present. Chief among these was John D. Long, ex-secretary of the navy, on whom Tufts bestowed the honorary degree of doctor of laws. The college also honored in the same way Prof. Amos E. Dolbear. The graduating class numbers 136. After the conferring of degrees the commencement dinner was held in Goddard gymnasium. The principal speakers at the dinner were John D. Long, President Capen, Prof. Thomas Whittemore of Tufts English department.

Pennsylvania Gets Big Gift.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 18.—During the 146th annual commencement exercises of the university of Pennsylvania today Provost Harrison announced that Joseph Wharton, founder of the Wharton school of finance and economy at the university, had increased his endowment of the school from $200,000 to $500,000. The information came as a complete surprise to the large gathering and was greeted with cheers.

Rockefeller Aids Smith College.

New York, June 18.—During commencement exercises at Smith college, Northampton, Mass., the announcement was made that John D. Rockefeller has offered the institution $100,000 on the condition that the friends of the college subscribe a like sum.

Brown Gives Honorary Degrees.

Providence, R. I., June 18.—Brown university today conferred the honorary degree of doctor of laws upon Frederick Mott of Iowa; doctor of divinity, George B. Howe of Richmond, Va., and William W. Landrum, '72, Atlanta, Ga.

Several Changes at Beloit.

Beloit, Wis., June 18.—[Special.]—Departing from the usual custom of having senior speakers at the commencement exercises, Beloit college today inaugurated a new plan successfully. Prof. Thomas C. Chamberlain of the university of Chicago delivered the address of the day, his subject being "The Moral Function of Scientific Study."

E. P. Bacon of Milwaukee, first vice president of the board of trustees, announced that Prof. T. C. Chamberlain, '66, of Chicago and Horace White, '53, of New York, had been elected trustees. He also announced the gift of $500 from F. G. Logan of Chicago for the Logan museum, and an addition to the art collection from an unknown friend of the college.

Prof. T. L. Wright will act as dean during the year. Prof. Collie is in Europe, and Prof. H. D. Dinsmore will be registrar. Assistant Treasurer E. B. Kilbourn was made secretary of the college.

YE GARDENER'S CORNER

If the light shaft window is a glare of reflected sunshine, fill boxes or baskets with mixed portulaca. If little direct sunshine is enjoyed try heliotrope or forget me not. In either case success should be the result.

Don't crowd your plants in placing. A few good plants give more real beauty and satisfaction than many poor ones, and symmetry is impossible without proper room. The crowded box or bed rarely looks well after the first few weeks.

Different varieties of the cactus are worth trying. Some will live easily and will bear an abundance of bloom. A blooming cactus is delightful, especially of the kind that bears large, crimson blooms at the end of its graceful, serrated leaves. Experiment with small plants at first.

There is always something to do in a garden. Dead leaves must be picked off if everything else is to look good order. Every dead leaf allowed to remain weakens the plant somewhat and shortens the season of bloom. So, too, with seedpods, which should never be allowed to form until blossom time is over.

Chrysanthemums require a great deal of water and a rich soil. They are most satisfactory to grow under these conditions, bearing large flowers of beautiful kind and color fancied. But a chrysanthemum, like a sick or blighted human beauty, cannot fail to sadden the observer's heart.

The autumn months are all too often neglected by flower loving amateurs. There are numbers of plants, such as cosmos, the aster, cannas, the morning glory, forget me not, and so on, which will make the autumn days gorgeous with fine bloom if cared for in time. Begin at once to think of the chrysanthemum flowers.

STEEL MILLS RAISE WAGES

GENERAL ADVANCE OF TEN PER CENT IN JOLIET SHOPS.

Increase to Be Allowed in South Chicago Plant, but Rate Is Not Yet Fixed — Elevator Employes Get More Money—Wholesale Merchants Agree to Abolish "Humping" by Teamsters—Tugmen Receive Notice Strike Soon Will Come to an End.

A general advance in wages amounting to 10 per cent was announced yesterday at the Joliet mills of the Illinois steel company. Machinists, who have been receiving 29½ cents an hour, will be paid from 32 to 33 cents. The advance also applies to common labor.

General Superintendent Charles H. McCullough of the South Chicago plant of the company said last night that the amount of the advance here has not been decided on, but he understood that an increase would be made in all the departments.

Employés in the ten elevators in South Chicago have received advances running from 10 to 25 per cent. Floormen who received $2 formerly will get $2.20, and scoopers who got $2 will be paid $2.50. The 200 elevator workmen in South Chicago are perfecting an organization and will elect permanent officers on Friday night at Hagerman's hall, Ninty-third street and Commercial avenue.

Humping to Be Abolished.

"Humping" will be a thing of the past under the agreement reached yesterday by the wholesale merchants and flour dealers. Henceforth somebody must do the work besides the teamsters, who will not move the goods they haul beyond the curb or the doorway.

The controversy over who should carry goods into buildings was a prolonged one, but the teamsters were firm and the merchants yielded the point. In some cases the concession to the teamsters means that another man must be put on the wagons to carry the goods into the buildings.

Nearly all the large wholesale houses in the city were represented at the conference. President Hugh McGee of the truck drivers explained to the employers that the teamsters often had to pay for packages stolen from their wagons while they were "humping" other goods into the stores. Finally it was decided that the following agreement should govern, although no agreement was signed:

No member of this union will carry freight farther than the door of the store, it being understood that freight means original packages. Broken or small packages may be delivered inside the door. In case of bad weather, or the delivery of such goods as may be affected by rain, heat, or cold, the driver may be of reasonable assistance to the storekeeper in caring for such goods, provided he is not asked to go beyond such a point as he can see his wagon.

Teamsters shall deliver goods on skids or chutes of any person having such contrivance adjacent to his building.

In case of returned goods teamsters will assist in taking goods from the store to the wagon.

Labor Notes.

The executive board of the north and west side street railway men's union, headed by President Larkin, called on President John M. Roach of the Union traction company yesterday and filed a protest against any discrimination in favor of the independent union. President Roach informed the committee that he was not aware there was any discrimination, but he would take up the matter immediately.

Leaders of Chicago union tugmen yesterday received advices from Cleveland announcing that a settlement of the strike against the Great Lakes towing company probably would be effected there in a few days. It was stated that the company had agreed to the wages and hours, the only hitch being in regard to the disposition of the nonunion men who took the places of the strikers.

The office employés, some of them in patent leathers and starched shirts, joined squads of negroes in cleaning the Pullman cars yesterday in the various yards. The appearance of non-union men in the places of the striking car cleaners led to a declaration from the cleaners of the railroad coaches at some of the stations that they would not work with the newcomers.

BREACH BETWEEN OPERATORS AND WESTERN UNION WIDENS.

Dismissal of Twenty-two Telegraphers in New York Increases Possibility of Trouble—Big Meeting Expected.

The possibility of trouble between the commercial operators and the Western Union telegraph company was increased yesterday when a message was received from New York announcing that twenty-three men had been dropped without any other cause than the simple reply, "Orders."

Local operators believe that if it is the policy of the Western Union to discriminate against men who join the union there will be no manifestation of that policy here before the meeting of telegraphers next Sunday.

Notice of Sunday's meeting may be found on the bulletin board of the Postal Telegraph company, and operators are authority for the statement that this company has informed its employés that no objection will be made to the formation of a union.

"From reports received of the meeting last Sunday," said Organizer J. J. Fitzpatrick, "it was learned that a large percentage of the employés of the Western Union company either joined the new organization or manifested their intention of doing so by sending in their names. We have the names of nearly all the commercial operators in the city, and by Sunday expect to have all enrolled."

The telegraphers do not anticipate any trouble with the Western Union at present because they have not formulated any demands or asked any changes in the duties required of them. Their principal grievances are the lack of time for lunch and the rule requiring operators to furnish their own typewriters and to keep them in repair.

ARREST GIRL DRESSED AS MAN.

Police Discover the Disguise After a Young Woman Has Worn It for Four Days.

Miss Daisy Young, 18 years old, was arrested yesterday afternoon at Harrison and State streets while arrayed in male attire. The disguise of the young woman was so complete that she had been able to pass as a boy boot-black in a barber shop in South Chicago for four days. When locked up at the Harrison street police station she declared that she wished to earn enough money, as a man, to buy a cornet. With the cornet, she said, she could earn money with which to go to Cleveland, O., where a sister lives. The girl came to Chicago some time ago from Kentucky.

MEESE REUNION AT LA GRANGE.

Couples Married by Aged Minister Hold Their Sixth Annual Meeting in Indiana Town.

La Grange, Ind., June 18.—[Special.]—The sixth anual reunion of the Rev. W. L. Meese national association was held here today, and a large number were present. The members of this association are the hundreds of couples married by the Rev. Mr. Meese. He keeps an accurate record of the couples married by him, and claims he has repeated the marriage vows oftener than any other minister. He has retired from active work, but his reputation has spread so that couples from adjoining states come to be married by him. It is claimed no couple married by him has ever been divorced.

Burlington Acquires a Road.

Burlington, Ia., June 18.—[Special.]—At the annual meeting of the Burlington and Northwestern road company, which was held in this city today, the stockholders voted unanimously in favor of a resolution to sell the property to the Burlington and Western company. Both lines are narrow gauge, but will be changed to standard gauge within a few weeks. The property thus virtually passes into the hands of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy.

ALUMNI DAY AT NORTHWESTERN.

Former Students Told That Too Strict Methodism Hurts the University.

SHEETS ACTS AS CRITIC.

Declares the School Should Be Run on Broader Basis and Without Isms.

Alumni day at Northwestern university yesterday attracted big crowds. The events of the day were the Phi Beta Kappa election and address, the class reunions, and the luncheon given by the university to the alumni and friends of the university.

"I would like to see Northwestern university the greatest educational institution on earth, and I would like to see her cease to be a Methodist institution and become a plain christian college," said the Rev. Frank E. Sheets in responding to the toast, "The Clergy."

"I believe," he continued, "that the time has come when we should stop talking Methodism, and stop criticising the teachers of our schools on the floor of our annual conferences. Let the teachers be criticised in the trustees' meeting, if criticism be necessary at all.

"I would like to see Northwestern university unhampered by isms of any sort."

James Tells of Needs.

The principal address was given by President James, who said in part:

"I would like to see in Northwestern university what every university that I have ever seen lacks, a more thorough development of social life. This is the most important thing in the undergraduate department. It is more important than instruction. Fraternities furnish some, but do not furnish enough.

"I hope to see soon a quadrangle which shall embody this social life. On one side of it I would like to see a large dormitory, on the other side a gymnasium, on the third side a commons, on the fourth a student clubhouse."

Mr. James then emphasized the need of a post-graduate school. He said that the university of the future would consist of a group of professional schools based on a college, and not a group of professional schools attached to a college.

George W. Merrick was toastmaster. William A. Dyche spoke for the trustees, Prof. George A. Coe for the faculty, and John Hamline for the alumni.

As to the Trusts.

Prof. Frederick J. Turner of the university of Wisconsin delivered the Phi Beta Kappa address in the evening, on "Western Contributions to Democracy," saying: "The iron, coal, and cattle of the country have all fallen into the control of a few great corporations, and, moreover, by the combination of the great railroad systems, even the breadstuffs are controlled. Political parties tend to divide on questions of socialism and the acceptance of the principles of the populists by the democratic convention shows the birth of new political ideas. Morgan, Carnegie, and Rockefeller are the symbols of the new era."

RUMOR NAMES OBERLIN'S HEAD

Alumnus Declares Dr. C. C. Warner of New York Will Succeed the Late Dr. Barrows.

Oberlin, O., June 18.—[Special.]—An alumnus of Oberlin, who stands high in college circles, is authority for statement that the late President Barrows' successor has been selected in the person of Charles C. Warner, an alumnus and trustee of Oberlin, and a wealthy manufacturer of New York City. The alumnus also states that Dr. Warner's election will occur at the trustees' meeting next Monday, and will be given out at commencement season as a surprise. The points which bring him in favor are his executive ability, love for his alma mater, and his ability to sway outside interests towards Oberlin.

New President at Hillsdale.

Hillsdale, Mich., June 18.—[Special.]—Prof. J. W. Mauck of Chicago, ex-chancellor of the university of South Dakota, today was elected president of Hillsdale college by a unanimous vote of the trustees. Prof. Mauck formerly was professor of Latin in the college to which he now returns as president.

New Head at Columbian University.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—Charles W. Needham of this city today was elected president of the Columbian university, to succeed the Rev. Dr. B. L. Whitman, who resigned two years ago. Dr. Needham for several years has been the dean of the law school of the university and also of the school of comparative jurisprudence and diplomacy. The Rev. Dr. S. H. Green, pastor of the Calvary Baptist church, has been acting president since Dr. Whitman's retirement.

DIPLOMAS GIVEN AT ACADEMIES

Commencement Exercises Held at a Number of Institutions in Suburbs of Chicago.

The Morgan Park academy held its thirty-first convocation yesterday afternoon, graduating a class of twenty-two. Dr. W. O. Shepard of this city delivered the annual address. Rain interfered with the plans for the out of door program. At the conclusion of the exercises the alumni reception was held in Morgan hall.

Commencement exercises were held at the academy of Our Lady, Longwood, yesterday. In the evening a reception was given the graduating class by the alumnæ in celebration of the completion of the new school buildings.

Exercises were held at Providence academy last evening. Those who received diplomas were Misses Bertha Shaughnessy, Laura Gearon, Rosemary Brady, Kathleen Carinvall, and May Fennell. The gold medal for excellence was awarded Miss Gearon, and the gold medal for proficiency in music to Miss May Puzzo.

The commencement exercises of the De La Salle institute were held in Powers' theater last evening, thirty-three students receiving diplomas. The Rt. Rev. Bishop P. J. Muldoon was the speaker of the evening, his subject being: "Truthfulness in Your Lives."

LIBRARY WORK IS DISCUSSED.

A. H. Hopkins of Chicago Reads a Paper at the American Association Meeting.

Magnolia, Mass., June 18.—[Special.]—The three sessions of the American library association, which were held here today, were replete with interest for the several hundred delegates in attendance. Meetings were held almost continuously from 9:30 a. m. to 11 p. m.

The principal papers of the morning session were delivered by Anderson H. Hopkins of the John Crerar library, Chicago, on "The University Library Organization and Its Relations to the Other Departments," which was replied to by William C. Lane, librarian of Harvard university.

N. D. C. Hodges, librarian of the Cincinnati public library, spoke on "Bibleographies versus Catalogues," which was reviewed by Miss Alice B. Kroeger, librarian of the Drexel institute, Philadelphia.

Other interesting subsessions were those of the children's librarians, the national association of state librarians, and the Bibleographical society of Chicago.

Unconscious from Unknown Cause.

Found unconscious in lodgings at 1217 Wabash avenue, a man supposed to be Henry Pemberton is at the county hospital. The physicians there are unable to discover the cause of his condition.

MUST MAKE CAPITAL GOOD

CONTINENTAL CASUALTY COMPANY RECEIVES ORDER.

Insurance Commissioner at Minneapolis Directs That Impairment of $31,000 Be Wiped Out by Chicago Company—Officers Also Instructed to Replace $100,000 of Its Securities with Others of Known Value—Discuss Clearing House.

In a report made on the Continental casualty company of Chicago yesterday by Insurance Commissioner Dearth of Minnesota the corporation is instructed to make good an impairment of capital amounting to $31,121, and to replace $100,000 of Phelps investment company bonds with securities that have a known market value.

The commissioner says the company has agreed to make good the impairment and to provide $50,000 additional surplus, and also to replace the bonds which were taken over from the Metropolitan accident company with which the Continental consolidated. The company is criticised by the commissioner for having failed to report an adequate amount of unpaid losses in its liability account. The amount is said to have been nearer $90,000 than $48,000, stated in its annual report, as shown by the payment, subsequent to making the report, of $83,000 in claims, of which it had previous notice.

The expense of collecting outstanding premiums was reported at 10 per cent, and the actuary finds that it was in fact 20 per cent, and the statement of assets was inflated by this discrepancy over $10,000.

In regard to the investment bonds ordered replaced the commissioner states that there appears to be good property behind them, and that they had been accepted by the Illinois department after an examination, but that to comply with the laws of Minnesota they must have a known market value. The company has been granted thirty days in which to remedy the defects revealed by the examination.

There was a large attendance, especially of local agents, at the meeting held yesterday afternoon in the Chicago underwriters' association rooms to consider the proposed plan of a clearing house to handle grain and elevator insurance. The proposition was presented by S. A. Rothermel, secretary of the Traders' of Illinois and was exhaustively discussed.

It developed that the plan, while unquestionably beneficial to the grain men, would help the small agencies that did not control grain insurance lines and would hurt the large ones that did. The grain men would do all their business through the clearing house and statements would be rendered monthly to the companies in accordance with the amount they had agreed to write.

The position of the companies was not developed, however, few managers being present, and an adjournment was taken for a week to allow the agents to consult with them. Some expressed a fear lest the system might be extended to the other large lines, undermining the agency business, but there is not the dearth of insurance capacity in them that there is in grain insurance.

The committee of Chicago life insurance men which went to Peoria to organize a life underwriters' association there returned yesterday morning. They got a meeting of twenty-six men, at which Norman Bourland of the Northwestern mutual was elected chairman and H. W. Keith of the John Hancock secretary, and the plan was adopted. Committees were appointed which will report on June 28, when the organization will be perfected.

In answer to the statement of Manager Cofran of the western department of the Hartford, that the local agents were opposed to the 25 per cent advance in rates, M. H. N. Raymond, Michigan special agent of the Connecticut reports that he has visited fifty towns in his field within recent weeks and found opposition in but one. That was in Tecumseh, where local conditions were partially responsible for the situation. He also says that the large insurers are not finding any fault, the kicking being done by the small fellows.

Figures received from abroad show that many of the large British insurance companies operating in this country lost heavily on their business last year, other fields joining with the United States in being unprofitable. The losses and expenses combined were as follows, compared with premium income: Manchester, 129 per cent; Union, 119; Caledonian, 112; North British, 103; Scottish Union, 101.3.

Ætna Names Indiana Agents.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 18.—[Special.]—Thomas C. Day & Co. have been appointed general agents of the liability and accident department of the Ætna for Indiana. Mr. Day has been financial agent of the Ætna for twenty-five years. Auditor of State Hart has brought mandamus suits against the Commercial insurance company of New Albany and the Equitable, special charter companies, to compel them to file statements.

NORTH CAROLINA OFFERS A BIG REWARD FOR LYNCHERS.

Governor Aycock Will Give $400 Each for Arrests in Salisbury Case—Sheriff Saves Man from Mob.

Raleigh, N. C., June 18.—Gov. Aycock today offered rewards aggregating $30,000 for the arrest and conviction of persons who, on the night of June 11, took the negro Gillespie from the jail at Salisbury and lynched him. There were seventy-five men in the party, and the governor offers a reward of $400 for each of them. It is understood evidence has been found tending to show the negro was innocent of the crime with which he was charged.

Sheriff Saves Man from Mob.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 18.—Charles Scott, the negro who shot and killed Samuel Jones and Mrs. John Dull last night, and who was threatened with lynching by friends of the murdered woman, was taken away by the sheriff during the night. The sheriff, accompanied by twelve guards, arrived at Connersville shortly after midnight, and the mob was driven back. At 2 o'clock the husband of the murdered woman, aided by the mob, moved on the cabin and finally broke in the door, but the guards secreted Scott and took him to Steubenville.

ARGUES UNION TRACTION CASES

Chicago's Twelve Suits Consolidated Into Two in Supreme Court—Schofield Talks for Transfers.

Springfield, Ill., June 18.—[Special.]—The twelve cases of the Chicago Union traction company against the city of Chicago were taken on call by the supreme court this afternoon. For the purpose of argument they were consolidated into two cases, and Judge Gwynn Garnett, attorney for the traction company, was given leave to file a reply brief.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Schofield, in an oral argument, contended that the Union traction company owns the Consolidated traction company, thereby making it imperative for these companies to grant transfers. Mr. Schofield also presented statements of earnings of the companies to show that an interchange of transfers would not seriously injure them financially.

An opinion from the court is not expected before the October term.

CHANGES IN "MOTHER CHURCH."

Christian Scientists Elect New Readers in the Hope of Insuring a Greater Democracy.

Boston, Mass., June 18.—[Special.]—A step intended to insure greater democracy in the Christian Science church was taken today, when, for the first time since the opening of the "mother church" here, a change was made in the readers. Judge Septimus J. Hanna, first reader for ten years, and Mrs. Eldora J. Gragg, second reader, retire, and in their places, by a vote of the directors and ratification of the same at the business meeting of church members, a gathering which filled Mechanics' hall this afternoon, Herman S. Herring of Baltimore becomes first reader and Mrs. Ella E. A. Williams of Chelsea, Mass., becomes second reader. Under the new bylaws of the church these two are to serve as readers for three years.

REVEALS THEFT OF SEWER PLANS

City Reports the Loss of Thirty-ninth Street Charts and Notes.

MAN ON DUTY IS BLAMED.

Policeman Dwyer, Who Was Watching Office, Visits Nearby Saloons.

The theft of plans and notes for the Thirty-ninth street intercepting sewer was made known yesterday, although the theft was committed in a small work office at Thirty-ninth street, near Butler, on Decoration day.

Charges against a policeman alleged to have been enticed from his post at night have been filed with the police trial board. In the charges it is stated that the papers stolen were valuable only to the contractor on the intercepting sewer work, John P. Agnew, and the city, in case of litigation, "of which," the charges say, "there is great liability."

Patrick J. Dwyer is the policeman who was on duty on the night of May 30. At 7 o'clock that evening R. B. Wilcox, the city engineer who is in charge of the work, closed his desk just as Dwyer, who was detailed to watch the place, went on duty. At 11 o'clock, it is said, Supt. Powers, who works for Contractor Agnew, went to Brindley, city mason inspector, and told him that the street had caved in at Dearborn and Thirty-ninth streets. Brindley went out and searched, but found no evidence of a cavein. At the same time, the written charges say, Powers invited Dwyer to Burke's saloon to take a drink and then took him to Flanagan's saloon in the next block.

Desk Opened; Plans Taken.

During that night the desk in the office was broken open and all the records pertaining to the construction work on the twenty-foot tunnel were taken. Concerning their value Supervising Engineer MacHarg will make no statement further than to say that of some of them the city has duplicates in the city hall.

The matters between the Agnew company and the city involve work to the amount of $1,000,000, including the work done by the defunct Star construction company.

"I know nothing about any robbery of any desk except such facts as have come to me since the theft was reported," said Supt. Powers last night. "If the papers were taken while the patrolman and I were across the way getting a cigar it was merely a coincidence.

"It is best not to talk about any charges that I will have to answer before the trial board," said Patrolman Dwyer. "I meant no wrong in going across the street."

Walker Hopes for Subway Bonds.

Corporation Counsel Walker yesterday delivered to Ald. Foreman an opinion that there is strong hope that bonds issued to provide funds to build a subway and to be then only on the property or income from it would be within the constitutional power of the city. In his opinion Mr. Walker said:

"Under the decision in the case of Joliet against Alexander it has been the general opinion, based on decisions in other states and in the federal courts, that bonds payable solely out of a special fund did not constitute a debt within the meaning of that term as applied in the constitution to municipal indebtedness.

"I think the language of the supreme court is strong enough to warrant the hope that bonds issued to provide funds for building a subway could be so drawn as to be within the constitutional provision limiting municipal indebtedness."

Also Approves Judgment Bonds.

Mr. Walker also holds that the ordinance providing for the issuance of $4,000,000 in bonds to pay an equivalent amount of judgments against the city would be valid. To refund the judgment indebtedness would mean a saving to the city of more than $80,000 a year, as interest at the rate of 5 per cent must now be paid.

On the question of the validity of the bonds Mr. Walker says that the constitutional limitation will not invalidate the bonds, even if the city's debt is greater than the amount allowed by law, for the reason that the issuance of bonds would be a mere substitution of one debt for another, or a change in the form of the indebtedness.

It is likely that a test case will be made through which a decision of the supreme court may be obtained in the matter.

For the Summer Vacation

a fifty-page booklet, entitled "Hints to Tourists," has been issued by the Chicago and Northwestern, describing briefly about 200 summer resorts in Wisconsin, Michigan, and the Northwest, with information as to hunting, fishing, and hotel accommodations at each. A copy may be secured by calling at or addressing city ticket office, 212 Clark-st.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

ITALIAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
WEEKLY SAILINGS TO
NAPLES—GENOA—ALEXANDRIA.

Sardegna	June 24	Lombardia	July 29
Sicilia	July 8	Archimede	Aug. 7
Liguria	July 15	Sardegna	Aug. 12

New steamers. Dining-room on promenade deck. For rates and other information apply
HIRZEL, MANN & CO., 117 Broadway, N. Y.
J. S. LOWITZ, 185 S. Clark-st., Gen. West. Agt.

WHITE STAR LINE—
NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.

Cymric	June 20	July 18	Aug. 22 Sept. 19
Oceanic	June 25	July 23	Aug. 27 Sept. 24
Majestic	July 2	July 30	Sept. 3 Oct. 1
Celtic	July 4	Aug. 6	Sept. 5 Oct. 3
Germanic	July 9	Aug. 13	Sept. 10 Oct. 8
Teutonic	July 16	Aug. 20	Sept. 17 Oct. 15

EARLY RESERVATIONS RECOMMENDED.
WHITE STAR LINE,
Tel. Central 139. 94-96 Dearborn-st.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE—
New York-Rotterdam via Boulogne-sur-Mer.
New Twin-screw Steamers of 18,000 tons Register.
Twin-Screw Steamer NOORDAM.....June 21, 10 A. M.
Twin-Screw Steamer STATENDAM.....June 28, 10 A. M.
Twin-Screw Steamer POTSDAM.....July 5, 10 A. M.
Apply to HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE,
90 and 92 Dearborn-st. Phone Central 3840.

COMPAGNIE GLE. TRANSATLANTIQUE.
French line, New York to Havre—Six days.
Sailings every Thursday at 10 a. m.

La Touraine	June 19	July 17	Aug. 14 Sept. 25
La Savoie	June 26	July 24	Aug. 21 Oct. 2
La Bretagne	July 3	Aug. 7	Sept. 11
La Lorraine	July 10	Aug. 21	Sept. 18 Oct. 16

New modern gigantic Twin-Screw and Express Steamers; naval officers' man-of-war discipline. Company's vestibuled trains, Havre-Paris 4 hours.
M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

SPECIAL NOTICE—
LEYLAND LINE, BOSTON-LIVERPOOL.
New twin-screw steamer Hanoverian, 13,700 tons, leaves Liverpool for Boston July 10, Aug. 28, and Sept. 27. The Hanoverian sails from Boston on Aug. 2 and Sept. 10. Only first saloon passengers carried. $65 and upward. Other sailings: Armenian, July 16; Devonian, June 26; Winifredian, July 9. HENDERSON BROS., 176 Jackson-blvd, Chicago, or to F. O. HOUGHTON & CO., Gen. Passenger Agents, 115 State-st., Boston.

CUNARD LINE— ESTABLISHED 1840.
New York—Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.

Campania	June 21	July 19	Aug. 16 Sept. 13
Umbria	June 28	July 26	Aug. 23 Sept. 20
Lucania	July 5	Aug. 2	Aug. 30 Sept. 27
Etruria	July 12	Aug. 9	Aug. 30 Oct. 4
Ivernia (new twin-sc.)	June 24	July 12	Aug. 19
Saxonia	July 8	Aug. 2	Sept.

F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph. Phone Central 2051.

DOMINION LINE—
FOUR SEPARATE AND DISTINCT SERVICES.
Fast twin-screw passenger steamers sailing regularly from Boston, Portland, and Montreal to Liverpool, also Boston to Mediterranean ports. Send for booklet, "Mediterranean Illustrated."
For rates, etc., apply to company's office, 69 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

JAPAN—CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—
VIA HONOLULU.
Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co., and Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco: Hongkong Maru, June 25; China, July 5; Doric, July 16. For passage and freight rates, reservations, passage orders, and information apply to W. H. NEIMEYER, Agt., 193 Clark-st., Chicago.

GAZE'S HIGH-CLASS ESCORTED TOURS TO Europe, 1902, $50 to $850. Everything included. Limited membership. Programs free. Also ocean tickets, all lines; European R. R. tickets. Call or write for programs. HENRY GAZE & SONS, 220 S. Clark-st.

EUROPE IN 1902.
Our select parties sail from New York June 3d and 17th and July 1st. Not the cheapest but the best. Call or write for programs. RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 103 Adams-st., Chicago.

COOK'S TOURS TO ALL PARTS OF THE world. Send for list of parties and excursions. THOS. COOK & SON, 234 S. Clark-st.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

AMERICAN LINE
First Twin-Screw Express Service.
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—(LONDON).

St. Paul	June 25, 10 am	Phila	July 9, 10 am
Kensington	July 1, 2 pm	St. Paul	July 16, 10 am
St. Louis	July 2, 10 am	St. Louis	July 23, 10 am

PHILADELPHIA-QUEENSTOWN-LIVERPOOL.

Rhynland	June 21, 10 am	Belgenland	July 5, 9 am
Westl'd	June 26, 2:30 am	Haverford	July 12, 2 pm

RED STAR LINE.
*NEW STEAMERS OF 14,000 TONS.
NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.

*Twin-Screw Steamship	..VADERLAND..	Sat., June 21, noon.	
*Twin-Screw Steamship	..KROONLAND..	Sat., June 28, noon.	
*Twin-Screw Steamship	....ZEELAND....	Sat., July 5, noon.	

Staamship Friesland, Saturday, July 12, noon
*Twin-Screw Steamship ..VADERLAND.. Sat., July 19, noon.
*Twin-Screw Steamship ..KROONLAND.. Sat., July 26, noon.
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY.
Tel. Cent. 1111. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE—
TWIN-SCRE

June sale of Oriental rugs.

The semi-annual sale of Oriental rugs now in progress affords a saving of from a tenth to a third on the finest of Oriental floor coverings. You choose from the best display of Oriental rugs in Chicago.

Mandel Brothers Daily Store News

Exquisite ruffs for Derby wear, $3.

How the beauty of your Derby day costume will be enhanced by one of these dainty, fluffy ruffs made of gauzy liberty silk, chiffon and black or white dotted nets—prices $3 to 22.50.

Extraordinary ribbon clearance.

BARGAINS such as were never before offered in the height of the ribbon season will be enjoyed here during this sale.

Just when people are buying lightweight ribbons for summer uses we inaugurate a sale that saves them fully two-thirds the regular value of the ribbons.

It's our vast accumulation of ribbon remnants that we place on sale at this time, an assemblage of the rarest summer weaves, and the prices quoted bear no relation to the real worth or original cost. But another marvelous feature of this great sale is the fact that we are quoting radically reduced prices on some of the latest arrivals.

In some cases the reduction is half, some a third, others a fourth. But of this you may rest assured, you never before bought ribbons of good quality, patterns and colors at anywhere near the prices we are asking.

It's phenomenal—so out of the ordinary that people will have difficulty in fully crediting our statements until they visit this section and see with their own eyes.

Thousands of yards in ribbon remnants—they accumulated during our great early season sales, when we sold more ribbons, perhaps, than all the other Chicago houses combined; they represent almost every known pattern and weave of the season and come in ¾ and 1¼ yard lengths, plain satin and taffetas, corded taffetas, fancy stripes, moires, louisines, Dresden effects and crepe de chines—ribbons that sold up to 50c go during this great sale at **15c** and **10c** per yard.

10c **15c**

Plain and striped taffetas, all white, weaves that are in great demand just now—but right when they are selling splendidly at the regular price, 25c, we quote them at **17c.**

Plain taffeta ribbons, light colors, the kind you'll see priced at 25c elsewhere—were here, too, until today, but now you choose from a beautiful line at a third off, **17c.**

Batiste ribbons with colored border—a 35c quality and in very choice designs—reduced to less than half for immediate clearance, at **17c.**

35c, 50c and 65c plain satins in white, black and colors; also the same priced goods in the season's novelties, from 5 to 7 inches, **25c.**

10c **Basement: In the basement, the great clearing sale** includes some very remarkable values in washable taffeta ribbons—just the thing desired for summer wear—all the fresh, dainty shades of a great ribbon season—white, cream, pinks, blues and other colors—ribbons for sashes, corsage and hair bows and all sorts of dainty uses—a great ribbon purchase from an overloaded manufacturer included in this great clearance collection—grand 25c values on sale today at **10c per yard.** **10c**

Things deserving of comment.

Fine goods, those in our negligee shirts. But the same materials elsewhere wouldn't mean a Mandel shirt—not by any means.

Other ways of keeping cool besides living in the frigid zone.

Wield one of the Mandel fans—any style or kind will instantly reduce heat.

Palms at **2c**—others up to **$5.**

Has no equal—the La Fleur corset.

Women say they have never found anything so comfortable, nor of such value as a form producer.

You'll find it at Mandel's on a low price basis.

Some like them one way, some another, and the expression of a like or dislike results in a variety of styles.

Hence, the satisfaction in buying your nightgowns here.

Belts of all colors and designs in profusion, but smart dressers look askance at everything else when these jaunty rich greens made their appearance.

And no wonder, for they are extremely modish and attractive.

Yet they cost the same as the common sort.

Going to the coronation, or any other place for the summer?

If so, you'll want one of the Mandel trunks, suit cases or traveling bags—they're the most reliable found.

And you'll also like to have one of those handsome steamer rugs that are selling so fast just now.

Bright green bells, good size, hanging from a gauzy canopy surrounded and crossed by garlands of tiny white lilies and orange blossoms.

Stationery here that corresponds in every dainty detail to the decorations.

Yet the prices are very reasonable.

Flags of every description on the main floor. All sizes and materials, and you'll have use for many the next month.

The biggest flag day of all comes then.

For wear on Derby day—handsome pongee coats—positively the swellest wrap out this season.

Fancy pongee coats at **$40, $50, $65.**

Derby day glove modes.

A feature of the Derby day costume that's often neglected until the last moment is the selection of gloves.

But how important they seem when one comes to check off the accessories to the toilette and finds them missing.

We bought liberally for this great fashion event, the very cream of foreign manufacture, but the shipment upon which we counted most, which we felt better pleased with than anything we ever before brought to America, was unavoidably delayed.

It is here now, and whether you've already bought your gloves or not you'll do well to look the assortments over. It will pay to lay in a supply.

But if you had only seen these gloves you'd never have let them pass. They're in those charming French tints and exquisite French styles of which you have read so much in the fashion journals of late, which, in fact, the style critics at Epsom Downs aver, surpass anything the French ever produced in dainty glove elegance.

Trefousse suedes, 8, 12, and 16 button lengths, are extremely popular, because of their smart, stylish dressy appearance—tans, modes, grays, pearls, whites, and blacks. For those who wear long sleeves we have especially designed and imported the new Derby gauntlet glove—gauntlets can be detached so as to convert your gloves into a beautiful white dress or street glove, thus giving two pairs of gloves for the price of one. Then the new auto gloves are a special feature for this occasion, worthy of your consideration and approval.

Trefousse suedes, 8, 12 and 16 button lengths, 1.50 to $3.
The new Derby gauntlets, 2.50.
The popular auto gloves, $2.
White English Derby gloves, $2.

2 and 3 clasp Trefousse suedes, 1.50 to $2.
Fownes' grip driving gloves for men, 2.50.
Men's gauntlet gloves, 1.50.

The new four-in-hand men's driving gloves, 2.75.
Lace mitts and gloves in great variety and at prices you'll consider moderate.

Men's Derby day wear.

The great race at Washington Park will bring out the greatest gathering of smartly dressed men ever seen in Chicago.

It's to Mandel's that the fashionable dresser naturally turns for his swell Derby day apparel.

Our showing of men's summer clothing is replete with stylish, comfortable garments that equal custom tailor work in all particulars.

Men's white flannel Norfolk suits, skeleton unlined, satin finish—the proper suit for the Derby—at **$14.**

Men's single and double breasted white flannel suits, **$11.**

Men's white flannel trousers, specially priced, **$4.**

Our $10 Panama hat is absolutely correct in style and just the thing for the Derby.

Swell canes for the Derby. Handsome step partridge walking sticks in the opera and Prince of Wales shapes—perfectly plain at 75c—trimmed with sterling silver, **95c.** Canes with inlaid silver tops up to **$5.**

Grand clearing of all mussed and soiled $2 waists at 85c.

We've gone through our magnificent shirt waist assortments and wherever we found a waist that was a trifle soiled or mussed, no matter what the selling price, it went to swell this aggregation.

When you consider that laundering is all that the worst soiled waist in the lot needs in order to revive its freshness and daintiness and that many of them are scarcely marred at all you'll appreciate the advantages awaiting you.

There are about 30 different styles to select from, all beautifully made and finished—elaborately trimmed in all the pretty ways of the season—waists that sold up to 2.50 during our great sales—they were low priced then, but all you pay today is **75c.**

Basement: White and colored shirt waists worth from $1 to 1.50—the white waists are trimmed with lace and embroidery insertings, tuckings, etc., and the colored waists come in an exquisite assortment of fancy stripes—your choice at **50c.**

Great shoe purchase.

The popular Oxfords and colonials, $3.

Shoe bargains of the most satisfactory kind abound in this section today.

You pay the ordinary prices asked for ordinary shoes, but secure a grade of workmanship and a fineness of finish that belong to the exclusive styles that usually sell at $5 and $6.

They include the new dull matt kid colonial, the new bright kid Oxford and colonial, the new patent kid or patent leather Oxford and colonial—French, Cuban, military, opera and common sense heels, shoes that are especially comfortable for summer wear—prices, **$3, 3.50** and **$4.** **$3**

In misses' and children's shoes we offer splendid inducements—can't quote prices here, for there are too many kinds, but you'll find each kind lower than elsewhere in Chicago. Among the best are the celebrated Dugan and Hudson shoes for children.

Annual clearance pillow covers.

Third floor, State street.

There's a coterie of women who know about this clearing sale and always inquire about it.

To them and others who would like to enjoy exceptional saving advantages and secure beautiful pillows at a trifling expense we make this announcement.

These covers are not ready for use, but you will have the pleasure of embroidering them—watching the pretty patterns grow under your skillful touch.

Embroidering is an art that most women pride themselves upon, they're always ready to attempt any new design.

Nothing difficult, however, about the outlines here shown, but every one is very pretty and artistic.

All the odd lots of stamped sofa pillow covers in poster, floral and conventional designs that have formerly sold up to **$1,** to close at **19c.**

Great June sales silverware and artware.

Two events of interest to the prudent housewife are now in progress. They're the Annual June Sale of Artware and our Semi-Annual Sale of Silverware.

In artware you save 10%, 20%, 25%, 33⅓% and 50%.

In silverware you buy the choicest table silver ***At less than regular wholesale prices.***

Both sales are distinguished by high quality and vast assortments.

Clearance Arnold print fabrics at 9c.

In the economy salesroom, basement.

A couple of weeks ago we bought 75,000 yards of sample pieces of summer wash fabrics from the famous Arnold print works, and the way they sold at 15c a yard almost took our breath away.

But this tremendous sale has its aftermath, for thousands of short length remnants were left on our hands and these we propose to clear out immediately without reference to their cost or value.

Special bargain squares are heaped high with these remnants, and they represent every printed and woven domestic wash fabric shown this season, all good styles, choice colorings and serviceable lengths, and offer you your choice of the splendid assortment at 9c per yard.

9c **32-inch fine printed madras** and Oxfords, 32-inch pongees, French batistes, 32-inch imported mercerized sateens, satin stripe lawns, lace effects, fine dimities, soft louisines, printed surahs, galateas and covert skirtings, duck novelty cords and a splendid variety of other choice domestic fabrics, every one worth from 25c to 50c per yard, at the one amazing bargain price, 9c. **9c**

Weather indications: Fair and cooler.

Mandel's editorial comment.

Thursday, June 19th, 1902.

It would be the height of presumption to claim that this is a perfect store. It isn't. But it's a store that is going the right way. For years it has been steadily growing better in every respect, and has attained a standard of excellence that is notably high in the commercial world. You can help us materially in improving our store if whenever you have a cause for complaint you will promptly report the matter to us. You can depend upon our setting the matter right at once, and taking vigorous measures to provide against its future occurrence. This is your store as well as ours and we welcome your suggestions.

Men's coaching stocks for the Derby, $1.

The stock ties are being used this year for all outing purposes, but the real use is for coaching.

Here is where it started and it's the proper scarf for driving, riding and coaching.

Don't make the mistake of joining a coaching party on Derby day wearing a stiff collar, it's out of style—wear a stock, it's proper.

It's stylish and more comfortable, too—you'll scarcely see anything else on the well-dressed man at the races this year.

We've by far the largest assortment in town, and the most stylish and you'll not have to pay so much here—about one-third less than elsewhere—an elegant stock for **$1.**

Summer storage of fine furs.

The best way to safeguard your furs during the summer is to send them to our scientifically equipped storage rooms.

Here they are put away where you cannot possibly suffer loss through insects, dust, theft, etc. In the fall we return them re-dressed, which is alone worth our very small storage charge.

We repair and alter furs during the summer at a third less than winter rates. Advance styles from Berlin followed in remodeling.

Telephone Central 830, or write us a letter and we'll send our wagon for your furs.

Field glasses for summer tours.

With a good field glass you'll get double pleasure out of your trip this summer.

It brings distant landscapes near and unfolds them in all their beauty.

Nature study receives added zest when pursued with the aid of a field glass—many interesting traits of woodland denizens that could not otherwise be observed being revealed through its lenses.

We've a splendidly well-chosen line of field glasses at a wide range of prices.

One that is very satisfactory comes in a handsome leather case at

6.75

Charming cretonne novelties.

Third floor, State street.

In the making of dainty little whatnots for summer use cretonne plays a very important part.

We carry a most extensive line of fancy cretonnes in this season's chosen designs and colorings, which may be made up at slight expense into myriads of beautiful decorations.

Cretonne porch pillows, each 25c.
Fancy cretonne work boxes at 59c
Handsome cretonne handkerchief boxes, at 98c.
Cretonne and muslin dresser scarfs as low as 50c.

Handy folding trash basket of fine quality cretonne in assorted patterns and colorings at **98c.**

Laundry bags, 25c.

Basement.

Special items of interest from the bountiful treasures of our fancy goods section.

None of them but are priced below what you would ordinarily pay.

Embroidered laundry bags, large size, **25c.**

Great sale of Oriental sofa cushion covers, ready for use **10c.**

Sofa cushions, feather filled, ready to cover, **12½c.**

Heavy cords for sofa cushion finishing, per yard, **5c.**

Bargains in stamped or plain linens, all sizes, **25c.**

Exquisite hand made lace edge doylies, worth 50c, **25c.**

A word concerning the celebrated La Vida corset.

La Vida corsets are made in America—the materials are imported from France.

They're made strictly by hand and the aim throughout is to create a corset that's beyond the possibility of adverse criticism.

Fortified by a painstaking carefulness in which no detail is considered unimportant, the makers have evolved in the La Vida a corset which the most prejudiced corset hater would be obliged to admit to be absolutely hygienic.

La Vida corsets perform every function of a corset correctly, moulding the form into perfect outline, developing the figure, yet protecting the organs which some corsets might have a tendency to impair.

The secret of this wonderful quality of the La Vida lies in the fact that it is made from materials that retain their shape and that the strain is wholly taken by the hips and muscles of the back. The abdomen is shielded.

We call particular attention to the La Vida straight front corset—a corset built on the natural lines of the figure, giving freedom to every portion of the body, promoting ease in breathing by holding the shoulders in fine stalwart attitude.

This develops a graceful in-curve at the base of the spine and rounds hips and bust into symmetrical lines.

Every feature in the new costumes is anticipated in the new numbers of La Vida—we have sixteen distinct models for you to select from. We have fine coutil at **3.50** up; batiste at **6.50, 6.75** and **7.50;** brocaded batiste at **$12** and **$15.**

La Fleur corset is one of the new corsets which we have selected because of its rare beauty and scientific construction.

The Fasso—we are sole agents for the Fasso, recognized queen of corsets

DEATHS.

Notices or death notices will be cabled, in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the edition of the New York Herald. Persons so request, by writing on their notices, handing them in, or cabling to the New York Herald European edition."

Daley Irene. Charles.
Ann, Mrs. Anna. David. Frederick. Clifford. Mary E. Joseph. Flora. Claude M. Helen Grace. Augustus. Ida De Roy. Tilda.
Jackson, J. Thomas. Keyes, Sarah. Kelley, James H. Le Moyne, Julia Murray. Linderholm, Harry. Lazer, Leopold. Lynch, William. Mullen, Mary. McIntyre, Patrick. McDonnold, Margaret. O'Reilly, Eugene. Sperling, Edwin Raymond. Spreine, Helene C. D. Tooge, Charles A.

DAVIES—At her home, 635 Washington-blvd., June 17, 1902, Daisy Irene, eldest and beloved child of Ella C. and the late John Bonner. Notice of funeral later.

DELMAN—Charles, husband of Hannah Beckman. Funeral today at 1 p. m. from 807 N. Rockwell to Mount Olive.

DIX—Eddie, son of John and Mary Cox. Funeral today from 147 E. Division-st.

DUNCY—Mrs. Anna, aged 42 years, wife of Philip C. and the late John Bonner. Funeral from St. Mark's church, Evanston, to Calvary.

DUNAUGH—David, son of M. F. and the late Jane Cavanaugh. Funeral June 20 at 9:30 a. m. from 218 Orleans-st. to Holy Name church; thence by carriage to Calvary.

DUNN—Francis, dearly beloved husband of Ellen Dunn, nee O'Brien, father of John, Mamie, Frank and the late Nellie and Maud Dolan. Funeral from his late residence, 448 W. Ohio-st., Saturday, at 10 o'clock, to St. Columbkill's church, where solemn high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriage to Calvary.

DUFF—June 17, 1902, John Clifford Foust, aged 4 years. Funeral from his late home, 24 Scott Park, Friday at 1 o'clock. Interment at Rose Hill.

EDDEMAN—June 18, aged 67 years, Mary B., wife of F. J. Freeman. Funeral June 21 at 11 o'clock from 1655 Lexington-st., by carriage to Lincoln cemetery.

FREUND—Joseph, beloved husband of Bertha Freund, aged 39 years. Funeral from his late residence, 1902 Wilcox-st. Interment at the Free Sons' cemetery, Friday, June 20, at 10 a. m.

GLANCHRIST—June 17, aged 66 years, Nora, beloved wife of the late Alexander, and mother of Mrs. Alexander, the late Mary Ann, and Hugh Gilchrist. Funeral Friday from her late residence, 2124 Pine-av., Austin, to St. Catherine's church, where carriages to Graceland. Burial private.

HARDIE—June 15, Augusta, wife of J. A. Hardie. Funeral June 18 from 5409 Bishop-st. to Rose Hill cemetery.

HARSON—Irwin De Roy, aged 7 years, son of Irwin and Sophie Hansen. Funeral June 20 at 1 p. m. from 200 Milwaukee-av.

HAYES—June 18, 1902, Helen Grace, beloved child of Mrs. Minnie Hayes, and sister of Edward and Frank, aged 13 years and 10 months. Funeral from her late residence, 3101 Prairie-av., Friday, June 20, at 9:30 a. m., to Holy Cross church.

HARSON—June 17, aged 51 years, Tilda, wife of Dr. Harson. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 41 Oakwood-blvd., to Graceland.

HALLETT—Claude M., June 15, 1902, age 24 years, beloved son of Rosalia Hallett and brother of Mrs. Hallett. Funeral from his late home, 636 Washington-av., Thursday, at 2 p. m. Interment at West Salem. Jackson (Mich.) papers please copy.

HELEN—Mary (nee Martin), beloved wife of Peter Helen and the late Nicholas Helen, aged 49 years. Funeral from her late residence, 169 Armitage-av., to Immaculate Conception church, where high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Mt. Carmel. Member of Court Chicago, No. 232, C. O. F. Special ladies' sodality of St. Charles Borromeo's church.

HENTIRE—Patrick McIntire, aged 65 years. Funeral June 20, 8:30 a. m., from 1043 Wells-av. to St. Cecilia's church; burial at Calvary.

HOONOLD—Margaret, aged 39 years, wife of William McDonnell. Funeral June 20 at 8:30 a. m. from 58 Schofield-av. to St. Vincent's church, thence by carriage to Calvary.

HURELLY—In San Remo, Italy, Eugene, husband of the late Catherine O'Reilly, 3218 Michigan-av. Notice at Calvary cemetery. Funeral strictly private.

SPERLING—Edwin Raymond, aged 24 days, son of Peter and Sophia Sperling. Funeral June 20 from 134 String-st. to Waldheim cemetery.

STEPHENSON—Helene C., Sprains, June 17, at 93 S. Sawyer-av. Funeral notice later.

TOOPS—June 16, 1902, Charles A. Toop, consul of Greece to Thomas post No. 9, department of Illinois, G. A. R. Remains at the residence to be escorted from his late residence, 258 N. Leavitt-st., to the tabernacle, Morgan-st. and Washington-blvd., on Thursday, at 10th inst., at 2 o'clock, p. m., where services will be held at Rose Hill cemetery. Comrades are requested to attend.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the Health department; Conoy, 66, 161 W. Polk-st., June 16.
Hallett, Claude M., 24, Rose house, June 16.
Hallett, Frank, 50, 50 Augusta-st., June 18.
Hall, Adam, 85, 49 Ward-st., June 17.
Hall, Mrs. Adam, 85, 49 Ward-st., June 18.
Hall, Charles, 54, 807 N. Rockwell-st., June 18.
Hall, Tilda, 26, 736 N. Washtenaw-av., June 17.
Hansen, Thomas, 19, 164 Chicago-av., June 15.
Harson, Agnes, 51, 46 E. Fullerton-av., June 18.
Harson, Irwin De Roy, 7, 200 Milwaukee-av., June 18.
Hayes, Frank, 50, 3101 Prairie-av., June 16.
Hayes, Helen Grace, 13, 3101 Prairie-av., June 16.
Hayes, Minnie, 48, 3101 Prairie-av., June 16.
Hayes, Mrs. Minnie, 48, 3101 Prairie-av., June 18.
Hayes, Nellie, 21, 3101 Prairie-av., June 18.
Hayes, Thomas, 19, 3101 Prairie-av., June 18.
Hayes, Thomas, 19, 3101 Prairie-av., June 18.
Hayes, Thomas, 19

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESMEN—TO START BRANCH STORES—The largest exclusive custom tailoring house offers a fine opportunity to experienced tailoring or clothing salesmen of good reputation; to such men they will furnish a complete equipment, including woolens in the piece, to start a modern merchant tailoring business; no investment required on part of the salesman; salaries guaranteed to right parties; many men who started in this way a years or two ago are now well rated merchants. For further particulars address M. K. SHANNON, Lock Box 329, Chicago.

SALESMEN—CALLING REGULARLY ON THE dry goods trade in the States of Ill., Ia., Minn., Neb., Mo., and Kas. to carry our hosiery and linings on commission; can be carried as a side line; a liberal commission will be paid. Address J 318, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—WE WANT THREE EXPERT paint salesmen, high grade, of special ability, to reach large consumers; qualified to make contracts, etc.; men with credentials and records, who can produce results; only business getters need apply. Address R 108, Tribune office.

SALESMEN — OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE and good appearance; the right party will secure profitable employment and good pay. Apply between 9 and 12 a. m. International Society [DA-V18], 131 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN — HUSTLING, ENTHUSIASTIC salesmen, acquainted with city grocers; salary; no samples. 508 Fort Dearborn Bldg.

SOLICITORS—FOR CITY AND COUNTRY towns; experienced men preferred; every nationality; permanent; positions to good men; very remunerative; reliable house; will advance money. The American Exploitation Co., Suite 301, 112 South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

SOLICITORS—EXPERIENCED MERCANTILE agents solicited; can show unusual opportunity to secure permanent and profitable position with new agency; pick of territory. D 256, Tribune.

SOLICITORS—A FEW MORE FIRST-CLASS, FOR CITY AND GUN OF FUN. WORK; GOOD PAY. PERMANENT POSITION ALL AND INVESTIGATE.
ROOM 507, 234 LA SALLE-ST.

TRAVELER—WHO IS POSTED IN WATCHES and jewelry and is acquainted with Western trade. Address D 347, Tribune office.

TRAVELING MAN—FOR COLORADO, UTAH, and Wyoming; must have established trade and be experienced in shirts and overalls [union made]. Address F 489, Tribune office.

TRAVELING SALESMEN—THAT CAN SELL calendars; good commission. HARMEGNIES & HOWELL, 302 Dearborn-st.

TRAVELING MEN—SALARY $80 MONTH; ALL expenses; commence; $25 cash security required. 325 Wabash-av. Monarch Co.

YOUNG MAN—TO SELL RETAIL GROCERS ON commission; profit figured from flat cost. Address F 356, Tribune office.

Boys.

APPRENTICE BOY—TO LEARN MACHINIST trade. Apply American Tag Co., 1707 So. Clark-st.

BELL BOY—PRIVATE FAMILY HOTEL. Apply at 163 State-st., Room 61.

BOY—15-16 YEARS OF AGE, IN OFFICE OF wholesale house; wages, $4 to start; first-class chance for promotion. Address R V 447, Tribune office.

BOY—IN BANK; PREFER ONE LIVING ON west side; state age and references. Address R E 119, Tribune office.

BOY—GOOD, BRIGHT, 16; $3.50, $4 WEEK; permanent. Address D 451, Tribune office.

BOY—TO DRIVE DELIVERY WAGON. CALL between 8:30 and 9:30 a. m. 550 Fifth-av.

BOY—TENOR SINGER; TRAVEL; GOOD chance; state age. Address K N 307, Tribune.

BOY—TO ASSIST IN OFFICE AND LEARN MECHANICS. DUFFY, 125 Indiana-st.

BOY—TO WORK IN FACTORY. APPLY AMERICAN Tag Co., 1707 S. Clark-st.

BOYS—GRADUATES OF GRAMMAR SCHOOLS, between 14 and 16 years of age; bright, earnest boys, who are desirous of obtaining good, permanent positions. Apply with affidavits.
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.,
Fulton and Jefferson-sts.

BOYS — BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT, 14 TO 16 years old, to make city deliveries. Address or apply to GAGE BROTHERS & CO. 129 Michigan-av.

BOYS—ABOUT 16 YEARS, LIVING ON SOUTH side. The Davies Laundry Co., 418 Dearborn-st.

BRIGHT LAD OR YOUTH IN ADVERTISING department; good handwriting essential. Address, with full particulars, D 464, Tribune office.

LARGE BOY TO WRAP BUNDLES; MUST have experience; steady position; salary $5 to start. Apply SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.,
Fulton and Jefferson-sts.

NEAT, STRONG BOY, ABOUT 20 YEARS OLD for office work. Apply with references to Daniel Schroeder, with F. M. Atwood, n. w. cor. Madison and Clark-sts.

OFFICE BOY—OFFICE OF WEST SIDE FACtory, Goldblatt Bros., 1000 West Madison-st.; a young boy, bright, and good penman; give age, experience. Address D 475, Tribune office.

OFFICE BOY—16, EXPERIENCED IN FILING, copying, telephoning, etc.; best opportunity and a permanent position for a good boy. Apply between 9 and 12 a. m. International Society [DA-V18], 131 Wabash-av.

OFFICE BOY — NEAT, BRIGHT; AGE 16; good writer; assist in mailing room; $3.50. HOWARD, 508 Fort Dearborn Building.

OFFICE BOY—GOOD WRITER; ONE WHO UNderstands copying letters. Address D 479, Tribune office.

OFFICE BOY—NEAT, GOOD WRITER; $5. 740, 108 La Salle-st.

OFFICE BOY. 318 Dearborn-st., Room 521.

STOCK BOY—EXPERIENCED.
Apply supt., 5th floor, at 8 a. m.
A. M. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

STOCK BOY—EXP. IN RUBBER OR LEATHER shoe stock. 408, 134 Monroe-st.

STRONG BOY—IN STORE; $2.50-$4 WEEK; permanent. Address D 246, Tribune office.

Trades.

BAKER—GOOD. E. C. SCHOUTEN, KEOKUK, Ia.

BOILERMAKERS—AND HELPERS—EXPERIenced, for railroad shop away from Chicago; free transportation; good wages. Apply Room 80, Garden City Hotel, Northwestern Ave.

CARPENTER—TO DO SOME REPAIR WORK in exchange for dentistry. D 421, Tribune.

COMPOSITOR—JOB PRINTER.
A. J. FEATHERSTONE,
368 Dearborn-st.

CRATERS—2, FIRST CLASS; APPLY QUICK Chapoton Carriage Co., Joliet, Ill.

DESIGNER AND DETAILER—GOOD PAY. Address R V 354, Tribune office.

DRAFTSMAN—FIRST-CLASS ARCHITECTURAL. Address D 230, Tribune office.

DRAFTSMEN—TWO—TO DESIGN MACHINES. such as automatic screw machines; good company and pay. Address D 334, Tribune office.

FLORIST—TO WORK IN A GREEN HOUSE. Address 5329 S. Morgan-st.

FOREMAN—FOR SMALL BRASS FOUNDRY in Milwaukee. Where very fine work is done; must be thoroughly competent, experienced, and reliable. Address R V 283, Tribune office.

LADLE CRANE OPERATORS—EXPERIENCED; state age, experience, references, salary required. Peru Steel Casting Co., Peru, Ind.

LARD REFINER—WANTED, TO TAKE CHARGE lard refinery in packing house; must be experienced and thoroughly competent. Address, giving full particulars, D 253, Tribune office.

LAYERS OUT—3—FOR STRUCTURAL AND plate work; must be strictly first class men. The Great Northern Construction Co., Harvey, Ill.

LINOTYPE OPERATOR—UNION WAGES. Republican Printing company, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

LITHOGRAPHIC COLOR ARTIST—ADDRESS Greve Show Printing Co., Milwaukee.

MACHINISTS—15 GOOD MEN FOR BENCH and floor work. Welburn-Swenson Co., Chicago Heights, Ill.

MARBLE SETTERS—WE NEED ADDITIONAL marble setters, marble cutters, and bed rubbers. Address Peoria Stone and Marble Works, Peoria, Ill.

METAL PATTERN MAKER—APPLY GEORGE M. CLARK CO., Harvey, Ill.

PAINTERS—CARRIAGE PAINTERS, TRIMmers, and gear mounters to go West; steady job. The Studebaker Bros. Mfg. Co., Dallas City, Ill.

PATTERN MAKERS—FOR ARCHITECTURAL iron work. Butler Iron Works, 35th and Butler-sts.

Coachmen. Teamsters, Etc.

COACHMAN—FOR PRIVATE FAMILY IN KENwood; married coachman without children; must be a careful driver and understand the care of first class horses, carriages, and stable; references required. Address D 441, Tribune office.

House Servants.

BUTLER—EXPERIENCED, A GOOD TABLE waiter. 309 Michigan-av.

Agents Wanted.

NOTICE, AGENTS!!!

Write us for particulars concerning shares in a company soon to be brought out. Investors will want them. They will sell rapidly. Opening price will be to advertise now, rapidly advance. We have underwritten a block of stock and will give liberal commissions to all agents who will apply to us promptly for an allotment to sell.

The Mutual Security and Trust Co.,
1104 and 1105, 167 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—WE HAVE FOUR NEW PATENTS that are selling like wild fire and guarantee you $25 per day clear profit. Your offers will be such that no man or woman can refuse them; you need no capital to start, as we guarantee to send you complete samples free the day we receive your letter; we want local and general agents and men of ability; to them we offer the opportunity of a lifetime. Write at once and secure outfit and territory. Auto Braham Co., 536, Cincinnati, O.

"DO YOU WANT THE BEST PROPOSITION?" Don't look for any other. We are the money-maker for out of town people to handle; the latest style Victor and Columbia talking machines; honorable methods; quick returns; agents wanted everywhere; write at once for particulars. U. S. Gramophone Co., 165 E. Washington-st.

MILWAUKEE FRUIT JAR WRENCH AND holder; thousands sold; big money; prepaid 40 cents; agents wanted; newest, latest, best, fits pint, quart, 2 quart jars; 60 page catalogue best selling novelties. American Consumers' Alliance, Milwaukee, Wis.

AGENTS FOR COUNTIES—TO SELL TO FAMILIES; hand laundries and tailors. The Nonpareil self heating sadiron. Write for terms. BERGMAN & CO., 99 W. Erie-st.

AGENTS WANTED — WE HAVE THE BEST gas lighter up to date; good money for hustlers. Call or write. R. 518, 60 Wabash-av.

WANTED—AGENT TO SELL VARNISH AND paints. Address P 466, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER — FIRST-CLASS; PREFER young man with law experience; must live in city; $20 per mo. MACDONALD, 134 Monroe-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN, BEGINNER, with machine; low start. D 488, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN, REM. OPERator; $50. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN, REM., GOOD penman; $18. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

Miscellaneous.

A GOOD WINDOW DRESSER AND CARD writer. Address I. FREIMUTH, Duluth, Minn.

ACTORS AND ACTRESSES—TWO, QUICK, FOR Francesca Lafayette Dramatic company, all season, now organizing. Call 11 a. m. Clark-st., Crown Hotel. MISS LAFAYETTE, manager.

ATTORNEY—TO ASSIST IN LEGAL DEPARTment of manufacturing company; young man with some commercial experience, good habits, and ready to work. State age, experience, and pay expected. Address D 338, Tribune office.

BARTENDER—AMERICAN OR IRISH, WITH first class references; none over 30 years need apply. Address D 433, Tribune office.

CAR CLEANERS—COLORED OR WHITE. Apply Room 9, Atlantic hotel.

FIRST TENOR—FOR MALE QUARTET, CITY work; max sly feet tall preferred; must read music and have trained voice. Address O 253, Tribune office.

HUSTLERS — UNMARRIED YOUNG MEN TO travel; good salary. Address O 218, Tribune.

JANITOR—COLORED; MUST HAVE HAD EXperience and furnish best references. Apply today between 10 and 11. N. w. cor. Michigan-blvd. and 55th-st. Ask for MISS BRIGGS.

JANITOR—APARTMENT BLDG., SO. SIDE; no children; best refs. Address D 476, Tribune.

LABORERS—THIRTY FOR STEEL PLANT. Apply 1720 Old Colony Bldg.

MAN—OF GOOD STANDING AND SOME ACquaintance, to assist in interesting investors in securities of unquestioned merit; salary or commission. Address K P 231, Tribune office.

MANAGER—MUST BE AMBITIOUS AND CApable of hiring agents to sell house furnishing goods. D. C. Burdick Co., 270 Main-st., Oshkosh, Wis.

ORGANIZER—UP TO DATE; MUST BE EXPErienced in insurance and building and loan; salary, $100 per month and commission. Address J 325, Tribune office.

PACKERS—THAT ARE GOOD BURLAPERS; those who have had furniture packing; none others need apply. Apply at once. JOHN M. SMITH & Co., 257 W. Madison-st.

PACKERS—GOOD MEN ON GENERAL MERchandise; must have some experience; steady position; good pay. Apply SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.,
Fulton and Jefferson-sts.

PORTER—
169 E. MADISON.

WINDOW DRESSER—CIGAR STORES; TO draw origin; artistic designs from abundant material; good letterer; age, salary. D 422, Tribune.

YARD FOREMAN—KENWOOD BRIDGE CO., Grand Crossing.

YOUNG MEN—TO RUN ON R. R. TRAINS. Union News Co., 307 Fifth-av.

YOUNG MEN—TO TRAVEL AND EDUCATIonal proposition. Call forenoon, 1107 Nat. Life Bldg.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER, FIRST CLASS.....$25
Extender, very rapid.....20
Bookkeeper and cashier.....18
Stenographer, good penman.....15
Correspondent and stenographer.....18
Bookkeeper, experienced young man.....15
Shipping clerk; must be in making.....15
Office clerks, good penmen and figurers, $12 and 12
Stenographer, to leave city.....12
Ledger keeper, references.....12
Stenographer; for railroad office.....12
Stenographer, young man, collection dept. work.....10
Asst. bookkeeper, young man.....8
Asst. shipping clerk; young man.....6
MERCANTILE AGENCY,
185 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—EXP.....$15
Stenographer, exp.....12
Men, exp. in foundry office work, timekeeping, etc.....12
Office clerk, exp.....12
Correspondent and collection clerk; exp.....12
Salesman, exp. in hardware.....9
Stenographer, exp.....8
Stock boy, exp. in rubber or leather goods.....5
Office boy, good penman.....5
Boys for office, errands, office and errands, shipping, each.....$3 to 5
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
92 La Salle-st.

MEN—SEEKING PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT shall register; positions now open for bookkeepers, $18; COLLECTORS, $15; shipping, receiving, railroad, stock clerks, $12 to $20; GENERAL OFFICE assistants, $15; cashiers, $15; general office builders, hardware, gents' furnishing, dry goods entry, bill clerks, $10, $12, $15; salesmen, city, $18; road, $75; $15; WAYCROSS, $15; janitors, office building, $75; ELEVATOR runners, $13; engineer, machinists, $18; helpers, $10; delivery drivers, $12; useful men, $10; $12; $15; for houses, freight and [illegible]; licensed. Guarantee Agency, 195 La Salle, R. 14.

MEN LOOKING FOR WORK. CALL—POSITIONS secured for watchmen, janitors, truckers, checkers, callers, packers, wholesale and warehouse men, $12 up; engineers, firemen, oilers, elevator men, $12 up; bookkeepers, stenographers, telegraphers, collectors, cashiers, billing, entry, shipping clerks, and office men, $15 up; farm managers, caretakers, men for street car lines, railroad wipers, oilers, engineers, firemen, distributing samples and agents, $60 up; all other work.
RELIANCE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
Licensed by State. 200 State-st., Room 57.

MISPLACED—
Sometimes a man doesn't succeed because he is in the wrong place. Sometimes a man is good in a position, but no good in that one. If either description fits you, come and see us. Our system is a success. puts the right man in the right place.
THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY,
1007, 160 Washington-st. and 311, 21 Quincy-st.
Call at either office, as most convenient.

STENOGRAPHER—AND BOOKKEEPER.....$15
Stenographers, four.....$10 to 15
Office men, two.....8 to 12
Entry clerk, rapid figurer.....10
Timekeepers, three.....$12 to 15
Assistant bookkeeper, young man.....8
Office boys, neat.....$4 to 5
MERCHANTS' CLERICAL EXCHANGE,
740, 108 La Salle-st.

MEN—TO LEARN BARBER TRADE; SPLENdid chance offered now by short and thorough method; term not limited; steady practice, expert instructions, position guaranteed, wages first days; positions numerous. Write today. Moler Barber College, 435 Wabash-av.

BUTLER—EXPERIENCED; WHITE; FOR PRIvate family in summer resort; references required; wages $60. 1462 Michigan-av.

BUTLER—FOR SUMMER; $60 MONTH. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st.

BOOKKEEPER—$10 TO $12 PER WEEK.
ENRIGHT & CO., 21 W. Lake-st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

MUST BE DISPOSED OF AT ONCE, REGARDless of cost, elegant and magnificent; nearly furnished home, consisting of mahogany parlor furniture, parlor table, and pedestals, mahogany davenport, grand piano, fine oil paintings, leather couch and chairs, library table, combination bookcase, brass beds (box spring and hair mattress), mahogany bird's eye maple, and oak dressers, chiffoniers, and dressing tables; carpets, rugs all sizes, portieres, lace curtains, paintings, mirrors, clocks, chandeliers, and elegant mahogany upright piano. These goods have been used but a short time, and are worth looking at. Must be sold by Thursday night, notwithstanding the fact that they have been slightly used; no reasonable offer refused; will sell separately if desired. Any time. 3051 Ashland-blvd.

COMPLETE FURNISHINGS OF A PRIVATE home, not used four months, at a great sacrifice, including mahogany parlor suite, brass beds, springs, and hair mattresses, dressers, chiffoniers, mahogany, and dining room suite, and leather couch; must sell by Saturday; leaving city; sell separately. 3521 Ellis-av.; also highgrade mahogany upright piano.

OWNER LEAVING CITY WILL SACRIFICE contents of beautiful home; mahogany parlor suite, davenport, and chairs, golden oak dining set, library table, leather Turkish chairs, lace curtains, drapes, rugs, brass beds, dressers, chiffoniers, hair mattresses, upright piano, harp attachment. Call 3283 Vernon-av.

GREAT BARGAINS IN RUGS THIS WEEK; overloaded; 9 ft. by 12 ft. heavy Wilton velvet tapestry, only $16.50. THE RUG STORE, Wabash-av. and Congress-st.
O. W. RICHARDSON & CO., Props.

I PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR FURNIture of flats, hotels, and dealers' stocks. 'Phone Monroe 592. DEWAR, 381 Madison-st.

SPOT CASH WITHOUT DELAY FOR FURNIture of private residences or dealers' stocks. WALLS, 507 W. Madison-st. Tel. Halsted 554.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, SLIGHTLY USED, SPEcial sale every day; highest place in Chicago. 65 to 75 E. 31st-st. PHALIN, BENNETT & CO.

KENWOOD STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.—Move, pack, ship, store, or buy h. h. furniture. 214 E. 45d-st. Tel. Oak. 60. T. W. Philpot, Mgr.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR 8-ROOM FLAT; good as new; leaving city. 1000 W. 13th-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—LIGHT EXTENSION-TOP surrey, seats four; rubber tire, top, full-spring buggy; rubber tire McCaffrey runabout; handsome trap; single gold-mounted road and surrey harness; above are new and made by best makers; also handsome family horse; sell separately. Private stable, 605 W. Harrison-st.

WANTED—SMALL DRIVING HORSE, SOUND, quick; city broke. In exchange for high grade Smith hammerless gun, solid leather gun and shell cases, all new; a fine gentleman's outfit; describe horse fully; no dealers. Address D 374, Tribune.

SADDLE HORSES THAT ARE ESPECIALLY educated for city use, and a few choice driving horses. Are for sale at W. W. Sims' Chicago Stables, 768 S. 45th-st. 'Phone Drexel 1193.

SEVERAL KENTUCKY HIGH CLASS SADDLE and harness horses for sale. North Side Riding Academy, 527 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—EXTENSION TOP CUT-UNDER surrey, electric lamps, rubber tires; nearly new; must sell quickly. Huber's livery, 259 N. State.

FOR SALE—STYLISH VICTORIA, ALMOST brand new; can be seen at RONEY'S LIVERY, 410 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—AT BARGAIN—TWO FIRST-CLASS landau's; carriage boughten; all in first-class shape; bargain. 3535 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—FINE 3-SEAT ROCKAWAY; LITtle used; cost $600; great bargain. P 109, Tribune.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE—
The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Edward Leger & Son, doing business at Nos. 126 Franklin-st., Chicago, Ill., and 753 Broadway, New York, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. A. D. Curtis will continue the business heretofore carried on at the locations aforesaid under the old firm name of Edward Leger & Son.
EDWARD LEGER.
May 15, 1902. HARRY E. LEGER.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables with privilege of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 282 and 284 Wabash-av.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER — AND TYPEWRITER — FOR good W. Side position; $10. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

BOOKKEEPER — LADY; EXPERIENCED; state experience and refs. D 371, Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER—NEAT, GOOD WRITER, $12. 740, 148 Washington-st.

GIRL GRADUATE TO ASSIST IN OFFICE; $5 weekly. Address D 329, Tribune office.

GIRLS—EXPERIENCED IN ADDRESSING AND general clerical work; must write good, rapid hand. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, education; D 500, Tribune office.

LADY—OF EXPERIENCE, TO WORK ON CARD index; mention experience and pay expected. Address D 397, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADY—IN BANK; MUST WRITE GOOD hand, be accurate at figures; state age, references, and salary. Address R E 120, Tribune office.

Domestics.

COOK—GOOD; ALSO LAUNDRESS AND A kitchen girl, in country; $20 a month. Room 812, 112 Dearborn-st.

COOK—COLORED, TO GO TO COUNTRY; NO laundry work; best of references required. 6116 Hibbard-av.

COOK—GERMAN OR SCANDINAVIAN, WITH references preferred. Call on MRS. MERRITT STARR, Winnetka.

DINING ROOM GIRL — EXPERIENCED; AT once. 3105, 3864 Cottage Grove-av.

DOMESTIC—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; small family; good wages. Call 107 Gale-av., or telephone 3381 River Forest, Ill.

GIRL—ABOUT JUNE 27, GOOD GIRL OR young woman to go to country with family for the summer; must be a good plain cook. 6133 Monroe-av., 2d floor.

GIRL — NEAT COLORED; FOR DINING ROOM; must be competent and good waitress. 5000 Madison-av.

GIRL FOR GENERAL WORK, FAMILY OF 2; reference. 3220 Rush-st., flat 4.

GIRL—GENERAL HOUSEWORK; 3 ADULTS; no washing; wages, $5. 44 Ashland-blvd.

GIRL—GOOD, FOR STEADY PLACE; GOOD wages, 5542 Madison-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT COLORED GIRL for general housework; must have thorough knowledge of cooking and how to serve; highest wages and excellent place for right party; two adults; no washing or froning; no application will be considered without satisfactory references. Address D 218, Tribune office.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork, 8-room flat, three in family; no children; good wages to competent girl; references required. 1623 Monroe-st., flat 4.

HOUSEWORK—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of two. Apply Flat X E, 4127 Michigan-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork, without laundry work, for north shore suburb. Address D 484, Tribune office.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; small family. 2410 Magnolia-av., Edgewater. Evanston car to Berwyn-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; 2 in family; references. 560 45th-st., near Grand-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork where second girl is kept; German or Swedish preferred. Call Thursday even., 27 Scott-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; experienced; good wages; small family. 6056 Kimbark-av.

HOUSEWORK—GERMAN OR SWEDE GIRL for general housework. Apply at once. 5809 Washington-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Write or call. A. N. GAGE, 728 Reaper Block.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; wages, $5. 1060 Winthrop-av., Edgewater.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; 4 in family. 4520 Oakenwald-av., 2d flat.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 4415 Michigan-av.

SECOND GIRL — COMPETENT. CALL 5765 Washington-av.

WAITRESSES—TWO, EXPERIENCED; $4.50 to $5 per week; those having exp. in country hotel. Address Hotel Woodstock, Woodstock, Ill.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER—COMPETENT, IMMEDIATEly, to take charge of the domestic part of a small hospital. Address R V 345, Tribune office.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

HELPERS—FIRST-CLASS; GOOD SALARY. 4206 Lake-av., The Arizona, D4.

PLAIN SEWER—AND CHILDREN CLOTHING. 3320 Cottage Grove-av., top flat.

SEAMSTRESS—IMMEDIATELY, FIRST-CLASS, on children's clothing. 1907 S. State-st.

WAIST, SKIRT, AND SLEEVE HANDS. Steady position. 2441 Indiana-av.

WOMEN TAILORS—THOROUGHLY EXPERIenced on men's garments. Apply Superintendent. THE HUB.

Laundresses.

LAUNDRESS—FIRST-CLASS; FOR PRIVATE family at Green Lake, Wis.; good wages. Call 4500 Michigan-av.

LAUNDRESS — FIRST-CLASS, PERMANENT; must have references. 1725 Graceland-av.

Nurses.

NURSE—NOT A GRADUATE, ELDERLY. DR. T. S. MIDDLETON, 802 Stewart building, State and Washington-sts.

NURSE—A COMPETENT GIRL; SMALL PRIvate family; must be German, or speak good German; good wages. 1748 Deming-pl.

NURSE GIRL—NOT OVER 25 YEARS OLD; PERmanent position to right girl. MRS. BARTLETT, 2958 Michigan-av.

NURSE GIRL—EXPERIENCED; GOOD REFERences required. Apply 4405 Lake-av.

Agents Wanted.

WOMEN—BRIGHT, TO SELL STRONGEST LIFE Insurance on best terms to agents. 502, 98 State-st.

SALESWOMEN—CITY OR COUNTRY; BEST medical preparation on the market; good salary to right parties. Address D 314, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER AND RECord clerk—One that is rapid in good hand; Remington or Oliver; $9. OTIS, 92 La Salle.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER AND OFfice girl—S. P. machine; bright and capable; $8 to $10. OTIS, 92 La Salle-st.

FIRST-CLASS LADY STENOGRAPHER—REMable experience required; large corporation; $15 to $18. OTIS, 92 La Salle.

STENOGRAPHER—FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY respect and able to take dictation on machine part of the time; good downtown position; $12. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHER — WIDE-AWAKE YOUNG lady, experienced in life insurance preferred; must be neat, and good penman; salary $50. Apply in own handwriting. D 154 Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—TO BE HEAD STENOG. and have charge of an office; fine position. $12. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER ON Oliver machine; must be H. S. graduate; forenoons only. DUFFY, 125 Indiana-st.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE GIRL—SMITHPremier; bright and energetic; some experience; $6. OTIS, 92 La Salle.

STENOGRAPHER—GOOD REMINGTON OPERator, $12. 740, 148 Washington-st.

YOUNG WOMAN — TO DO STENOGRAPHY, typewriting, and general office work. Apply by letter, stating references and salary required. Address D 405, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

BINDERY GIRLS—A. J. FEATHERSTONE, 368 Dearborn-st.

DINING ROOM GIRL—MUST BE NEAT; EXPErience not necessary. Hulbert's Cafe, 915 N. Clark.

FORELADY—EXPERIENCED; SILK WAISTS factory; steady work; good pay. D 280, Tribune.

GIRLS—
418 DEARBORN-ST., 2D FLOOR.

GIRLS—TO FEED GORDON PRESS. APPLY American Tag Co., 1707 S. Clark-st.

MANGLE GIRLS, SHAKERS, BODY IRONERS—Good wages. Goodrich Transp. Co. laundry, 219-221 Indiana-st.

SOLICITOR—LADY; HIGH CLASS; GOOD PAY for aggressive party. Room 72, 83 Washington-st., after 3 p. m.

WOMAN—OF EDUCATION, WITH SOME BUSIness experience; state what line; one of middle age preferred. Address O 297, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADIES—ATTRACTIVE, BRIGHT, UP to date, to sell stock in a co-operative cash coupon company to merchants in and out of Chicago. 209 Great Northern Building.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER—EXP.....$12
Stenographer and bookkeeper.....
Stenographer, Rem., mail order exp.....10
Bookkeeper and typewriter, exp.....10
Bookkeeper and stenographer; exp.....9
Stenographer and bookkeeper, exp.....8
Stenographer, Hartford, exp.....
Office clerk, exp.....6
Girl in South Side bakery.....6
Stenographer, S. P., and office clerk.....6
Girl, fair penman.....$3 to 4
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
92 La Salle-st.

WHAT'S THE USE
of hunting for a position? We have more places than we can fill—especially for stenographers at $10 and $12 per week. If you are working at $6 or $10 and are honestly worth more, see us at once.
THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY,
1007, 160 Washington-st. and 311, 21 Quincy-st.
Call at either office, as most convenient.

ANY WELL REFERENCED DOMESTIC CAN secure a fashionable and good paying position by calling at our office at once; our bureau is established for the sole purpose of giving worthy women work in reliable homes.
Home Science Bureau, Room 214, 115 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—WEST SIDE.....$12
Bookkeeper, southwest side.....50
Stenographers, two.....12
Stenographers, three.....$5 to 10
MERCHANTS' CLERICAL EXCHANGE,
740, 108 La Salle-st.

CHICAGO EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 118 5TH-av.—Wanted, 1,000 female help for city, country, and summer resorts, hotels, restaurants, domestics, factories work, and help for all kinds positions; housework situations free. Tel. 84 Main.

LADIES—SPLENDID CHANCE FOR LADIES to learn hairdressing, manicuring, and facial massage; only four weeks required. Call or write. Moler College, 435 Wabash-av.

RECEPTION LADY—FOR DOCTOR'S OFFICE; must be neat. Morrell Agency, 146 State-st.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

MADAM HUNT'S MILLINERY SCHOOL—BEST in city; positions furnished; indorsed by leading wholesale houses. 1201 Masonic temple.

CHICAGO TAILORING INSTITUTE, 209 STATE-st., teaches scientific garment cutting; ladies' tailoring by expert men tailors; patterns cut.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

LEARN MILLINERY, DESIGNING, DRESScutting, dressmaking and ladies' tailoring. Pupils advanced rapidly all departments; high class work this month. The very latest shirt waist or skirt patterns, cut to fit, only 50c. Makes dressmaking easy, at McDowell's School, 78 State-st.

DESIGNING, CUTTING, GRADING MEN'S AND women's garments taught. Crown bonry's Sartorial Academy, 185 Dearborn-st., Suite 505-6-7-8.

S. T. TAYLOR SCHOOL OF DRESSCUTTING—Positions waiting for competent pupils; special lessons in cutting skirts. 157 State-st., 4th floor.

TAILORS' CUTTING SCHOOLS.

CHAS. J. STONE CO., TAILORS' CUTTING School, 2-196-198 La Salle-st., Chicago. For particulars, call, write, or phone, Main 63.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS BARGAINS—
WRITE FOR FULL PARTICULARS.
7,000 acres iron land, partly in fee and partly mineral rights, Knox, Sevier, and Jefferson Co., Tenn. Red fossiliferous ore yielding 33 to 35 per cent metallic iron. Veins 8½ to 14 ft. thick.
Grist and saw mill, 100 a., houses, barns, etc., Person Co., N. C., $6,000.
Patent of rafter and polygon gauge, $500.
½ Winery and stock, Thornby, Ala., $1,500.
Boiler shop, office bldg., tools and 3 lots, Lodington, Mich., $15,000.
Saw and gin mill, dwelling and 4 acres land, Moorefield, Ark., $6,500.
General mdse. business, Lebanon, Conn. Large and profitable; bargain at $6,000.
Poultry and animal fumigator patent and stock. Practical and popular. $15,000.
Wall paper business, Camden, N. J., $800.
Improved oyster and seeding rooks business, Worcester, Mass., profitable, $9,000.
Controlling interest in electric light and water plants, Indiana, $10,000.
Store and dwelling, McIntosh, Fla., $2,000.
General mdse. business, Modoc, S. C., $3,500.
Flour and feed mill, elevator, and storehouse, Lynnville, Tenn. Capacity 200 barrels. $14,000.
Wall paper, paint and oil business, Cedar Rapids, Ia., $2,500.
Harness business, barber shop, building and lot, Auburndale, Wis., $1,800.
House and restaurant, Stewartstown, Pa., $2,000.
Mail order seed business, Hibernia, N. Y.
General mdse. business, New Hagerstown, O., $2,000.
Greenhouse business, dwelling and 10 a. garden, Pittsburg, Kas., 8,000 ft. glass, $5,000.
Hardware business, Morris, N. Y., $2,000.
Dwelling, store fixtures, wagons, etc., Middletown, N. Y., established business, $7,500.
Grocery business, Whitewater, Wis.
Tin and spouting business, New Bedford, Acton, Mass.
Stock of hardware, tinware, stoves, etc., Phoenixville, Pa., established business, $5,000.
Store quarry, 82 a., large residence, blacksmith shop, cottages, engines, etc., $12,000.
Medical practice, drugs, office fixtures, horse, carriage, etc., Farmingdale, Ill., bargain, $400.
Grocery with storage vault and lot in York, Pa., $7,000.
Spring and bottling house, Norwich, Conn.
Drug store, established business, Ely, N. D., established business, $10,000.
Millinery business, Romney, W. Va., $1,500.
Boarding-house business and furniture, Louisville, Ky., $600.
Manufacturing plant, Scranton, Pa., 12,000 sq. ft. ground and machine shop, $7,500.
W. M. OSTRANDER,
HOME OFFICE, Suite 1446 North American Building, PHILADELPHIA.
BRANCH OFFICES: Commercial Cable Bldg., New York; Chamber of Commerce, Chicago; Pemberton Bldg., Boston; Commonwealth Trust Bldg., St. Louis; St. Paul Bldg., Cincinnati; N. Y. Life Bldg., Kansas City; N. Y. Life Bldg., Minneapolis; Pioneer Bldg., Seattle; Ernest Cranmer Bldg., Denver; Claus Spreckles Bldg., San Francisco; Stinson Block, Los Angeles; Gould Bldg., Atlanta; Stockton-Budd Bldg., Jacksonville.

LEASE FROM BRITISH SYNDICATE UNDER Mexican concession in Lower California gives us the richest and richest placer mining property in the world, which will pay over 100 per cent annually. Men of prominence and integrity assure fortunes. This is an opportunity to get in on the ground floor. Small capitalization and treasury stock will be sold to purchase equipments only. Mine now being worked and proving great; above experts' reports and estimates. For complete prospectus and special offer address CHICAGO SECURITY & TRUST COMPANY, 159 La Salle-st., CHICAGO.
Dept. T.

HALL & CO., 167 DEARBORN-ST.

NO OFFICE CHARGE. COMMISSION ONLY.

For sale—Half interest in old established laundry; machinery all new and first class; laundry doing an enormous business; party buying will be manager and receive large salary, besides dividends.

$5,000 to $10,000 buys half interest in diamond brokerage business; lady or gentleman; silent or active; $2,000 cleared monthly.

HALL & CO., 167 DEARBORN-ST.

IF YOU HAVE $6,000 CASH—
WHICH YOU WILL INVEST IN A MINING CO

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SEND FOR GIVINS' REAL ESTATE BULLETIN. Free to any address. Contains items of interest to taxpayers and our list of bargains. R. C. GIVINS & CO.

FOR SALE — MANUFACTURERS, PLEASE NOTE: We are prepared to locate parties wanting factory sites and will build to suit; river and rail facilities if wanted. A. H. KINKAID & CO., 84 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE ESTATE—WILL SELL my business property; will net 6 per cent on $100,000; no trade. Address R L 255, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF CITY Chicago real estate at auction. GOODRICH & FRENCH & CO., 86 Washington-st.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—11-ROOM RESIDENCE, IN KENsington; $10,000; inc. $1,000; 2-flat building, Groveland-av., 6 room house, $5,000; $3,000 cash.

Cottage Grove-av., store and flat, $7,000; balance 5 per cent.

Forrestville-av., 9 rooms, 2 baths; $10,000, balance 5 per cent.

Fine residence on Kenmore-av., $14,000; a bargain.

Wentworth-av., 3-story brick flat and store, $10,500.

La Salle-st., 25x124; $3,500; 2 flats.

Flat building on Prairie-av., near 35th-st., $7,500.

Forrest-av., 11 rooms, gas, furnace; barn, $7,500.

Forrest-av., 9-room mod. residence, $6,000.

Oak Park, $45 per foot.

Park vacant at a bargain; 100 feet bargain for quick sale.

KERN & MYREN,
288 81st-st. Tel. So. 1640.

FOR SALE—GILT EDGE BARGAIN—BLOCK PROPERTY FOR $11,500. LOCATION AT 5050 INDIANA-AV., splendidly arranged 3 flat-bldg., built by former owner for actual use; every part of the most solid and substantial kind, from stone steps, stone cornice, all finished in oak, stairways wainscoted in oak; best system of hot water heating, etc.; in best neighborhood, overlooking Washington park; 1½ blocks elevated road; Indiana-av. is 100 ft. wide; must be sold at once; cash, $5,000; mortg., $6,500, 3 years. Open for inspection.
W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN—THE 12 ROOM STONE residence at 4420 Oakenwald-av., for $6,250, if sold at once.
Cannot be duplicated under $12,000. Best, unobstructed view of the lake; assessment, building line restriction; all improved with fine homes; most delightful residence section of SOUTH SIDE; house in perfect condition, handsomely decorated; open for inspection. $4,250 cash; mortg., $4,000 can run 5 years, per cent. YOUNG & CO.,
Exclusive Agents, 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GOOD LAND TO BUILD A SMALL flat or cheap apartment house on; Michigan-av., Grand Boulevard and Oakwood-blvd. cars; will now a three-story residence on it, 2017, can be either removed, or be remodeled at a small outlay to suit purchaser; 2 blocks from choice; fashionable neighborhood, and flats are will always rent and at high prices; can give an entire purchase price in case of new building; will sell at once; cash or easy terms to buyer; price $18,000.
SHELDON & SHELDON, 99 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—IN WOODLAWN, one new 6-flat building; stone front, steel construction; swell circle bay window; 7 and 8 rooms and large reception halls; interior mahogany, parquet floors, curly birch, white enamel and brown stone bathrooms; rented $3,720 per annum; modern improvements; located close to I. C. express and electric cars.
E. WALKER & CO., 825, 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—NEAR CHICAGO UNIVERSITY.
WOODSIDE-AV., nr. 54th $62.50
WOODSIDE-AV., nr. 55th 75.00
WOODWARD-AV., nr. 53d 75.00
GREELEY-AV., nr. 58th 80.00
INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—CORNER RESIDENCE, 4 NORTH OF 47TH-ST.
House front, 2 story, 9 rooms, thoroughly modern; in a most decided bargain.
PRICE, $6,000.
E. G. HOWARD & CO., 101 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE
WOODLAWN CORNER APARTMENTS.
Rent $910.
Corner residence worth from $12,000 to $14,000 in part pay, or good acres.
INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—FOREST-AV. RESIDENCE.
$18,000.
Pressed brick, 9 rooms, modern plumbing, h. w. heat, laundry, furnace, newly decorated.
INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—RESIDENCE, Drexel-av., 3 stories, 7 rooms, white trim, sideboard, mantels, very nice and complete. $600 cash. Balance to suit. Only $4,250.
INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—WOODLAWN ——BARGAINS
JACKSON-AV., nr. 64th ..... $54 per ft.
STONY-AV., nr. 64th ..... 55 per ft.
INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—GREATEST SACRIFICE ON South Side; 2521-2523 Indiana-av.; lot 50x178 ft.; contains two frame houses; only $7,000; act at once. E. W. WASHBURN & CO., 99 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$625. GREENWOOD-AV., NEW stone front, hardwood finish; furnace, Alley L.; $4,750; little cash; monthly payments. BROWN, Division-st.; corner Orchard.

FOR SALE—$427 LA SALLE-ST., LARGE frame bldg., 5 flats and cottage in rear; rents $75 month; only $2,050. WATSON & BARTLETT, Washington-st.

FOR SALE—WOODLAWN-AV. RESIDENCE. Lot 80x175. Modern 8-r. stone front; open plumbing; lot 175 feet deep. $6,150
INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—59TH-ST. AND LOWE-AV., CORner 4 dwellings; rents $360; price $3,500.
WILLIAM H. MOONEY, Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—ELLIS-AV., 1 BLOCK south of Chicago University, 100x170 ft., at $55. A. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvard, Woodlawn, Hyde Park, or to MADISON ELL, 414 Home Insurance bldg.

FOR SALE—LOT ON ROCK ISLAND R. R. 2-st. to 26th-pl.; make offer. Address D 376, Tribune.

FOR SALE—A SNAP IN STRICTLY MODERN 5-flat bldg., near Washington Park; wide lot. C. ROSS, 1065 E. 61st-st. Tel. Wentworth 2412.

FOR SALE—ELLIS-AV., SIX FLATS, NEAR L.; MUST SELL this week; part trade; rents $2,500; $1,000 cash. BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—2 LOTS ON PRAIRIE, JUST SOUTH of 70th, e. f.; $1,200. P. F. McCARTHY & CO., 84 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FINE MODERN 10-ROOM RESIdence, Vernon-av., near 71st; investigate if want home; owner leaving city. Tribune.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—CHOICE CORNER, 3 STREET FRONTAGES; CONVENIENT TO C. R. I. D. COOPER, 1834 UNITY BLDG.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCES IN KENWOOD. Large list of good homes in this district.
TROTTER & KIMBALL, 112 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—CLEAR PRIVATE RESIDENCE, 12-inset-av. and 52d-st. Address F 226, Tribune.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BUYERS OF LOTS
In our subdivision at
HUMBOLDT PARK
Get more for their money than can be had anywhere else in Chicago.
Just think of it!
The farthest lot is not a minute's walk to the park.
Sweltering nights
are terrors for people so fortunately situated.
Don't wait!
For $ 30-ft. lot, $300 on easy payments; cement sidewalks, sewer, and water all in and paid for. Call and see plans for houses at once on the grounds, cor. Kedzie-av. and Lawrence-st., or at main office.
F. McINTOSH, Agent.
907 Madison-st. Telephone M. 275.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—2 CHOICE CLEAR unimproved lots; Madison-st. bet. Kedzie and Homan-avs.; make offer. MANNING, 25 No. Campbell-av.

FOR SALE—MODERN STONE FRONT FLAT corner Douglas and Garfield parks.
JOHN J. O'CONNELL, 88 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$35,000, W. MADISON-ST. BLOCK, 100 feet e. Western-av.; site for theater in 1902. OWNER, 592 W. Park-av.

FOR SALE—CHOICE WEST SIDE BUSINESS and flat property; pays over 10 per cent net; $7,500. E. J. LEWIS, 84 Washington-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FINE BROWN STONE TWO-FLAT building, near Wilson-av. station N. W. "L"; owner will take vacant lot worth $1,000 as part trade. WERNER ZUETELIG, 1908 Evanston-av., Wilson.

FOR SALE—NICE PROPERTY ON MELROSE-st., block to lake; part cash, balance 4 years. E. EGELIN, JENSON & CO., 106 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$20,000 STORE BUILDING FOR $8,000 cash and $8,000 mortgage; 5 years; to close rents $1,800; more than 25 per cent net on investment; n. s. 130f, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FINE 9 ROOM HOUSE, 2 BATHS, all modern, easy payments. 1206 Winthrop-av., 1 block from Wilson-av. station, N. W. "L."
BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—GOOD STONE FRONT HOUSE, 9 rooms, bath, all modern conveniences; a bargain. Owner will sacrifice for immediate sale. OLIVER & SCOTT, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—WANT 14 MEN, $150 EACH, TO buy 10 lots at acre prices.
FLETCHER R. 216, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—NORTH SIDE COTTAGES, FLATS, etc. Send for list. Rents reduced. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LA GRANGE — BARGAINS IN new houses; building lots; easy terms. Large corner shop property free of all encumbrance in La Grange improvement Co. [not inc.]; 3 miles Stone-av. depot, La Grange, or 79 La Salle-st., room 12, Chicago.

FOR SALE—NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE, AUSTIN-av., corner passage; fine location; equity cash, long time. D 289, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—LARGE CORNER QUARTER BLK. WOOD, $750 UPWARD; EASY TERMS. ALLARD & CO., 204 CLARK-ST., R. 215.

FOR SALE—ACRE LOTS ON WOODED HILLS in Park; $300 and up; altitude 150 feet; MONSON & CO., 114 La Salle-st.

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—$900, 160 ACRES, HYDE CO.; $750, 120, Faust Co.; $800, 160 acres, Rand Co.; $1,000, 160 acres, Clark Co., Dakota. Rich soil; these prices. M. P. HOBART,
Phoenix Block, Minneapolis.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
SOME REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.
If interested in any of the following properties, write at once for full particulars.
80 A., Butler Co., Kan.; 2½ mi. to sch.
5 A. and impts., Oceana Co., Mich.
2 A. and impts., Manistee Co., Mich.
16 room house and 8 A., Rensselaer, N. Y.
80 A. and impts., and live stock, Vermillion Co., La.
160 A. and impts., Excellent location.
91 A., impts., and stock, Racine Co., Wis.
6 room house and lot, Fairport, N. Y.
160 A. and impts., Woods Co., O. T.
135 A. and impts., Windsor Co., Vt.
House and lot, San Antonio, Texas, 11 rooms, with bath. Electricity. Conveniently located.
160 A. and impts., Lauderdale Co., Ala.
80 A. timber land, Phelps Co., Mo.
1 mile from Morristown, N. J. Could be divided into valuable building lots.
280 A. and impts., Warren Co., Tenn. Fine climate. Numerous mineral springs nearby.
160 A. and impts., Christian Co., Mo.
20 A., Pierce Co., Wash. Good bldgs. Orchard. Splendid location. 10 miles from Tacoma.
800 A., Hayes Co., Neb. Fair house. Good outbuildings. Fine stock ranch.
320 A., Gallia Co., Ohio. Good buildings. Orchard. Fine springs. 9 miles from R. R.
House and lot, Chicago, Ill. 9 rooms, bath, and all conveniences. Convenient to R. R.
1 bldg. lot, Washington Park, Providence, R. I.
150 A. and impts., Pittsfield Co., Minn.
100 A. and impts., Monroe Co., Mo.
151 A. and impts., Livingston Co., Mich.
House and 5 A., Marblehead, Mass.
2 well located lots, Blue Rapids, Kas.
Hotel, furniture, and lot, Oakesdale, Wash.
20 A., Richmond Co., N. Y. Stone fruit.
228 A. and impts., Belknap Co., N. H.
2 well located lots, Chicago, Ill.
20 A. timber land, Atlantic Co., N. J.
184 A. and impts., Mecklenburg Co., Va.
6-r. house and lot, Hinsdale, Ill.
16 A., 24 miles from New York City, N. Y.
Double house and lot, Jamestown, Pa. 27 rooms. All conveniences. Large lot. Near R. R.
10 A. and impts., Santa Clara Co., Cal.
95 A., Wayne Co., N. Y. Fair bldgs. Orchard. All cultivated. Fine location for dairy.
80 A. and impts., Washington Co., Ind.
2 well located lots, Jamestown, N. Y.
1 large lot, Arlington Heights, Mass.
7 well located lots, Mt. Pleasant, N. Y.
Double house and lot, Jamestown, Pa. 27 rooms. All conveniences. Large lot. Near R. R.
15 A. mineral land, Buckingham Co., Va. Fine quality slate. Good location.
Greene Co., N. Y. Fair bldgs., Orchard. Fine soil. 11½ miles from R. R.
8 villa lots, Bakersfield, Cal.
157 A., Tulare Co., Cal. Beautiful location.
1 well located bldg. lot, Harvey, Ill.
50 A., Fairfield Co., Conn. 10 room house, good barn. Beautifully located, overlooking Long Island Sound. A fine investment.
House and 18 A., Fairfield Conn. 80 rooms. 34 horses, carriages. Excellent location.
276 A. and impts., Pope and Van Buren Cos., Ark.
100 A. Meade, Kans. Fine land.
40 A., Mobile Co., Ala. Good 6 r. house, fair barn and outbldgs. Convenient location.
House and 2 A., Lemon Grove, Cal.
215 A. and impts., Sumter Co., Ala.
320 A. timber land, Volusia Co., Fla. All good pine. Well located. A bargain.
House and lot, Bear Carlisle Springs, Pa.
160 A., Sherman Co., Kan. Good soil.
238 A., Peoria Co., Ill. 90 A. cultivated. Orchard. Good bldgs. Well located.
1024 A., Fort Bend Co., Tex. Good bldgs. Orchard. ¾ mile from R. R.
12 A., Douglas Co., Mo.
House and four lots, Prairie du Chien, Wis.
50 A., Fulton Co., Ga. Fair bldgs. 25 A. cultivated. 4 miles from R. R.
2 A. and impts., Northumberland Co., Va.
1 well located lot, San Antonio, Tex.
160 A., Benton Co., Iowa. Fair house. Good outbuildings. Fine soil. Near R. R.
12 A., Santa Clara Co., Cal. All planted in prunes. Well located.
1,382 A., impts., live stock and machinery, Kidder Co., N. D. Convenient to R. R.
1 well located bldg. lot, Pittsburg, Pa.
90 A., Middlesex Co., N. J. Good bldgs. Orchard. All cultivated. Block from R. R.
3,360 A. and impts., Emmons Co., N. D. Good location. Especially suitable for stock farm.
2 well located lots, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
Store, dwelling, and lot, Alexandria, Nebr.
8 r. house and lot, Arlington, Fla.
6 r. house and lot, Slayton, Minn.
100 A and impts., Coffee Co., Tenn.
111 A. and impts., Monroe Co., Fla.
Large house and lot, Hamilton, N. Y.
160 A. and impts., Perkins Co., Neb. Good location.
1 well located lot, Kenmore, N. Y.
406 A., Sullivan Co., Mo. Good bldgs. Orchard. Fine soil. 3½ miles to R. R.
11 room house and 1 A., Sidney, N. Y.
40 A., Allegan Co., Mich. Good bldgs.
642 A., impts. and implements, Cork Co., Va.
Orchard. ½ mile from R. R.
2 A., Brevard Co., Fla. Good bldgs. Orchard. Good, healthy climate. Fine location.
275 A. and impts., Orange Co., N. C.
2 well located lots, Los Angeles, Cal.
120 A. and impts., Wayne Co., Ind.
10 A., Tehama Co., Cal. Good soil.
3 well located lots, Yolo, Kas.
600 A. and impts., Chatham Co., Ga.
480 A., Wasco Co., Ore. Fine fruit land.
2 well located lots, Spokane, Wash.
160 A. and impts., Chehalis Co., Wash.
1 bldg. lot, Liberty, N. Y. Beautiful location.
House and lot, Cornish, Me. 29 rooms. Fine location for hotel. 1 mile to R. R.
75 A., Tehama Co., Cal. Mostly olives.
303 A. and impts., Tehama Co., Cal. Good fruit land. 5 miles from county seat.
House and lot, Beaver Falls, Pa.
3,120 A., Barber Co., Kan. Fair bldgs. Delightful climate. Fine stock ranch.
5 A. and impts., Walker Co., Ala.
14-room house and lot, Lowell, Mass.
80 A. and impts., Macosta Co., Mich.
House and 10 A., Oriskany, N. Y. All conveniences. Excellent location. Near R. R.
10 A., almond tree, Ventura Co., Cal.
Cottage and lot, Nordhoff, Cal.
78 A., Douglas Co., Wis.
134 A. timber land, Clallam Co., Wash.
160 A., Fayette Co., Ill. Excellent house. Good outbldgs. 2½ miles from R. R.
Hotel and 160 A., Applegate, Cal. All modern conveniences. Popular summer resort.
513 A., Pike Co., Ga. Good bldgs. Fine soil. 3 miles from R. R.
80 A., Monroe Co., Pa. Fine location.
8-room house and lot, Muncie, Ind.
160 A. and impts., Madison Co., Ark.
106 A. and impts., Indiana Co., Pa.
10,000 A., San Miguel Co., N. M. Fine soil. Delightful climate. Excellent investment.
House and 6 A., Mason City, Ill. 10 rooms, with bath. 6 blocks from R. R.
118 bldg. lots, San Antonio, Tex. Conveniently located. A fine investment.
Fine modern residence, Richmond Hill, N. Y. City. 14 rooms; high location. Large lawn. 2 story frame bldg., shop, and lot, 50x200 ft., New Haven, Conn.
House, lot, 80 A. farm, horses, and medical practice. Foss, Okla.
House, furniture, and 30 A., Katonah, N. Y. All modern impts. Beautiful location. A bargain.
49 A., Union Co., Ohio. Good bldgs. Orchard. Good soil. 5 min. from R. R.
House and 2 A., Katonah, N. Y. Excellent location for summer residence.
100 A. and impts., Camden Co., N. J.
176 A. and impts., Somerset Co., Md.
20 A., Clay Co., Ill. Fine soil.
160 A. and impts., Meigs Co., Tenn.
265 A. and impts., Summit Co., Col.
160 A., Erie Co., Pa. Fair bldgs. Orchard. Good soil. 4 m. from R. R.
207 A., stock, crop, and farm implements. Somerset Co., N. J. Excellent 12 room house, all conveniences. Good outbldgs. Fine soil. Excellent location.

WM. M. OSTRANDER,
Suite 1461 North American Bldg., Phila.
BRANCH OFFICES: Commercial Cable Bldg., New York; Chamber of Commerce, Chicago; Pemberton Bldg., Boston; Commonwealth Trust Bldg., St. Louis; St. Paul Bldg., Cincinnati; N. Y. Life Bldg., Kansas City; N. Y. Life Bldg., Minneapolis; Pioneer Building, Seattle; Ernest-Lunder Bldg., Denver; Claus Spreckels Bldg., San Francisco; Stimson Block, Los Angeles; Gould Bldg., Atlanta; Stockton-Budd Bldg., Jacksonville.

FOR SALE—BODY 3,000 ACRES LAND IN pine and lead region, south Arkansas; will cut 6,000 ft. pine and white oak per acre; has excellent indications large deposits ore; three miles from White River and R. R. 25. more; build-ing? price low. H. T. BUIE, 115 Dearborn-st., Room 207, City.

FOR SALE—$900—160 ACRES MICHIGAN fruit land, part cleared, 40 apple trees; loaded with fruit, big; above frost; near large town; fare $1.50. GILBERT, 169 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—325 ACRES, IN south Michigan, on fine lake; $20,000; clear; will exchange for good income property in Chicago. F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
OUT THEY GO
OUT THEY GO
OUT THEY GO
OUT THEY GO
OUT THEY GO
TO NORTH DAKOTA.
We own 100,000 acres in North Dakota counties where the greatest flood of land-seekers are going. Rich, nutritious grasses; deep black soil; very productive. Where corn grows. Pure water in springs, streams, and wells. Coal $1 per ton.
Price $5 to $8 per acre. 160-acre free homesteads adjoining. We sell in large or small tracts; splendid for stock raising or general farming. FORM COLONIES AND GO TOGETHER. DON'T WAIT UNTIL THE OTHER FELLOW GETS THERE.
WM. H. BROWN & CO.,
205-206 Tacoma Building.
Cor. La Salle and Madison-sts., Chicago, Ill.
And MANDAN, Morton County, NORTH DAKOTA.
FREE TICKETS
if you buy land from us. See our agent in your city for full particulars. Take receipt for r. r. tickets. THEY ARE GOOD ANYWAY MANDAN Excursions 17th and 24th, 9:30 p. m., from Chicago.
WM. H. BROWN & CO.

FOR SALE—

Irrigated lands near Denver, are worth $100 to $150 per acre; congress has passed irrigation bill that in time will reclaim the fine arid lands near Denver; the Union Pacific R. R. is now selling grazing lands, 25 miles from Denver, at $2 per acre; ten annual payments; 8,000 acres at $3 per acre offered for short time. A. SHELTON, U. P. Land Agt., 208 S. Clark-st., Chicago, about it.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY HOME, THE FINEST in northern Michigan, fronting Grand Traverse bay and Lake Michigan; location unexcelled; if interested send for booklet. Address GEORGE H. VAN FELT, 63 Huron-st., Chicago, Ill., or Norwood, Charlevoix Co., Mich.

FOR SALE—WRITE PRYOR, MONTAGUE, Mich., for list of farms in fruit belt; fine lakes.

NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—GRAND FREE EXCURSION—From the Chicago & Northwestern railway depot, corner Wells and Kinzie-sts.,
SUNDAY, June 22, at 2 P. M.,
STOPPING AT CLYBOURN STATION.
Free railway tickets at depot gate.

FOR SALE—$5 MONTHLY.
BUYS A LOT
IN S. E. GROSS' GREAT
MILWAUKEE-AV. ADDITION.
PRICE $226 AND UPWARD.
HOW TO GET THERE BY STREET CARS.
Take Milwaukee-av. cable car and transfer at Armitage-av. to Jefferson car. Elegant car and get off at branch office on property, corner Milwaukee-av. and Byron-st.
Also either Lincoln-av. Elston-av., N. Clark-st., N. Halsted-st., Ashland-av., or N. Robey-st. cars to Irving Park-blvd., transfer to Irving Park-blvd. car and get off at Milwaukee-av.
HOW TO GET THERE BY DIFFERENT ROADS.
1. Take Metropolitan Elevated railroad, get off at California-av., and take Jefferson Park car on Milwaukee-av. and get off at Jefferson, corner of Byron-st. and Milwaukee-av.
2. Take Northwestern Elevated to Sheridan drive station and take Irving Park-blvd. car and get off at Milwaukee-av.
HOW TO GET THERE BY STEAM CARS.
1. Take Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad trains from Union Depot, corner Canal and Adams-sts., to Grayland. Go northwest ons block; se
2. Take the Chicago and Northwestern railroad trains, corner Wells and Kinzie-sts., to Irving Park station and go west to Milwaukee-av.
S. E. GROSS.
Sixth floor Masonic Temple, Chicago.
Branch office on property open every day.

FOR SALE—FINE NEW MODERN HOUSES in Dickens-av., west of Lawndale-av., only $2,400; easy monthly payments.
ADOLPH PIKE & CO., 108 La Salle-st., R. 627.

FOR SALE—NORTHWEST SIDE COTTAGES, flats, and lots. Send for list. Rents reduced. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—FOR 10 DAYS ONLY—
FREE LOTS. FREE LOTS.
AT WOODLAWN.
1,000 FREE BUILDING LOTS, 25X100 FT.
HIGGINS LAKE, 8X9 MILES.

A crystal sheet of water and the LARGEST LAKE in Lower Michigan. FISHING, SAILING, BOATING, BATHING, and HUNTING. Proposed new town and summer resort on HIGGIN'S LAKE. ROSCOMMON, on the D. & M. railroads leading towards HIGGIN'S LAKE, and in a short time your lots will be worth from $100 to $500.
Get in on the GROUND FLOOR and secure some of them at once, as only a limited number will be given away. One person can secure from 1 to 5 lots only.
We do this to advertise WOODLAWN and HIGGIN'S LAKE, and the only charge for free lots is $5.00 for drawing, arranging deed, acknowledging the same, and furnish you abstract of title, showing clear and perfect TITLE AND TAXES ALL PAID TO DATE.
All lots are high and dry, and good, rich, fertile soil. No restrictions in deeds; build your cottage whenever you are ready. 1,000 lots already sold, and we are building cottages and stores to order. Take all the lots you can get at this price. Adjoining lots $25.00 for 10 days. Send P. O. order or draft and deed will be sent by return mail.
Ref.: J. W. Robbins, John L. Smythe Co., Treasurer, Roscommon, Mich.; James H. Sly, Register of Deeds.
HIGGINS LAKE LAND ASSOCIATION,
85 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

REAL ESTATE—OTHER CITIES.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—ENTIRE PREMISES occupied by bakery and confectionery; exceptional opportunity for man of ability; reasons for selling, ill-health; established 40 years; located on a main thoroughfare in Milwaukee, Wis. Address H V 378, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—ANY SAVINGS DEPOSITOR DESIRing 2 PER CENT monthly cash dividend, perpetual investment, guaranteed, payable at one of Chicago's largest banks, send name, address, and amount money to invest. Address D 312, Tribune.

WANTED—100 TO 200 FEET TO IMPROVE with houses in high class neighborhood convenient to Ashland-av. or 39th-st.; will pay cash. Address D 336, Tribune office.

WANTED—WINNETKA PROPERTY, VACANT, near lake, for part cash and $5,000 capital stock in high-class business doing big business. Address D 282, Tribune office.

WANTED—SOUTH SIDE VACANT CORNER, near elevated or Ill. Cent. R. R. Will give half cash, bal. imp. property.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE DEALERS WHO can handle property for Lewis E. Ludloy can hear something to their advantage by addressing D 382, Tribune office.

WANTED—FOR CASH CUSTOMER, 2 OR 3 flat building, north of Belmont-av., east of elevated; full particulars.
CALLAN & YARLY, 145 La Salle-st.

WANTED—VACANT OR IMPROVED; QUICK sale if reasonable. C. F. SCHULTZ, 162 Randolph-st.

WANTED—VACANT AND IMPROVED ON ROCK Island, between Western-av. and Hyde Park.
J. WM. HOWARD & CO., 160 Washington-st.

WANTED—TWO FLAT BUILDINGS, SOUTH of 39th-st., for cash buyer.
REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 106 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE—2-STORY BRICK HOUSE AND barn; good location; for vacant lot on good business street. FREEMAN OHM, 6202 W. Lake-st.

WILL EXCHANGE GOOD APARTMENT buildings on a basis to pay owner 12 per cent net. Address R C 299, Tribune office.

50 FT., CORNER N. SAWYER AND W. BELden-av.; want suburban lot. D 415, Tribune.

TRADE FOR CLEAR FARM, CASH DISCOUNT, 4 flats, rental $1,800. 263 30th, nr. Michigan-bd.

TO LEASE AND WANTED TO LEASE.

TO LEASE—I WILL BUILD TO SUIT TENANT at 614-616 Davis-st., Evanston, any kind of building desired; fine location for department store. Address 634 Davis-st., Evanston.

TO LEASE—GOLF GROUNDS SITE 240 ACRES, nr. Riverdale. STEWART, 507, 159 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

FOR SALE—6 PER CENT GOLD MORTGAGES, $700, $800, $1,000, $1,200, $1,500, $2,000, $2,500. Chicago Title and Trust Co., trustee. Send for list. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

LOANS ON CHICAGO AND SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE, 5, 5½, AND 6 PER CENT.
E. B. ELLIOTT & CO., 234 La Salle-st.

WE MAKE SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS FROM $200 up; quickly and cheaply. R. 87, 95 Washington-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass our own title.

MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES ON Chicago improved real estate. FRED MILLER, s. e. cor. 5th-av. and Madison-st., Security Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYable in currency.
DUNLAP SMITH & CO.; 100 Dearborn-st.

HART & FRANK, 97 E. WASHINGTON-ST.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

INTEREST RATE 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made.
KOZMINSKI & TONDORF, Bankers, 73 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate, payable monthly.
CODEN, SHELDON & CO., 84 Clark-st.

NO COMMISSION—LOANS ON CHICAGO AND suburban real estate, improved and vacant. Main 235. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—5 PER CENT UP; GOLD 6 and 7 per cent farm mortgages for sale.
CLARENCE A. MOORE, 404 Cham. of Commerce.

FOR LOW RATES ON REAL ESTATE LOANS call at the Western State Bank, northwest cor. La Salle and Washington-sts.

SIDNEY LOEB & CO., 125 LA SALLE-ST., LOAN MONEY ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT 4½ AND 5 PER CENT.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

C. D. KNAPP JR. & CO.,
BANKERS, 182 LA SALLE-ST.
HIGH-GRADE CORPORATION BONDS.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON APproved Chicago real estate security.
KNIGHT & MARSHALL, 97 Clark-st.

SEE HARNTZE & WHEELER, 640 TRIBUNE Bldg., for real estate and building loans and mortgage investments; prompt service.

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., S. W. CORNER DEARborn and Washington-sts.—Loans on Chicago real estate.

O. P. GIBBS & CO., 125 LA SALLE—LOANS ANY amount; city or sub., imp. or vac.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

BUILDING LOANS AT LOWEST RATES; ALSO money to loan on improved Chicago real estate, $2,000 TO $200,000 AT 5, 4½, AND 6 PER CENT. Can you pay a portion of your present loan? If so, we can quote very advantageous rates. Clients with cash in hand are looking for bargains in REAL ESTATE. If under foreclosure, save your equity by sale of property through our REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.
KNOTT, CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY-BANK,
100 Jackson-blvd.,
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY.
From 4½ to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fee; privilege to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon. Building loans made.
ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay.
GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
CANNELL & M'CLUER, 107 Dearborn-st.
Lake View office, 1808 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT lowest rates on improved Chicago real estate; prompt attention given to applications; building loans made.
ROSE & COMPANY,
103 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
Special attention to builders.
Call and get our terms.
MADLUNG, EIDMANN & McCORTNEY,
402 Chamber of Commerce.

REAL ESTATE LOANS—5½ PER CENT; 5 PER cent; 6 per cent. BUILDING LOANS. Prompt inspection; special prepayment privileges.
WM. A. HEINEMANN & CO.,
Bank Floor, 92 La Salle-st.

THRIFTY BORROWERS
APPLY FOR LOW RATES TO
PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO.,
104 DEARBORN-ST.

LOANS 4½ AND 5 PER CENT, CHICAGO property, with prepayment privileges.
W. A. MERRILL & CO.,
'Phone 1827 Main. 188-40 La Salle-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517, Chi. Stock Exchange.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—
GRAHAM & SONS, Bankers, Fire Insurance, and Steamship Agents, 154 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY—CALL AND get our offer; mortgages for sale, $1,500, $2,000, $2,500, $3,000, $3,500, $4,000, $5,000.
JOHN MANN & CO., 1020 Tribune Building.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
83 and 85 Dearborn-st.

LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—
Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for building loans.
G. PAULING, 122 La Salle-st.

IF YOU HAVE A VACANT LOT WE WILL make plans to suit, lend money to build, and put up buildings complete. GUNN & CO., Builders, 616, 84 La Salle-st.

NATIONAL LIFE INS. CO., VERMONT WILL loan $10,000 or larger sums, 4 per cent and 4½ per cent; on or before privilege. NICHOLS AND BRIDGE, 181 Washington-st. Room 504.

$2,000, $3,500, $5,000—ALSO LARGE SUMS TO loan on Chicago first mortgages only; low rates, quick action. MOORE, BINNEY & CO., successors to WELLS H. MOORE, 1022 Marquette Bldg.

REAL ESTATE LOANS IN ANY AMOUNT AT lowest rate and reasonable terms.
BARNES & PARISH, 145 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON VACANT OR IMPROVed property. McLANE & GUNN, 100 Washington-st.

BAIRD & WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST., MAKE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE; LOWEST RATES; QUICK ACTION.

$200, $300, $400, $500, $600, $700, $900, $1,000, TO $50,000 to loan on real estate, 5 per cent.
A. C. TISDELLE, 145 La Salle-st.

WANTED—$15,000 ON CHOICE SOUTH SIDE real estate worth $48,000; first mortgage. RICHARD KOCH & CO., 1020 Washington-st.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., 152 Monroe-st.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 90 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on real estate; best terms; no delay; we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

WANTED—LOAN OF $3,000, 3 Y., 6%; ABOUT 30 acres, Worth, Cook Co. Address J 222, Tribune.

THREE SUMS OF $5,000 EACH TO LOAN ON real estate security. Apply 804 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

CHICAGO MUTUAL LOAN COMPANY,
100 WASHINGTON-ST., SUITES 901, 902,
BETWEEN CLARK AND DEARBORN-STS.

ORGANIZED AND ESTABLISHED TO MAKE LOANS TO THOSE WHO NEED THEM.

THOSE IN DISTRESS COME TO US AND FIND SPEEDY RELIEF. Strictly by our advancing such sums as they require

ON

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, single copy..... 2 cents
Sunday, single copy..... 5 cents
Daily, per week..... 12 cents
Daily and Sunday, per week..... 17 cents
Daily, per month..... 50 cents
Daily and Sunday, per month..... 75 cents

BY MAIL IN ADVANCE.

Postage paid in the United States (outside of Chicago city limits) and in Canada and Mexico.

Daily, without Sunday, one year..... $4.00
Daily, without Sunday, six months..... 2.00
Daily, without Sunday, three months..... 1.25
Daily, without Sunday, two months..... 1.00
Daily, without Sunday, one month..... .50
Daily, with Sunday, one year..... 6.00
Daily, with Sunday, six months..... 3.00
Daily, with Sunday, three months..... 1.75
Daily, with Sunday, one month..... .75
Sunday issue, one year..... 2.00
Sunday issue, one month..... .20

Give postoffice address in full, including county and State.

Remit by express, money order, draft, or in registered letter, at our risk.

NEW YORK—164 WORLD BUILDING.
WASHINGTON—40 WYATT BUILDING.

Persons wishing to take "The Tribune" by carrier may order it by postal card or telephone—Central 667. Where delivery is irregular make complaint.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 1 cent; 16 to 24 pages, 2 cents; 28 to 40 pages, 3 cents; 44 to 56 pages, 4 cents; 60 pages and over, 5 cents.

FOREIGN POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 2 cents; 16 pages, 3 cents; 24 pages, 4 cents; 32 pages, 5 cents; 40 pages, 6 cents; 44 to 48 pages, 7 cents; 48 to 56 pages, 8 cents; 60 pages and over, 9 cents.

Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

THURSDAY, JUNE 19, 1902.

"EVERY SUNDAY."

THE TRIBUNE prints 2½ (two and one-half) times as much advertising as its "nearest two-cent competitor," and it has every Sunday from 50,000 to 75,000 more circulation than its "nearest two-cent competitor" claims in its own sworn statement.

"GOLDEN DOZEN" OF NEWSPAPERS.

The American Newspaper Directory (the highest journalistic authority in the United States) for December, 1901, gives some facts concerning the notable newspapers of the country. The American Newspaper Directory uses certain signs to denote the relative standing and merit of the whole field of newspaperdom which comes under its notice, and one of these signs is the mystic symbol [◎] denoting "golden," which stands for high quality, and is thus explained:

"Advertisers value this paper more for the class and quality of its circulation than for the mere number of copies printed."

Such papers are credited with a single symbol; but there is a higher grade, according to this standard authority, which have BOTH QUALITY AND QUANTITY, and require the DOUBLE GOLDEN SYMBOL [◎◎] to describe adequately their standing. This baker's dozen of thirteen "famous newspapers" is named in the supposed order of their merit in the following list:

New York Herald.
CHICAGO TRIBUNE.
New York Times.
Buffalo Express.
Brooklyn Eagle.
New York Tribune.
Cincinnati Enquirer.
Washington Star.
New York Post.
Philadelphia Public Ledger.
Baltimore Sun.
Boston Transcript.
Milwaukee Wisconsin.

A State Civil Service Law.

There is one good plank in the platform of the Illinois democrats. It reads:

"We demand the enactment of thorough and efficient civil service laws, applicable to all public employments and to all state institutions, to the end that merit and fitness alone shall control in the making of appointments, that state employes shall be protected from partisan domination and political assessments, and that the state institutions shall not continue to be mere party machinery and spoils."

This covers the whole ground. If the laws asked for were enacted neither appointments to nor removals from offices in state institutions would be made for political reasons. Merit would get a man his place, and merit would keep him there. The pronouncement in the republican platform concerning the application of the merit system to state employes is feeble and inadequate when compared with that of the democrats. It is manifestly insincere. It is to be hoped that the democrats are so much in earnest in their advocacy of the merit system that the members of the next general assembly whom they may elect will draft a workable state civil service act and make a serious effort to pass it. There will be republican votes for such a measure, and the party bosses who are interested in the continuance of the state institutions as party spoils may not be able to defeat it.

SHALL LEE HAVE A STATUE?

Charles Francis Adams says at last a statue to Oliver Cromwell has been erected in England. As the progress of thought is more rapid in America than in England, Mr. Adams believes that in much less than two and a half centuries there will be erected at Washington a monument to Robert E. Lee which "will typify the historical appreciation of all that goes to make up the loftiest type of character, military and civic, and, above all, it will symbolize the loyal acceptance of the consequence of defeat and the patient upbuilding of a people under new conditions."

Gen. Lee was a great American. Civic and military virtues adorned him. He took up arms against his country, but he did so reluctantly in obedience to his sense of duty. When the issues of war were decided against him he showed himself even greater in defeat than he had been in victory.

Americans unhesitatingly concede all this, but there are many who are unable to see in the belated erection of a statue to Cromwell an argument for the erection of a statue by the national government to Gen. Lee. Cromwell sought to make his country greater, not smaller, and he succeeded.

His hand won back the sea as England's dower,
His footfall made the Moor change heart and cower,
His word on Milton's lip spake law to France,
When Piedmont saw the she-wolf, Rome, devour.

If the cause Gen. Lee fought for had prevailed, instead of one republic there would have been two hostile republics. There would have been a chain of custom houses and forts from the Potomac to the Mississippi.

"The loyal acceptance of the consequence of defeat" by Gen. Lee was most praiseworthy. But he was not the only man at the south who deserved praise for that reason. Others who believed as firmly in the justice of the confederate cause as he did and whose fortunes were ruined like his by the downfall of that cause accepted uncomplainingly the new conditions and sought to make the best they could of them for their country and themselves.

Before erecting a monument at Washington to Lee one should be erected there "to typify the historical appreciation" of the loyal men of the south who were "among the faithless faithful found." The southern man who believed it was his duty to go with his state may not be censured, but the southern man whose conscience bade him go against his state and who obeyed his conscience must be applauded. The mountain men of the south who stood by the union of their fathers and fought against Lee instead of fighting under him should have their monument. The loyal man of the south was not so good a soldier as Lee. He was not so amiable and cultured a gentleman. But he had higher ideals, for he could not endure the thought of the partition of the republic.

THE OPPOSITION TO ROOSEVELT.

The strength of the opposition to the reduction in the tariff on imports from Cuba has been explained. The members of the senatorial cabal whose covert enmity to President Roosevelt has been suspected from the time of his nomination as vice president have allied themselves with the few senators who are sincerely interested in the protection of the beet sugar industry for the purpose of injuring the administration.

When the president first announced to congress that he was determined to carry out the Cuban policy which his predecessor had inaugurated there were senators from beet growing states, like Spooner, who opposed reciprocity, but when they understood the nature of the opposition they refused to act as tools of the cabal and rallied to the support of the administration. As the fight became more bitter the men who were back of the attempt to undo the president came forward. The work in behalf of the beet sugar manufacturers was taken from the hands of the senators from the beet growing states and placed in the hands of Senator Elkins of West Virginia. Of the seventeen republican senators who are fighting Cuban reciprocity only ten are from beet growing states. The remaining seven have joined them to hurt the president or for reasons which they have not seen fit to explain.

The administration leaders need four votes to pass the Spooner compromise bill as a party measure. Without the votes they feel certain that the bill can be passed with the assistance of the democrats, but the cabal has determined to prevent a vote on the bill. Senator Elkins' proposal that Cuba be annexed, the rebate bill introduced by Senator Dietrich, and the proposition that the president negotiate a reciprocity treaty with Cuba are all plans to defeat the object of the administration and to discredit the president.

The country has expressed itself unequivocally in favor of justice to Cuba. The men who have deliberately set out to injure the president will be dealt with by the party as they deserve. The men who are apparently sincere in their opposition will find that the gratitude of the beet interests will not repay them for attempting to defeat the expressed will of the people in regard to Cuba.

No movement to defeat the president for renomination in the interest of Wall street will find supporters among the republicans of the middle west. It is not too late for some of the beet sugar senators to cut away from Elkins. Burton of Kansas may yet conform to the expressed wishes of the republicans of Kansas voiced in the state convention. The blow at the president has missed its mark. The country is with him in this fight, and the politicians who think to further their own interests by their alliance with Senator Elkins, and who prepared to make a football of the welfare of Cuba in the hope of weakening and discrediting the president, will go home to meet angry and implacable constituents.

The president should keep up the fight. So should his supporters in the senate. They should force the fighting and put on record the men who are cooperating to injure one republic and disgrace another.

THE 1902 SEA SERPENT.

It is early in the season for the sea serpent to put in its appearance, but the fact that it has already been seen, both in ocean and inland waters, shows that it is not unmindful of its duty as a public entertainer and as food for marvel. That it should have come so early is also encouraging, for, as its season lasts wellnigh until snow flies, there is ample time for it to display itself in all its manifold shapes and horrific aspects and to suffer many sea changes into something "rich and strange."

The sea serpent of 1902 was first observed off Atlantic City on Monday, the 9th inst., by the Robbins brothers, on the good and swift fishing sloop Don. The Robbins brothers, it may be noted in passing, do not drink, and, as they are fishermen, it stands to reason they never tell lies. When they first saw the dreadful rover of the seas they thought it was a log, but when they observed that it was approaching them faster than they were sailing, they knew this was not the practice of logs. As it came nearer they made out that it was a huge snake, with jaws distended and flaming eyes. Then one Robbins, terror-stricken, said to the other Robbins, "it is a sea serpent." The other Robbins was calmer, "and appeared to be resigned to his fate," but in reality he was preparing for the encounter. On came the serpent with its jaws opening wider and wider, and the other Robbins thinks it was angry, as it "lashed the water with its terrible tail, churning up the sea and making whitecaps." As it came within a few feet of the boat both brothers grabbed the oars and struck at it, at the same time wildly shouting and trying to scare away the terror of the seas. "Thank God," says the other Robbins, "we were successful to a limited degree, though the hideous thing, before it sheered off, scraped alongside the boat, its fins making a noise that made our blood run cold."

Two days afterwards the sea serpent turned up in Crystal lake, New Jersey. The gentleman who saw it is James Mulligan. He drinks not, neither does he smoke. He has never been known to lie, and he goes to the meeting house regularly. On Wednesday, the 11th, while he was rowing on the lake, calmly contemplating the beauties of nature, he saw floating on the water what he first took to be a stick. Then the stick began to undulate gently. The undulations gradually increased in force, and finally the object stood up straight in the water, which is not the habit of sticks. James rowed up to it to investigate. As he approached he found it was the serpent. He hit it with his oar. It rushed furiously at his skiff and wrapped itself around it, its head being on one side and its tail on the other. James rained blows upon the serpent, but is was not to be diverted from its purpose. After the manner of feather headed boys it began to rock the boat. Matters were now getting serious for James. It was a good, strong rocker and the boat was gradually filling with water. Something heroic had to be done. James seized the small iron anchor and struck the sea serpent a vicious blow between the eyes. Instantly the rocking ceased. The serpent quivered all over. Unconsciously it unwound itself and then, after one final gasp, it sank like lead to the bottom of the lake. Whether it was merely in a state of coma or whether James killed it he does not know.

Evidently the sea serpent of 1902 is a bold creature, but it may get a bit too giddy and find itself captured at last after its many centuries of sea roving. Then we shall know all about the dread creature.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The platform of the Illinois democrats is of more interest and importance because of what it does not contain than because of what it does contain. There is no mention of free silver or "the bimetallic currency of the constitution." There is no mention of William J. Bryan, "the peerless leader." The democrats of Illinois, like those of the neighboring state of Indiana, have emancipated themselves from a false monetary theory and an incompetent leader.

The platform would be a better one if it were as silent concerning the Philippines as it is concerning free silver. The program that the government shall at once announce to the Filipinos, who are now acquiescing in American sovereignty, that it does not intend to retain their country permanently and will give them independence when a stable government shall have been established would, if adopted, bring about a state of bloody chaos in the Philippines. That condition of affairs would be as disgraceful to the United States as it would be ruinous to the Filipinos. The fatuous program announced at Springfield is one on which no ticket can be elected in this state.

The gentlemen who wrote the paragraph denouncing "the various measures adopted by the republicans for the government of the Philippines as monopolistic and autocratic" has a love for big words the meaning of which he does not understand. He would be hard put to it to point out, if asked to do so, wherein the establishment of schools in the Philippines, the separation of church and state, the liberation of the Filipinos from the friars, the reduction of taxation, and the gift to the people of a greater degree of local self-government than they enjoyed before are either monopolistic or autocratic.

The convention was called to nominate candidates for state offices. No interest was taken in the nominations, but a great deal in the fight between John P. Hopkins and Mayor Harrison over the control of the party machinery. But for the conflict the convention would have been dull. Either because the shadow of defeat rested on the ticket to be nominated or because the democrats have ceased to be office-seekers there was no contest over the lucrative office of state treasurer. The nomination was given to a Chicago ex-alderman because nobody else wanted it. The best man on the ticket is John L. Pickering, candidate for clerk of the supreme court. He is an old newspaper man who has been so industrious and efficient in his relations with private employers as to make it certain he will be a competent, faithful public servant if elected. He has qualifications for the office of clerk which Mr. Mamer has not. If the election depended solely on merit he would be the successful candidate.

PERSECUTING INNOCENT WOMEN.

The Wilkesbarre lace factory affair is likely to leave a bad taste in the mouth of every one who has read about it. It shows once more that injustice and unreasonableness are things in which capital will never be able to establish a monopoly. Not that capital cannot itself be unjust and unreasonable. It has been able to traverse the whole field of human waywardness. It has been gigantically oppressive. It has been pitifully mean. The philosopher would be surprised if it hadn't been so. The right of power to do ill deeds makes ill deeds done, and wealth is certainly such a power. Incidents like that at Wilkesbarre, however, show that the capacity for doing ill deeds is common to all human beings. Add to capacity opportunity and you have the effervescence. So it was at Wilkesbarre.

Five girls working in the lace factory there had relatives who were working in the mines. These relatives were taking the places of men who had struck. The lace makers' union heard of this. It was not pleased. It requested the girls to persuade their relatives not to persevere. The girls either couldn't or wouldn't. The union was infuriated. It refused to work with such girls. The factory closed down. Such are the details of this little skirmish in the great industrial war. A similar skirmish had taken place a few days before. The resignation of a school teacher had been requested for the same reason which proved so fatal to the five girls at Wilkesbarre.

Neither affair earned much glory for organized labor. Persecuting girls because of their connection with their relatives is not a glorious occupation. The sooner organized labor ceases from that occupation the better. There is no reason why it should continue in it. The sultan, it is true, has to make a clean sweep of all his enemies' relatives, but the sultan's case is exceptional. Trade unionists should not take it as a precedent. Leave the girls alone. There are plenty of men to fight.

THE ISTHMIAN CANAL.

The route of the isthmian canal, which will be decided today, depends on seven senators who have not yet decided which way to vote. Six months ago there would have been an overwhelming majority in favor of Nicaragua because, as Senator Cullom explained, the senate had fallen into the habit of regarding the Panama route as in the hands of the French. The French have agreed to sell their rights for $40,000,000, the value which the Walker commission placed on the work of excavation already accomplished. Senator Hanna and those who have been led to agree with him, like Senators Kittredge, Cullom, and Fairbanks, have effectually disproved the contention that the United States could not secure a clear title to Panama. The evidence of the sea captains presented by Senator Hanna is in favor of Panama; the Walker commission has declared in favor of that route; and the volcanists who have visited Martinique have warned congress to beware of Nicaragua.

The advocates of Nicaragua fear that England may build a canal at Nicaragua if the United States selects Panama. Their case, in the main, is political. They charge that the transcontinental railroads favor Panama for the purpose of preventing the construction of any canal, and they insinuate that the leaders of the movement in favor of that route have been brought to their present conclusions by unrighteous influences. Senator Hanna has nothing to gain by taking up the cause of Panama; Senator Cullom has never shown, as chairman of the senate interstate commerce committee, that he favored the transcontinental roads. On the other hand, Senators Quay and Platt of New York, who usually confine themselves to securing appropriations for their states and offices for their constituents, are in the van of the Nicaraguan contingent. So far no one has raised the cry that their support has been bought. There is no reason to suppose that Senators Cullom, Kittredge, and Hanna are actuated by any but patriotic motives. The members of the senate when they come to vote on the canal bill today will hardly be influenced by the insinuations which have been circulated since a difference of opinion as to the choice of routes developed. THE TRIBUNE believes that they will have the courage to vote as their judgment dictates. If they have reason to change their minds in the light of recent evidence they will not fulfill their duty to their constituents if they fail to do so.

CHANGES AT NORTHWESTERN.

It is evident that under President James Northwestern university has entered upon a new era. The governing ideas of that era will be similar in a way to those which have been operating at the university of Chicago for some years. It is a case of benevolent assimilation without annexation. Of course, there are some things that will not be assimilated. But, then again, there are others that certainly will be.

There is expansion, for instance, the establishment of more departments, and the affiliation of other institutions. Chicago has done a great deal of this. Northwestern will now follow suit. There will perhaps be a department of commerce, a department of technology, a correspondence school, and a real post-graduate school. There will also be closer relations with high schools and academies. The notion of it all will be that the university ought to get all kinds of people and prepare them for all kinds of occupations. The present graduating class at Northwestern in the college of Liberal Arts is said to show an overwhelming inclination toward teaching and preaching. This is unfortunate. The university ought to be preparing men for at least a few other walks of life. The department of commerce can come none too soon. Young men who are going into business ought to be able to get thorough training in the principles of an occupation which in the present rapid development of industry is becoming every day more and more of a "profession."

Next to the department of commerce perhaps the most important matter which the trustees will consider will be the woman attendance, which is like Banquo's ghost. It will not down. The Northwestern girls, like the Chicago girls, have increased and multiplied greatly until it seems as if they were about to possess the earth. Chicago has resorted to segregation. Northwestern will have to take up with some similar expedient. The present situation is untenable.

AND, again, how many of you could have done the job as well as Gen. Wood did it?

GEN. GOMEZ may be described as a patriot for revenue also.

YES, I licked 'em, but I'm afraid it's going to be an expensive licking.—John P. Hopkins.

"INQUIRER": The bloomer costume is no longer worn in this country, but it is still popular in Turkey.

AS A general thing, when Mark Hanna is a candidate for anything he is not afraid to mention it.

THERE may have been some dickering, but there wasn't any bickering in nominating Pickering.

IT may be that the Hon. Steve Elkins' conscience is merely an oversecretion of gall.

EVANSTON should proceed without delay to establish a four-mile limit for chiggers.

WHAT is so rare as a June day without a fourth of July accident to some small boy?

THE beet sugar senators continue to have the courage of their cowardice.

WHEN ex-Mayor Hopkins speaks of Mayor Harrison as a "little pinhead" the latter is justified in considering it a pointless remark.

MR. HOPKINS is a man of substance and property, is he? I must look into that.—The Assessor.

EVEN the peepul are in favor of Cuban reciprocity.

THE lesson: Don't interfere with a skat game.

DERBY hats don't go this time.

IN A MINOR KEY.

His Explanation.

The topic of discussion in the bible class was "special providences."

"Professor," said one of the adult pupils, "why is it that lightning so often strikes a church?"

"The principle on which lightning strikes an object on the earth's surface," replied the eminent educator who was teaching the class, "may be understood partially by noting the operation of an electric machine, the 'prime conductor' of which may be said to represent the cloud or body of vapor charged with electricity. When the machine is put in motion this conductor discharges sparks or flashes in quick succession. Now, if you hold a pointed metallic rod near this conductor it will draw the electricity away from it. In like manner a church spire, which is usually metallic at the apex, draws from the thunder cloud the electricity stored within it, the discharge being accompanied almost invariably by a loud report, caused by the sudden agitation of the air through which the bolt of lightning travels to reach the projecting steeple."

"Thank you, professor."

Essential Principle Lacking.

"So I am the fourteenth man that has proposed to you this year, am I?" the young man said, pale with chagrin and mortification.

"I suppose I ought to go and suggest to the others that we get up a fourteen' trust. There certainly are enough of us."

"I don't see how you could do that, Harold" she said, softly. "The 'community of interests' idea would be wholly lacking."

What's the Use?

"The devil take the hindmost!"
Why this unkindness, pray?
The devil needs no urging—
He'll take him anyway.

Will Never Do It Again.

The baffled leader of the desperate gang, having escaped the clutches of the police by a miracle, dragged himself into his old haunt of vice and crime and threw his weary frame on the floor.

His head was bleeding from a dozen cuts, one eye was closed, his coat was ripped from the equator to the north pole, his hat was gone, and his body was covered with bruises and abrasions.

"What's the matter, Bill?" some one asked him.

"Durn our fool souls!" he groaned. "We didn't know any better than to try to hold up a lot of turners while they was playin' skat. We interrupted the game."

In the Same Boat.

"Miss Gloriana," said the college athlete in the outing suit, resting on his oars a moment, "let us coeducate a little in rowing. Leave the tiller, come and sit by me, and take this other oar."

"But this is not coeducation, Mr. McCorkle," she said, noticing that they were a long distance from all the others. "This is segregation."

And she put the boat about.

PERSONAL.

W. J. Bryan is to write a novel. He ought to do well in fiction.

King Edward is said to be much depressed because of a prophecy, made years ago, that he would never live to be crowned.

Sutton E. Griggs, a negro of Nashville, Tenn., has written a novel, and the southern papers are advertising it in every issue.

The democrats are preparing to make it lively for David Bennett Hill because he was so still—"very still"—in 1896. They don't want him to break his silence now.

Announcement that Mr. Olney's boom for the democratic presidential nomination was attracting no attention was premature. Another paper referred to it editorially yesterday.

CUT THIS OUT AND PUT IT IN THE PORTFOLIO WITH THE PICTURE.

LUCILE—A TROTTING HORSE.

Description of the Nature Study Picture Given Free with Today's "Tribune."

Lucile, the famous trotting horse, which is the subject of the study in THE TRIBUNE today, is owned by Mr. C. K. G. Billings of this city, and belongs to what is the greatest stable of matinée horses ever gotten together. It includes, besides Lucile (2:07), Franker (2:11), Texana (2:13½, matinée record), Louisa Jefferson (2:14, matinée record), Doctor Book (2:10, race record), and Captor (2:09¼, race record). All the above are trotters, records being to wagon.

The following well-known pacers are also in Mr. Billings' stable: Little Boy, 2:01½; Free Bond, 2:04¼; Hontas Crook, 2:07½; Mazetta, two heats, 2:04¼ and 2:04¾ (race record), 2:00½ (matinée record); Doctor Monical, 2:09¾ (race record); The Admiral, 2:07¼ (race record). These horses were driven to wagon record by their owner. Mr. Billings' matinée stable is at present at Empire track, New York City, and are entered for amateur events in the grand circuit for the coming season.

Lucile made her record for mare to wagon and amateur wagon record at Lexington, Ky., Oct. 6, 1900, being driven by Mr. Billings without pacemaker, watch or whip. The quarters were :32¼, 1:06¼, 1:35¼, and 2:07. At this time she went against time, to beat 2:09. She is by Brummel out of Fanny K., who was by Major Benton, granddam Lady Prince, by Jefferson Prince. Lucile made her professional record on Oct. 3, 1899, in three heats, at 2:10¼, 2:09¾, and 2:10¾.

In shipping from Chicago to Syracuse last season Lucile met with an accident, which, it was feared, would end her racing days, but good care brought her into condition again and she is now training sound, having, under the care of Mr. Scott McKoy been working miles around 2:20.

Mr. Billings is also a great patron of heavy harness horses, and has a stable of over thirty prize winners, which he has exhibited at Chicago and New York horse shows during the last two years, winning many trophies.

It is perhaps not known that the modern English racehorse has a large proportion of Arab blood in his veins. He is three-fourths, if not seven-eighths, Arab, the other proportion being from the native horses of Great Britain. The Arabian Kahailan breed is said to have been developed in the deserts of Arabia; where, cut off from inferior breeds, they developed the qualities of speed, beauty, and endurance which characterize them. Crossed with the English breed, which was of greater speed, the modern English thoroughbred was obtained.

Arabian horses first came into Europe in the eighth century with the Moorish invaders, although the value of the breed was not fully recognized until much later, when the Arab was secured from Turkey and the Barbary states, and generally called the Barbs and Turks. The first Barbs appearing in England were presented to Charles II., and were from Tangiers. It was not, however, until the eighteenth century that Mr. Darley, consul at Aleppo, introduced the famous Darley Arabians, purchased direct from the Arabs themselves. They were of pure blood, and are in the pedigree of many noted racers. All the modern horses are from one of three eastern sires, the Darley Arabians, Byerly Turk, or Godolphin Arabian, the representatives of which stocks were Eclipse, Herod, and Matchem. The descendants of Eclipse have long kept the lead. In 1893 709 tall male descendants of Eclipse won 1,298 races, 31 Godolphin Arabians won 78, and 85 Byerly Turks won 146 races.

Good Old Times.

[From the Washington Times.]

People who talk of the good old times should read these facts, compiled by "Popular Mechanics." In the good old times:

There was not a public library in the United States.

Almost all the furniture was imported from England.

An old copper mine in Connecticut was used as a prison.

There was only one hat factory, and that made cocked hats.

Virginia contained a fifth of the whole population of the country.

A man who jeered at the preacher or criticised the sermon was fined.

Two stage coaches bore all the travel between New York and Boston.

A day laborer considered himself well paid with 2 shillings a day.

The whipping post and pillory were still standing in New York and Boston.

Trousers were fastened with pegs or laces.

The church collection was taken in a bag at the end of a pole, with a bell attached to arouse the sleepy contributors.

Her Papa Said So.

[From the New York Herald.]

Representative Griggs of Georgia, chairman of the democratic congressional committee, has an 11 year old daughter, who takes a deep interest in national politics and has unwavering faith in her father's political judgment.

At school a few days ago her teacher was discussing the historical features of the Philippine situation and asked for expressions of opinion from various members of the class. Young Miss Griggs astonished the teacher by expressing pronounced views against the retention of the Philippines by the government of the United States.

"Ida, what are your reasons for insisting that this government should not retain possession of the Philippines?" asked the teacher.

"Because my papa said so," replied the little miss so emphatically that there was no room for argument.

Two Opinions on the Coronation.

[New York Correspondence Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.]

When Chauncey M. Depew sailed on the St. Louis the other day, accompanied by Mrs. Depew and Chauncey M. Depew Jr., he was asked if he would take in the coronation festivities.

"Of course," he answered. "I wouldn't miss them for the world."

The Depews are expected to remain abroad until late in the fall. A different opinion of coronations has Mr. James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, who sailed on the same day on a private yacht for Labrador.

"I wouldn't go across the street to see a coronation," said Mr. Hill when asked if he would reach London in time for the crowning of King Edward.

Wise Man.

There was a man in our town, and he was wondrous wise;
He ate a lot of patent foods, much to his wife's surprise.
He wrote ten testimonials, which said they were so good
He did not think he'd eat again the old style, meaty food.

And when he found his work was done, he hot-footed away
To where they made the patent foods, and sold them all that day.
Back home he came with cash to burn—which was a great relief—
And to his wife he said: "Go buy ten dollars' worth of beef!"
—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

During Tillman's Speech.

[From the Boston Journal.]

Senator Tillman was making a speech.

Two of the eminent statesmen who had fled chanced to encounter each other at the liquid refreshment bazaar.

"What are you doing here, senator?" asked the intellectual giant from the west.

"Saving my life," hoarsely replied the distinguished southron. "I am a man overbored, sir!"

"I see you are grasping at a straw," rejoined the other.

There was a slight, gurgling sound, and then all was still.

Novelty in Politics.

It must be conceded that the New York Bryanites are introducing a political novelty by doing their bolting before the meeting of the democratic convention.—Washington Post.

Must Be Personally Applied.

Nevertheless, it requires a pretty delicate sort of an X ray machine to locate the Mason presidential boom, and even then the instrument must be applied to Billy himself.—Newark (N. J.) News.

"ONCE in the late '70s," said Manager John J. Murdoch of the Masonic Temple, "I had been playing through the south with a company which had the misfortune to go broke at Selma, Ala. By methods which it might be embarrassing to recount my partner and I worked our way over to St. Louis. We arrived in the Missouri metropolis with 85 cents as our joint capital.

"My partner had been reared in the town of Troy, N. Y., and the first day in St. Louis he ran across a professional swimmer who had been a schoolmate of his in Troy. The swimmer had been working in a St. Louis natatorium, but had been discharged the day before we got to town. He had a total capital of 85 cents, which, after due consideration, he put into the common pool. He also had a partner, who had no money at all.

"The four of us lived as long as possible on the money in hand. Then matters became

HE LEAPED INTO THE RIVER.

desperate. We had tried to get work of some kind, but had failed utterly. Finally we held a session at which the following scheme was evolved:

"The grocers of St. Louis had arranged for a grand excursion on the river. They had chartered a big steamboat and were intending to steam up the river to Alton, Ill., where they were to land and have a picnic. It was agreed, after a long discussion, that we should raise as much money as possible, buy tickets on the steamboat, and start on the excursion. When the boat was a good distance out from land my partner was to give a last despairing wail and jump overboard. The professional swimmer, who was to be on the upper deck, was to throw off his coat and vest, unloosen his shoes, and leap overboard to the rescue at the cry of 'Man overboard.' My partner was a good swimmer, so we figured that nobody involved was running much risk.

"When the professional had beaten my partner into submission in the water and a boat had put out from the steamer to complete the rescue we had arranged that I—who at that time ran strongly to silk hats and red neckties—should take off my silk hat, drop the cash we had left into it, and collect as much money as I could among the passengers for the ostensible benefit of the heroic rescuer.

"We managed to raise $5, and spent $2 for four tickets for the excursion. The minute the boat left the dock they commenced selling beer. The barroom occupied most of one of the decks, and everybody in sight helped

ASLEEP UNDER THE STRAW.

himself, paying or not for what he got about as he pleased. As a result of this freedom the partner of the professional swimmer, who had been on short rations for several weeks, drank more than was good for him, as we afterwards learned to our sorrow.

"Finally the steamer reached a place in the river where we thought it safe to spring our great scheme. My partner jumped into the water, and the man on the lookout raised the cry of "Man overboard." At the word the professional swimmer, who was located on the upper deck, threw off his coat and vest, kicked off his shoes, leaving all his clothes in charge of his partner, and made a spectacular dive into the river.

"Instantly the passengers were all attention. They crowded to the rail and watched every motion. The swimmer reached my partner in a few moments and pretended to beat him over the head so that he might be safely handled. The captain stopped the steamer, and a boat pulled off for the rescue. As soon as the two conspirators were pulled into the boat it was my turn to come to the front. I climbed up on to the railing, took off my silk hat, threw the last three dollars we had into it, and called upon the passengers to contribute liberally to a fund for the hero who had risked his life to rescue the stranger. The response was instantaneous. Almost everybody put in something, and my three large silver dollars set an example which was quickly followed. By the time the boat with the rescuing party on board reached the steamer I had over a hundred dollars in the hat, and I had only begun. Out of the corner of my eye I saw the two dripping figures pulled up on board. Then something happened. Somebody hit me, the silk hat, with its contents, was pulled out of my hands, and I was hustled into a dark and cramped little hole.

"Presently and in fragments I learned what was the matter. The minute the professional swimmer was dragged on board his partner, who had been holding his clothes, came staggering down to the spot.

"Here's your clothes, Bill," said the insebriated partner, throwing them down on the deck. "Murdoch's got a hatful of money already and I'm tired of carrying 'em around."

"Somebody who was wise enough to get on to the scheme heard the remark and he successfully pumped the drunken man till he gathered the whole yarn. Then he spread the story of our put up job and the crowd which had been contributing began to clamor for our blood. They took the hat away from me and ran me into that dark hole. The rest of our crowd were served in the same way.

"Finally the captain, in order to preserve peace on his steamer, put the four of us into a small boat and had us rowed over and landed on a little sandbar in the middle of the Mississippi. There we staid until after nightfall, when, by making a torch out of some of our clothing, we succeeded in attracting the attention of a passing steamer, which landed us at St. Louis, at least $3 worse off than when we started."

"Once in the early '70s," says Mr. Murdoch, "I was a member of a little theatrical barnstorming company which was playing the little off-the-railroad towns in New York and Pennsylvania. We carried with us a good many yards of cheap muslin, with which we made curtains and wings and portitions for the dressing rooms. At Greenville, Pa., our manager 'jumped' the town with the total proceeds, amounting to $8 or $10, leaving us to get forward as best we could. I finally was sent ahead to Jamestown, Pa., to see what arrangements could be made to show there. We had fifty big posters, which were carefully gathered up after we had finished with each town and sent ahead for the purpose of billing the next. Before I started the women of the company had written out with pen and ink announcements of our appearance in Jamestown, which were to be pasted on to the posters for use in that metropolis. By telling a sad story of our misfortunes and enlarging on the dramatic abilities of the company I finally persuaded the editor of the Jamestown newspaper to print us a thousand hand bills on credit and the school committee to allow us the use of the schoolhouse on condition that they should have the first money taken in from the sale of tickets. The hotelkeeper was also persuaded to take his chances on getting his money after the performance was over. So I went back to Greenville and by pawning two silver watches we raised enough money to hire a farmer to drive the company over to Jamestown in a bobsled. I remember that he first put a big feather

PLAYING THE PIANO.

bed into the sled box. On that the members of the company knelt down on either side and on top of us all straw was heaped on until nothing could be seen but here and there the top of a cap or bonnet. At any rate I went to sleep five minutes after we started out and never have I enjoyed a more peaceful and restful sleep than on that fourteen mile drive with the thermometer fifteen degrees below zero.

"I had made arrangements in Jamestown for the daughter of the town blacksmith, a girl named Murphy, to furnish the music on a new piano—the first in the town, which her father had just bought for her. On arriving at Jamestown with the company I soon learned that there was a bitter feeling existing because another girl, who had always played for dramatic companies on the melodeon, had been overlooked. So we arranged to play two nights, with Miss Murphy as the orchestra on the first night and the melodeon girl on the second night. As a result we had two huge houses and I got well started on my first experience as a theatrical manager.

"As soon as we got to Jamestown all the men in the company went at once to the newspaper office, where we found 1,000 hand bills already printed. Each of us took a bunch of the bills and started out in different directions. One of us rang the bell at every house in town and proceeded to give a brief

BILLING THE TOWN.

lecture on the surpassing merits of the show to whoever came to the door. That sort of work was a part of the regular duty of every masculine member of a theatrical company in those days.

"At that time the better class of companies playing the small towns traveled in big red wagons, usually hiring their horses from farmers or livery men along the route. Not longer ago than 1885 I remember meeting an actor who was still running a red wagon show through the central part of Iowa."

Coronation Gossip.

[From the Philadelphia Bulletin.]

All the houses that are being lent or hired by King Edward VII. are to be connected with Buckingham palace by telephone.

The coronation Bible, upon which the king will take the oath, is to be an exact imitation of the book used in 1838, and will be bound in red velvet, with corners and clasps of gold.

A rehearsal of the whole coronation music will take place in Westminster abbey on the morning of June 24.

Lord Beauchamp is going to present the Australian commonwealth with a portrait by Longstaffe of the king attired in full coronation robes.

The king of Sweden will be represented at the coronation by his eldest son, the Crown Prince Gustavus.

It has been decided by the king and queen to have the galleries in and above the nave, choir, and transepts of Westminster abbey draped with blue and yellow velvet. The carpets will be dark blue, ornamented with the Garter insignia.

The announcement of the first commissioner of works that on the coronation day the luncheon in Westminster hall will be served at half past 1 is a flagrant absurdity. The service in the abbey will certainly not be over before 2 o'clock, and at least half an hour will elapse before the luncheon guests reach their places in the hall. Breakfasts are to be served from 7 until 9.

Quite a Difference.

A street car conductor in Brooklyn is said to be a double for Dick Croker. But the most remarkable part of it is the company still manages to pay a dividend.—Atlanta (Ga.) Journal.

There Is Yet Time.

It is not too late, however, for a Chinese judge to expurgate Balzac's novels and make them fit to be read.—Detroit Free Press.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

WEDDING OF MISS ETHEL KING TO THE REV. MR. DU MOULIN.

Knox at St. Peter's Church in Belmont Avenue—Miss Ida Mandel Married to Mr. Maurice H. Mandelbaum at the Home of the Bride's Parents, 3400 Michigan Avenue—Miss Mary McAuley and Mr. Frank A. Schrer Made One at Archbishop Feehan's.

The wedding of Miss Ethel King, daughter of Mrs. and Mrs. Rockwell King, to the Rev. Frank Du Moulin yesterday was as beautiful as it was predicted it would be by that part of society that has waited in town for it. There were handsome gowns and flowers, a perfect June day, for the rain held off until the afternoon, and nothing marred the perfectness of the occasion except the crush of people. St. Peter's church in Belmont avenue, of which the groom is the rector, and where the ceremony was performed at noon, had hardly enough seating capacity for so large an assemblage, and consequently some of the guests who were not on hand betimes found the doors closed against them.

The groom's father, Lord Bishop Du Moulin of Niagara, performed the ceremony, assisted by the Rt. Rev. C. P. Anderson, bishop coadjutor of Chicago. The service was the full choral one of the English church, and the surpliced choir, the bishops in their vestments, the beautiful decorated chancel and altar, made the scene impressive. White syringas, blossoms and pink peonies banked the altar and chancel railings, and bunches of peonies caught the ribbons at intervals down the aisles. The sixty choir boys who ushered the church before the bridal party sang "The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden" in a processional, the two young brothers of the bride, MacGregor Adams King and John Andrew King, walking last in the choir and preceding Bishop Du Moulin and Bishop Anderson, who were followed by the Rev. Herbert B. Gwyn, assistant rector of St. Peter's. The bridal party, which approached the altar from the central aisle, was led by these ushers: Stuart Du Moulin, brother of the groom; Harry Street, Augustus Peabody, Benjamin Cable, Arthur Dyrenforth, and Donald Smallwood. After them walked the six bridesmaids, two and two. They were Miss Nannlene Thomasson, Miss Indie Gardner, Miss Elisabeth McMurray, Miss Charlotte Gregory, Miss Anne Burgwin of Pittsburg, and Miss Ray Winters of New York. The bride entered with her father and was preceded by her younger sister, Miss Marjorie King, as maid of honor. The groom and his best man, Mr. Charles Mockridge, waited at the altar.

The bride wore a princess gown of white silk, made severely plain, except for the yoke of duchess lace. The tulle veil was caught with a spray of orange blossoms, and the bouquet was a shower of swansonia and lilies of the valley. The maid of honor wore a pink costume of plaited chiffon, with a large pink hat and bouquet of pink sweet peas. The bridesmaids' costumes were unusually pretty. Each gown was made of plaited nile green chiffon, with lace yokes, and made over white silk. All wore picture hats of white tulle and brims made of white chrysanthemums and the crowns covered with flat bows of green ribbon. To complete the effect of green and white they carried big bouquets of white daisies. Mrs. King wore a tucked gown of cream colored satin, heavily trimmed with lace, and a flower hat of white lilacs and green leaves.

The wedding breakfast which followed the ceremony at the King residence, 63 Hawthorne place, was attended only by the relatives and a few close friends of the family. White daisies were the principal flowers used in the decorations at the house.

In the afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Du Moulin left on their wedding trip. They will spend July at Rye Beach, N. H., and Mr. Du Moulin will preach during the month at the little Episcopal chapel there. They will be at home after Sept. 1 at 1835 Roscoe street.

Among the out of town guests present were the groom's parents and his sisters, the Misses Du Moulin of Canada. Some of those who witnessed the ceremony at the church were:

Mrs. T. B. Blackstone, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Bond,
Mr. W. L. Chadwick, Mrs. Annie Newell, Mrs. Frederick Skinner, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Skinner,
Mr. and Mrs. Philo King, Mr. and Mrs. McGregor Adams,
Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Thomasson,
Mrs. Henry B. Mason, Mrs. C. H. Wilmerding,
The Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Frazier of Oak Park,
Mr. and Mrs. William Perry,
Mr. Charles B. King,
Mr. and Mrs. Martin Andrews,
Miss Skinner,
Mr. Joseph T. Bowen,
Mr. and Mrs. John Crerar,
Mr. and Mrs. Will King,
Dr. and Mrs. E. J. Gardiner,
Mr. and Mrs. John A. Spoor,
Mrs. W. K. Nixon,
Dr. Cooke,
Mr. and Mrs. Hermon Butler,
Mrs. Pomeroy,
Miss Alf,
Mrs. Charles Henrotin,
Miss King.

Fashionable Jewish circles were interested yesterday in the wedding of Miss Ida Mandel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leon Mandel, to Mr. Maurice H. Mandelbaum. The ceremony took place at 6:30 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, 3400 Michigan avenue, Dr. Hirsch officiating. The floral decorations of the house were elaborate, peonies being the principal flower. One hundred and thirty guests were present at the ceremony and banquet which followed. The bride was given in marriage by her father. Her gown was of white gauze made over silk and lace, with tulle veil and bouquet of lilies of the valley. Her only attendant was Mrs. Frederick L. Mandel as matron of honor, who wore a costume of white. Mr. and Mrs. Mandelbaum will spend six weeks in the west, and will be at home after Aug. 1 at 3400 Michigan avenue.

Englewood contributed to yesterday's brides Miss Alice Vorhees, whose wedding to Mr. Price Edward Allison took place at 7:30 o'clock at the Morwood Park Reformed church. A reception followed the ceremony at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. M. Vorhees, 141 Myrtle avenue. The Rev. W. Miedema performed the ceremony. Miss Grace Rosenfeld was maid of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Helen M. Sampson, Miss Lela M. Peet, Miss Eugenia Winchell, Miss Edith M. Smith, Miss Janette M. Thorson, and Miss Elsa Hoffman. The ushers were C. M. Puhlman, A. L. Webster, D. E. Webster, L. A. De Berard, Dr. E. S. Winston, and Dr. A. D. O'Neil. Mr. L. O. Vorhees, brother of the bride, was the best man. Mr. and Mrs. Allison will be at home after Aug. 1 at 39 West Linden avenue.

Miss Mary McAuley, daughter of Mrs. M. E. McAuley of 554 Dearborn avenue, and Mr. Frank A. Schrer were married yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the residence of Archbishop Feehan. Miss Elizabeth McAuley, the bride's sister, and Mr. James Boyle were the bridal attendants. Mr. John Carmody, the bride's cousin, gave her in marriage. A wedding breakfast was served at the residence of the bride's mother. Mr. and Mrs. Schrer will go east on their wedding trip. Upon their return they will live at the Virginia.

A west side wedding of last evening was that of Miss Florence Seaton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Seaton, to John E. Bradshaw at the residence of the bride's parents, 1198 Monroe street. The wedding guests numbered forty. Mr. and Mrs. Bradshaw will go east on their wedding trip.

Miss Gertrude Caroline Munson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Forbes Munson, and Mr. Josian Peary Ward of Louisville, Ky., were married yesterday at the Hyde Park Presbyterian church.

Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Higinbotham announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Alice Higinbotham, to Mr. Joseph M. Patterson.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Spry will spend the summer in Europe, sailing on June 20.

WEDDING IN NILES SOCIETY.

Miss Anne Lewis Beeson, Heiress to $1,000,000, Marries Thomas Lyon Purdy of New York.

Niles, Mich., June 18.—[Special.]—Miss Anne Lewis Beeson, daughter of the late William Beeson, was married here today to Thomas Lyon Purdy of New York City. The ceremony was performed by the Rt. Rev. George W. Gillespie, bishop of western Michigan, at Trinity Episcopal church, in the presence of a large number of friends. Mr. and Mrs. Purdy left this afternoon for the east. Miss Beeson is heiress to $1,000,000. The groom is also a millionaire. Mr. and Mrs. Purdy will make their home in New York City. Miss Marjory Hess of Chicago acted as one of the bridesmaids.

Women with troubles peculiar to their sex made well by Johann Hoff's Extract. Accept NO substitute. Get JOHANN HOFF'S.

LETTER OF THE MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

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THE duke of Somerset is one of the most intimate friends of Gen. Sir Redvers Buller, with whom he formerly served in the Sixtieth rifles. He has been championing the cause of that much assailed general with no little vigor, condemning not only the government but likewise the crown in no measured terms for their treatment of Sir Redvers.

Hence it was not altogether surprising that the king should have behaved to the duke with such marked coldness at the last court as excited remark on the part of those who witnessed it, and the indignation of the head of the historic house of St. Maur, or Seymour. If the cable dispatches are to be believed, the duke indeed threatened never to attend court again as long as he lived, and under the circumstances a good deal of curiosity will be felt as to whether he will appear at the coronation and take his place in the royal procession, in which he has been assigned to bear the orb of the realm by virtue of his rank in the peerage, in which he comes immediately next to the duke of Norfolk, who is the premier peer of the united kingdom.

The duke has never been particularly popular at court or a favorite in society, although he is an exceedingly clever "raconteur," a delightful companion, and much liked among his neighbors in Devonshire. He has, however, a keen sense of what is due to his rank, and, although genial and unaffected, resents keenly the preference shown at court for people whom he regards as distinctly "new."

His family, it cannot be denied, is one of the most ancient and illustrious in the kingdom and had been in existence for two or three hundred years when Sir William Seymour, one of the ancestors of the duke, attended Edward, the black prince, into Gascony.

Sir Edward Seymour was created first duke of Somerset in 1546, and as lord protector was regent of England during the minority of King Edward VI., and one of the leading spirits in the creation of the state church of England. As shown in history, he lost his head on the scaffold, and his son, as well as other of his descendants and heirs to his honors, figures in the annals of England as having suffered imprisonment and exile at the hands of the crown.

The present duke seems determined to maintain the family traditions, if not of antagonism, at any rate of independence towards the throne, and it is curious that the first duke of Somerset, having been put to death on the scaffold by Edward VI., the fifteenth duke should have incurred the displeasure of Edward VII. nearly 400 years later in such a way as to call down upon his head a public mark of his sovereign's ill will at a great court function.

The present duke is tall. Indeed, his stature exceeds that of any member of the house of lords, even that of Lord Pembroke, and of all the noblemen of his rank he is the one whose presence is most imposing and most ducal. He is, however, quite poor—that is to say, as dukes go—and sacrificed a fortune which he would otherwise have inherited from his uncle, owing to his persistence in marrying against the wishes of his family a charming Canadian woman of excellent family, but who at the time when he made her acquaintance was filling the rôle of governess in the house in which he was staying.

The duke and duchess, who are devoted to one another, have no children, and at their death the family honors will be inherited by the duke's brother, Lord Percy St. Maur, married to a pretty Irish woman, daughter of the late Lord Annaly. Lord Percy is quite rich, is a first rate sportsman, and a great traveler.

It is only right to add that there also exist, as in the case of almost every British peerage, claimants to the dukedom who contest the right of the present holder of the family honors. The most romantic claimant is an elderly man, who pretends to be Lord Edward St. Maur, a son of the twelfth duke of Somerset. Lord Edward disappeared most mysteriously while on a shooting expedition in the Himalayas in 1865, shortly after his return from this country, where he had spent considerable time, first on the union side and then at confederate headquarters, watching the historic struggle between the north and south. At confederate headquarters he was the guest of Gen. Dick Taylor, to whom he presented a letter of introduction from Jefferson Davis, and who at first received him with a good deal of suspicion, in spite of the presidential letter, owing to his spelling his name as "St. Maur" instead of "Seymour," which led the general to regard him as an impostor.

It costs an enormous amount of money in England to enforce claims to a peerage borne perhaps wrongly by another. For the tribunal which decides such matters is the committee of privileges of the house of lords. It is because of this question of expense that there are so few suits instituted to recover peerages as compared to the number of claims and pretensions thereto. It is therefore just possible that the elderly man who claims to be Lord Edward St. Maur may in reality be the son, and consequently the heir, of the twelfth duke, and that the story may be true which he tells of having been held in captivity for nearly five and thirty years by some of the mountain frontier tribes of India.

So far he has not got beyond the unsuccessful application for an injunction to restrain the tenants of the entailed estates of the duke of Somerset from paying rents to the latter. But should eccentric people be found to furnish the necessary funds to help the claimant to fight his case in the house of lords, as Lord Rivers did in the Tichborne case, there is no doubt that a good deal of testimony bearing upon the matter would be sought and obtained in this country, both from the confederate and union commanders and staff officers, who were on terms of intimacy with Lord Edward, and also among the records of the war department and state department at Washington, as well as among the official papers of the confederacy.

I hear from Madrid of a rather amusing "contretemp" which occurred during the recent coming of age festivities, on the occasion of the investiture of the young king with the order of the garter. The duke of Connaught had delivered his speech, to which the king had replied, and was about to place the garter upon the leg of the young monarch, when suddenly attention was drawn to the fact that the latter was wearing trousers. There was an uncomfortable pause, during which the king vanished through a side door. Five minutes afterwards he reappeared in the same quiet fashion with his nether limbs arrayed in white knee breeches and white silk stockings, which did not of course form part of the uniform which he was wearing. He then, while standing, placed his foot upon a stool, and the duke of Connaught, kneeling before him, buckled the garter round his left leg just below the knee.

Fortunately there was no such hitch at the investiture of the dukes of Marlborough and of Bedford with the garter the other day by King Edward at Buckingham palace. They were conducted in turn by their sponsors to the chair of state, on which the king was seated, and knelt before him on their right knee. This enabled him, by bending slightly forward, to fasten the garter to their left knees.

Elisabeth, duchess of Wellington, widow of the second duke and aunt therefore of the present holder of the honors of the victor of Waterloo, is reported to be dying. She was a particular favorite of her celebrated father-in-law, a frequent companion of his rides, and figures in the great painting made by Sir Edwin Landseer of the battlefield of Waterloo, being visited a quarter of a century after that historic conflict by the iron duke, who is portrayed as in the act of drawing the attention of his lovely daughter-in-law to the various points of interest of the landscape. Both are on horseback.

The duchess was throughout her married life an object of much sympathy to all who were acquainted with her husband. For it was notorious in society that she could not have found happiness with him.

WILL ELECT TEACHERS TODAY.

School Committee Will Choose Instructors for Next Year—Some Principals to Go.

The annual election of teachers and principals for Chicago public schools will be held by the school management committee this afternoon. Four principals, thirty grade, and twenty-five high school teachers were reported for retirement by Supt. Cooley several weeks ago, and it is said that except in the case of a few grade teachers who have shown marked improvement in their work few of these will be elected. In the case of some teachers a compromise on transfer, instead of dismissal, is said to have been reached.

The principals who, according to statements made by members of the committee, are slated for dismissal, are:

Erastus A. Barnes, Webster school.
Ellen W. Carpenter, Andrew Jackson school.
Elizabeth M. Cobb, George H. Thomas school.
Arthur E. Jacobs, Gallistel school.

Bread and Milk for Bad Boys.

Bread and milk diet as a punishment for refractory boys in the parental school was adopted by the committee in charge of the compulsory education work. The trustees were assured this plan had resulted in good heretofore.

MacLaren School Fumigated.

Measures to protect pupils at the MacLaren school from smallpox have been completed since the removal from the school of Vivian Maine, a pupil who was thought to be infected with the disease. Three rooms were fumigated, and the building is pronounced free from contagion.

Will Readvertise for Bids.

The committee on buildings and grounds was disappointed yesterday because only two bids had been received on the contract for furnishing paper to the schools. This contract involves nearly $30,000, and because of the lack of competition the committee rejected all bids and will again advertise the contract.

CHECK FRAUD IN BANKRUPTCY.

House Amendments to the Law Indorsed by Referees Eastman and Wean as Furthering Justice.

Both the local bankruptcy referees, Sidney C. Eastman and Frank L. Wean, declared that the amendments to the bankruptcy law, adopted by the house of representatives, will make the act more popular and less subject to the encouragement of dishonesty.

"The changes," said Referee Eastman, "will tend to discourage rogues, who have been prone to take advantage of the old act. They increase the objections to discharge, help the creditors in the matter of preferences, prevent the distribution of estates against the interests of general creditors, and facilitate the rapid transaction of business in the court.

"The amendment which makes it impossible for a debtor to get a discharge oftener than once in six years is good, and the act also is improved by making it impossible for a person to free himself from debts due for alimony. The amended bill also prevents the discharge from debts due as liabilities for frauds, for willful or malicious injuries to persons or property of another and for acts against good morals."

SITE FOR NEW GLUCOSE PLANT.

South Chicago or Waukegan Will Secure Factory, Options on Land at Both Places Being Secured.

The $3,000,000 plant to be erected by the new glucose company, headed by C. M. Warner of Syracuse, N. Y., will be located at South Chicago or Waukegan. This statement was given out yesterday in Waukegan by one of the prime movers in the new concern. Options on thirty-five acres of land have been secured in both places, and a decision will be made inside of two weeks. The property in Waukegan is just at the city limits, and covers a tract between the Chicago and Northwestern tracks and the lake, about 900 feet long. The plans for the factory have not been drawn, but have been sketched, so the engineers know what is to be built. The plant, when opened, will employ 500 men.

CONSTABLE GREENBERG IS HELD ON A CHARGE OF RIOT.

Writ Server Must Explain to the Grand Jury His Conduct in Beck Seizure—Also Loses Another Case.

Constable Louis Greenberg was held to the grand jury in bonds of $500 yesterday morning by Justice Hall on a charge of inciting a riot. Greenberg furnished a bond.

On a technical point on which Justice Hall and Justice Prindiville took different views concerning a change of venue, Joseph Cuszins and Bernard Loeff, alleged helpers of Greenberg, were allowed their freedom by Justice Hall. Warrants charging riot then were taken out for both men. Loeff was arrested, but Cuszins had left the courtroom.

The principal witness against Greenberg was Nellie Vieth, a waitress in the Beck restaurant, 489 Forty-third street. She described the appearance of Greenberg and of four assistants, and said the men seized the cash register in the restaurant and took it away. Then, she said, one of the assistants took a revolver from behind the counter and pointed it at the twenty-five patrons of the restaurant.

Finally, she said, Greenberg seized Mrs. Beck by the throat and jammed her head against the wall. When Miss Vieth endeavored to telephone for the police she was seized by Greenberg and her arm was severely wrenched.

Mrs. A. M. Rockwell, 4148 Prairie avenue, who was eating in the Beck restaurant at the time Greenberg made his raid, told a similar story.

Greenberg failed to appear in Justice Hurley's court in the afternoon when the replevin suit brought by Mrs. Beck was called. A judgment was entered against him, giving the woman possession of the cash register which was seized in the restaurant raid.

SUES F. W. PECK FOR BONDS.

Joshua C. Sanders of New York Files a Bill in the Circuit Court.

Joshua C. Sanders of New York filed a bill in the Circuit court in which he seeks an accounting from Ferdinand W. Peck in regard to the ownership of twenty-two bonds of the Riverside improvement company. Sanders alleges that he purchased eleven of the bonds, valued at $1,000 each, and assigned them to Charles B. Ver Nooy, a relative by marriage, for the purpose of having them enforced. In a suit brought in the name of Ver Nooy, it is alleged, a decree was entered in which it was declared that there was due $28,023.79 on the bonds.

JACKSON PARK MASHER FINED.

H. C. Sutterfield, a Barber at 338 Fifty-fifth Street, Pays $10 in Hyde Park Court.

A masher was fined yesterday morning in Justice Quinn's court at the Hyde Park police station. H. C. Sutterfield, a barber at 338 Fifty-fifth street, was the man on whom the justice imposed a fine of $10 for attempted flirtation with Mrs. William Smith of Fifty-seventh street and Jefferson avenue. Mrs. Smith told the court that she had left the buggy in which she and her husband were riding at the German building in Jackson Park when the defendant followed her and insisted on talking to her.

SMOKE VIOLATORS ARE FINED.

Six Concerns Found Guilty When Brought to Trial Before Justice Gibbons.

Fines were imposed on smoke ordinance violators in Justice Walter Gibbons' court yesterday as follows:

Pennsylvania railroad company, $5.
Seipp brewing company, $25.
Lewis institute, $5.
Central steam laundry company, $5.
Glucose sugar refining company, $25.
Santa Fé building, $20.

Twelve cases were continued until next Wednesday.

VOTE OF WOMEN UPHELD.

CLUB MANAGERS SEAT MRS. KEITH AND MISS CLAPP.

Protest of 171 Members Against Legality of the Election Overruled at the Close of a Session Lasting Five Hours—Objectors to Meet Later and Decide on Course of Action—Hull House Organization Chooses Officers.

By a vote of 10 to 2 at the close of a five hours' session yesterday afternoon the board of managers of the Chicago woman's club overruled the protest of 171 members of the club against the seating as members of the board of Mrs. Emily L. Keith and Miss Anna C. Clapp, and declared the contested candidates to be regularly elected.

Mrs. Keith and Miss Clapp were elected by the members of the club at the recent annual election over Mrs. Laura H. Clarke, nominee of the philosophy and science department, and Mrs. Lillian D. Duncanson, nominee of the educational department. The protest was based on the claim that a recently adopted bylaw made the nomination of a director by her department an election to the board of managers.

Bearing on Wiles Controversy.

The scratching of these two candidates at the election, which followed closely upon the incident now known as the Wiles controversy, was said at the time to be an act of disapproval directed against the friends of Mrs. Wiles, and by some it is claimed that the action of the board yesterday was a chastisement of the Wiles faction.

While defeated before the board the protestors are not done with their fight, and at a meeting tomorrow afternoon they will hear the official report of the board's action and will decide what course to pursue. It is certain that plans will be laid for an active campaign to have the by-laws, which are now admitted by all to be ambiguous, amended by a vote of the board so that hereafter there will be no question about the right to a seat in the board of department selections.

Vice President Lewis in Chair.

Mary E. Lewis, second vice president of the club, presided at the meeting, and the protest was presented by Dr. Sarah Hackett Stevenson, chairman of the committee recently appointed by the protestors. Her colleague in the committee, Florence Potter Seaton, and Mrs. T. V. Johnson were with her before the board. Dr. Stevenson made an argument in favor of the position the protestors had taken, and at once Mrs. Gwynn Garnett introduced a resolution, acting as a member of the board, providing for the ratification of the protest and declaring Mrs. Clarke and Mrs. Duncanson elected.

The resolution was heard in silence and no one seconded it. Mrs. Frances S. Lane introduced as a substitute the following resolution, which was carried, Mrs. Garnett and Mrs. Sherman voting in the negative and one member not voting:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of the board that the members of the board must be elected according to our articles of incorporation, by the club, and were so elected at our annual meeting; that department directors were elected in February by the departments, and we recognize their election as valid as department directors, although two of the department directors were not elected members of the board of directors of the club."

This resolution brought on a spirited debate, in which Mrs. Garnett and Mrs. Sherman stood alone against the others. Mrs. Lane and Mrs. Marion B. Upton were the leaders in support of it.

Then the matter went to a vote and the resolution was carried. It was then 7 o'clock, and the women, who had been in session since luncheon, hurried home to dinner.

Election at Hull House.

The Hull house woman's club yesterday elected the following officers for the year:

President—Mrs. Laura Dainty Pelham.
Vice presidents—Mrs. Louisa Fiffe and Mrs. Nellie Elmers.
Recording secretary—Mrs. Mary Murphy.
Corresponding secretary—Mrs. Lydia Lehman.
Treasurer—Mrs. Mary Bolland.

Marble Works Censured by Jury.

McDavidson Bros.' marble works were censured by a coroner's jury yesterday at an inquest held over the body of Regnoh Luca, who was crushed to death by a three ton iron casting in the company's plant on Tuesday afternoon. Witnesses testified that the tackle used to hoist the casting was defective.

Free Bathing Beaches Open Saturday.

The free public bathing beaches along the lake at Twenty-fifth street and at Oakdale avenue, two blocks north of Lincoln park, will be opened on Saturday morning. Bathing trunks and towels will be furnished free.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

Judge Chetlain—222966—William Binder vs. C. U. T. Co.; on ver., $350; satisfied.
Judge Stein—210685—Marie Leseth vs. City; mo. n. t. overrid. and judgt. $2,000.—212402—Mary Ryan vs. City; on ver., $500.—213036—William A. Bouthron vs. City; on findg., $500.
Judge Hutchinson—212476—Martin Wyerski vs. Simon Ryan; on ver., $48.—216234—Martin L. Howard vs. C. C. R. R. Co.; mo. n. t. denied and judgt. $500; appl.—212486—James Steven vs. W. H. Mortimer; on findg., $30; satisfied.
Judge Tuthill—222036—Joseph H. Pleas vs. Jay J. Thompson; by deft., $1,044.07.
Judge Baker—217396—Tuscarora Adv. Co., use Beach Beach Co., vs. Inter Ocean Pub. Co.; by deft., $384.
Judge Clifford—218553—James H. Stowell vs. Mutual Reserve Fund Life Assn.; on findg., $825; satisfied.—226293—Sprague Smith Co. vs. Sarah S. Watson; by deft., $295.25.
Judge Burke—227104—Ettie Landsman vs. C. U. T. Co.; on ver., $150; satisfied.—226474—Fayerweather & Ladew vs. Am. Copper, Brass and Iron Works; by deft., $958.25.—206215—M. Grusin vs. Alice M. Moore and Cornelia Moore; mo. n. t. overrid. and judgt., $125.
Judge Vail—228310—Western Planing & Mfg. Co. vs. Lincoln Brooke; by deft., $265.—228060—Fisher vs. Duncan; St. Louis national stock yards vs. Godfrey; Donk Bros. vs. Stroff; Willis coal company vs. Grizzell; Taylor vs. Seiter; Cline vs. Cline; Chicago union traction company vs. Chicago.

Decrees.

Judge Holdom—3502—Hembes vs. Drendel; dec. partn.—4076—Smith vs. Smith; dec. div.—3354—Kelly vs. Kelly; dec. div.—3809—Jaenich vs. Pribe; dec. sale.—3652—Lohse vs. Lohse; dec. div.—4026—Pilon vs. Pilon; dec. div.—3384—Forman vs. Forman; dec. div.
Judge Chytraus—3840—Church vs. Hohmgren; def. dec.—3925—Connell vs. Cooke; dec.—2903—Fulle vs. Schwartz; dec. sale.—3935—Rumsey vs. Tiny; dec.—3439—Campbell vs. Watson; def. dec.—221704—Chamblin vs. Chamblin; dec. div.—1911—Froelich vs. Froelich; dec. div.—3765—Kolb vs. Kolb; dec. div.
Judge Tuley—11424—Boettke vs. Maxwell; dec. sale.
Judge Tuthill—4273—Jennings vs. Colland; dec.
Judge Baker—11094—In re petn. of Kinggard; dec. change name.
Judge Clifford—11826—Fitch vs. Smith; dec. sale.—2021—Osgood vs. Buchanan; dec. sale.
Judge Bishop—11390—Hudson vs. Hudson; dec. div.
Judge Willis—10168—Spitzer vs. Williams; dec. sale.—11499—Schram vs. Schram; dec. div.
Judge Haney—1177—Bishop vs. Schropfer; dec. sale.
Judge Burke—10908—Klotz vs. Klotz; dec. div.
Judge Roberts—12297—In re petn. of Soren L. Poulsen; dec. changing name.
Judge Vail—10520—Breughton vs. Hughes; dec. sale.—227378—Nicholas vs. Nicholas; dec.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

7789—William Delury; liabil., $280; no assets; R. S. Carroll, atty.
7790—Egbert J. G. Hoen; liabil., $3,700; assets, $2600; P. Harris, atty.
7791—James W. Bond; liabil., $600; assets, $300; R. S. Carroll, atty.
7792—William Jude; liabil., $170; no assets; C. A. Vogel, atty.

Court Calls for Today.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Vickers—Trial call [law], 511, 4023, 5847, 470, 1918, 2147, 211, 212, 614. On trial, 296.
Judge Garver—Trial call [law], 4715, 4808, 4767, 6098, 5020, 5045, 6026, 4007, 6342, 4514, 4795, 4782, 2087100, 6568, 5743.
Judge Holdom—Trial call [chancery], 4148, 1900, 211738, 4202, 3714, 2216, 196309. On hearing, 9053.
Judge Goodwin—Trial call [law], 5140, 6122, 5292, 5350, 4042, 6161, 6275, 6281, 6285. On trial, 5072.
Judge Chetlain—Trial call [law], 12227, 1141, 2740, 2587, 4588, 4474, 4591, 4402, 4475, 4476, 3254, 2757, 2967, 4589, 4646, 168466, 4045. On trial, 905.
Judge Stough—Trial call [law], 2777, 6310, 6311, 6315, 6416, 6430, 5829, 6176.
Judge Chytraus—Trial call [law], 2567, 37, 2983, 4255.
Judge Stein—Trial call [law], 6787, 607, 6788, 6667, 6048, 1773, 6548, 6552, 3890, 5496, 4098, 4378, 5252, 6295. On trial, 974.
Judge Hutchinson—Trial call [law], 6250, 4916, 6251, 6288, 6296, 6400, 5081, 5531, 6532, 6333, 6534, 6535, 6536, 6539. On trial, 1541.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Roberts—Trial call [law], 7218, 6943, 6630, 8026, 9053, 9071, 9152, 9224, 9277. Note—Judge Roberts will have a first call Friday from 401 to 500 inc.
Judge Tuthill—No court.
Judge Haney—Trial call [chancery], 21229, 21265, 21620, 17477, 19114, 19122, 78794, 10621, 20071, 20077, 20904, 20168, 346, 19749, 11159.
Judge Horton—Short cause calendar, 18389, 18065, 18070, 18940, 19383, 16215, 16292, 19002, 18524, 16348, 19567, 14270, 19460, 19067, 17864, 19811, 20391, 20250, 19807, 19808.
Judge Neely—Trial call [law], 15879, 15890,

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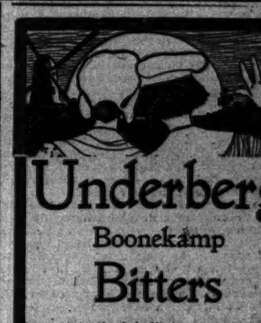

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PROPOSALS FOR HAY AND OATS—CHIEF Quartermaster's Office, Chicago, Ill., May 21, 1902.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here and at the office of the Quartermaster, Fort Sheridan, Ill., until 11 o'clock a. m., June 21, 1902, for furnishing hay and oats at Fort Sheridan, Ill. U. S. reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Blank proposals and particulars furnished on application here, or to Quartermaster of post named. Envelope containing proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Hay and Oats," addressed to undersigned or to the Quartermaster, Fort Sheridan, Ill. R. B. ATWOOD, Chief Quartermaster.

WANTED—FOR THE U. S. ARMY—ABLE-bodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 42 West Madison-st., 226 South State-st., or 154 South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill., or Danville, Rockford, Princeton, Ill.

WANTED—TELEGRAPH OPERATORS FOR Signal Corps, U. S. Army; able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35, citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits. Written recommendations as to character and qualifications required. Apply in person or by letter to Recruiting Officer, 154 South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

STOCKS STRONG AND HIGH.

WALL STREET DEALINGS LARGER AND PRICES GO UP.

Market Shows Broadening Tendency and in Nearly Every Active Issue Scores Good Advance—Missouri Pacific Rises on Good Buying and Dividend Announcement—Gates Interests Credited with Realizing Sales in St. Paul—Steel Shares Heavy.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, June 18.—[Special.]—The noticeable features of today's stock market were its remarkable strength and its broadening tendency. Total dealings, approximating three-quarters of a million shares, were almost one-half of last week's total and were well distributed throughout the list. Practically in every stock where activity developed there was strength.

Such representative shares as Illinois Central, Wabash, and C. and E. I. made new high records, Illinois Central at one time selling up 7 points and Wabash nearly 2, while among the other notable advances were 1¼ on Rock Island, 1⅛ in Corn Products preferred, 1⅝ in Denver and Rio Grande, 5¼ in General Electric, 1¼ in Missouri Pacific, 1⅛ in New York Central, 1⅝ in Pennsylvania, 1¼ in Missouri, Kansas and Texas preferred, 4¼ in St. Louis southwestern preferred, 1¼ in Union Pacific, 1 in Texas Pacific, 1 in C. and A., and 1⅝ in Wheeling and Lake Erie second preferred.

Not an important stock on the list scored more than a fractional decline, ice trust shares, Anaconda, and Colorado fuel excepted.

The further advance in Missouri Pacific to a new high level on the present movement was due to buying by the same interests lately active in the issue. The directors declared the regular-semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on the stock. The April net report showed an increase over the corresponding month last year of $96,000.

Continuing liquidation was the feature of the ice trust shares, the preferred falling more than 2 points and closing at the lowest for the day. Tammany politicians have been hard hit by the decline. The Gates interests were credited with the selling of St. Paul and Colorado fuel under cover of the strength in the balance of the market.

The continued criticism against the steel trust management in commencing dividend payments on the common stock when money for working purposes must be raised by a bond issue is leading to steady selling of the steel trust shares, which, in common with other Morgan stocks (Reading excepted), were conspicuously heavy today. Investment buying in anticipation of the July disbursements was said to be responsible in large measure for the advances in Pennsylvania, New York Central, Great Northern, and other standard railway shares.

Wabash common stock sold up nearly 2 points today to a new high record on buying said in the street to be by Gould and Vanderbilt interests, though there were suggestions that Pennsylvania railroad interests might be among the purchasers, with a view to obtaining sufficient stock to have representation on the board—this because of the constantly strengthening position of Wabash, which, on its entrance to Pittsburg, is guaranteed a large part of the traffic business of the Carnegie company.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Leaders of the bull campaign in stocks made a more aggressive demonstration today than at any time since the campaign was inaugurated. The market broadened, and there was a material increase in activity, the volume of dealings rising over that for any one day since some time before the first of the present month. The strength in the market was pretty generally disseminated through the railroad list.

Close: Money on call steady at 2¼@3 per cent, closing offered at 2½. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¾ for demand, and at 485¼@485¾ for sixty days' bills; posted rates, 486 and 488½; commercial bills, 484½@485½; bar silver, 52⅞; Mexican dollars, 42½; government bonds, steady; state bonds inactive; railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	June 18	June 17
Closing					
Amn. sugar	30,500	132⅝	129⅝	132⅜	127⅝
Do pfd	100	119	119	119	117
Amn. locomotive	1,400	38¾	37¾	38¾	33¼
Do pfd	200	94¼	94¼	94¾	84¼
Amn. cotton oil	100	51¼	51¼	51¼	52
Amn. express	100	225	225	225	...
Amn. smelting	600	48⅝	48⅜	48⅝	48⅜
Do pfd	100	98¾	98¾	98¾	98
Amn. tobacco	1,700	93¾	92¾	93¾	90¾
Do pfd	100	134	134	134	134
Amn. grass twine	600	23¾	23¼	23¾	23¼
Amn. linseed	100	26	26	26	25
Do pfd	100	51	51	51	51
Amn. malting pfd	200	25	25	25	25½
Amn. car foundry	4,700	34¾	33¾	34¾	31¾
Do pfd	200	91	91	91	91½
Amn. ice	2,300	17¼	16¾	16¾	17¼
Do pfd	100	82	82	82	82
Atchison	22,000	82¾	81¼	82½	81¾
Do pfd	5,900	101¼	100¾	101	101¼
Anaconda	900	113¾	113	113	114
Amal. copper	5,700	74¾	73¾	74¾	73¾
Ann Arbor rr. pfd	100	77	77	77	...
Balt. Rap. Trans.	2,900	67¼	66¾	67¼	64¼
Balto. & Ohio	7,300	107¾	106¼	107	106¾
Chi. Un. Trac.	600	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅜
Chi. & Alton	4,600	37¾	37¼	37¾	37¼
Do pfd	100	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼
C., M. & St. P.	20,100	174¼	173	174¾	173¾
Do pfd	100	182	182	182	182
C. & N. W.	1,700	255	253	255	257
C. R. I. & P.	1,200	174	172¾	174	172¾
Chi. Terminal	700	21¼	21	21¼	21¼
Do pfd	500	38¾	38¾	38¾	38¾
Ches. & Ohio	500	47	46¾	47	46¾
Canadian Pacific	5,600	135¾	134¾	135¾	130¾
C., C., C. & St. L.	400	103¾	103¾	103¾	103
Colo. Southern	1,000	21¾	21¼	21¾	21¼
Do 1st pfd	100	51	51	51	51
Do 2d pfd	100	37	37	37	37
Colo. Fuel & Iron	6,200	69¾	68¾	69¾	68¾
Corn Prod. pfd	1,100	91¼	90¾	91¼	90¾
Chi. Gt. W.	1,000	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Do pfd "A"	100	74	74	74	74
Cora Products pfd.	1,200	70¾	70¼	70¾	69¾
Del. & Hudson	300	176¾	176	176¾	176¾
Del., L. & Western	600	311	310	311	310
D. & R. G.	1,000	51¾	50¾	51¾	50¾
Do pfd	600	94¼	93¾	94¼	93¾
Dist. of America	2,500	41¼	40¾	41¼	41
Do pfd	1,200	91	90¼	91	90¼
D., S. S. & Atl.	100	14	14	14	14
Del. Southern	1,700	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¼
Do 1st pfd	1,000	57	57	57	57
Do 2d pfd	1,000	34	34	34	34
Erie	3,000	37¾	37¼	37¾	37¼
Do 1st pfd	1,000	68¾	68¼	68¾	68¼
Do 2d pfd	1,000	54¾	54¼	54¾	54¼
Flouring Mills	2,000	54	54	54	54
Gen. Electric	1,500	312	309	311¾	306
G., C. & Sioux C.	100	74	74	74	...
Do pfd	100	114	114	114	...
Gt. Northern pfd.	2,500	190¼	189	190	189¼
Hocking Valley	2,000	84	84	84	84
Do pfd	100	94	94	94	94
Illinois Central	73,500	160¾	158¾	159¾	153¾
Int. Paper	1,000	23¾	23¼	23¾	23¼
Int. paper pfd	100	69¾	69¾	69¾	68
Kan. & Mich.	100	44	44	44	44
Do pfd	100	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾
Do 2d pfd	1,000	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼
Kan. City Southern	1,100	37¾	37¼	37¾	37¼
Do pfd	1,000	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾
Louis. & Nash.	1,100	117¾	116¾	117¾	116¾
Manhattan	1,000	131¾	131	131¾	131
Met. St. Ry.	1,200	151¾	150¾	151¾	150¾
Mexican Central	1,000	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Minn. & St. L.	1,000	97¾	96¾	97¾	96¾
Do pfd	100	97	97	97	97
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	1,000	150	150	150	150
Do pfd	100	150	150	150	150
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1,000	27¾	27¼	27¾	27¼
Do pfd	1,000	57¾	57¼	57¾	57¼
Missouri Pacific	6,200	107¾	106¾	107¾	106¾
Mobile & Ohio	1,000	75	75	75	75
Nash., Chat. & St. L.	100	120	120	120	120
N. Y. Central	11,100	159¾	158¾	159¾	157¾
N. Y., Ont. & West.	1,000	47¾	47¼	47¾	47¼
Norfolk & Western	2,000	71¾	71¼	71¾	71¼
Do pfd	100	84	84	84	84
North American	1,000	89¾	89¼	89¾	89¼
Northern Pacific	1,000	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾
Ontario & Western	1,000	39¾	39¼	39¾	39¼
Pacific Coast	100	80	80	80	80
Do 1st pfd	100	120	120	120	120
Do 2d pfd	100	90	90	90	90
Pennsylvania	7,000	139¾	138¾	139¾	137¾
Pressed Steel Car	1,000	47¾	47¼	47¾	47¼
Do pfd	1,000	90¾	90¼	90¾	90¼
Pullman	15	207	207	207	207
Pere Marquette	1,100	94¼	93¾	94¼	93¾
Do pfd	1,100	94¼	93¾	94¼	93¾
Quincy	3	130¾	130¾	130¾	130¾
Rhode Island	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
Do pfd	100	2	2	2	2
Shannon	100	15	15	15	15¼
Swift & Co.	200	110	111	110	110
Seattle Elec. pfd.	15	100	100	100	100
Tamarack	25	170	170	170	170
Trinity	300	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Tennessee	100	70	70	70	70
Un. Shoe Mchy.	250	55	55	55	55
Do pfd	400	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾
Utah	80	22	22	22	22
U. S. Mining	150	20¾	20¼	20¾	20¼
Un. Fruit	1,200	111¾	110¾	111	112¾
U. S. Oil	100	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Un. Pacific	1,825	105¾	106	105¾	106¾
Do pfd	81	89	89	89	89
Victoria	6	6	6	6	6
Wolverine	240	95¼	95	95	95¼
Western Tel.	181	30¼	30¼	30½	30¼
Do pfd	1,425	103	103	102¾	102¾

BONDS.

$15000 Am Tel 4s	99¾	$ 1000 K C M-B 4s	96¼
2000 Atch 4s	102¾	3000 Mex C 4s	82¾
do adj 4s	94¼	1000 N E Cot Yarn 6s	108¾
42500 B Gas 5s	94⅜		
2000 C Tr 4s	90	2100 Rutland 6s	100
2000 C & O 5s	103	10000 Seattle Elec 5s	
17000 C B-Q new 4s	106¾		
4s	94¼@94¾	6000 W Tel 5s	106¾@106¾

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub.

Boston, Mass., June 18.—[Special.]—Even though the coppers, as a group, continued in a state of neglect and were barely steady in tone, the local market, taken as a whole, was in better shape today than for some time past. The telephone issues were strong in tone and fairly active. American rights sold at 14¼@14⅜, and New England rights at 7⅝@7¾. Dominion iron and steel was both strong and active, selling up over 1 per cent to 55¾. The market closed steady. Call loans 2¼@4 per cent; time loans, collateral 4@5 per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent. Clearing-house loans 3½ per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	1,450	67⅝	68¼	67¾	67¾
Adventure	367	24	24	24	24
Arcadian	100	5	5¼	5	5¼
Am. Tel.	704	183¾	188¾	188¾	182¾
Atchison	100	83	83⅝	83	83⅛
Do pfd	130	100¾	101	100¾	101
Am. Sugar	1,700	126¾	129¾	125¾	129¾
Do pfd	4	119¼	119¼	119¼	119¼
Am. Woolen pfd	440	75	76	75	76
Bingham	10	33	35	35	35
Boston & Maine	130	177	177	168¾	168¾
Calumet	1	580	580	580	580
Cons. Mercur	750	1 19-32	1 19-32	1 5-32	1 11-32
Centennial	100	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼
Chi. Junct.	60	165	165	165	165
Daly West	400	45	45	44½	44½
Dom. Steel	1,900	54¾	55¾	54¼	55¾
Dom. Coal	15	134	138	138	138
Guanajuato	200	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
Gen. Electric	57	309½	312	309½	312
Mass. Mining	60	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
Mohawk	440	42¾	42¾	41¾	41¾
Michigan	100	12	12	12	12
Mont. & Bost.	600	2¾	2¾	2½	2¾
Mass. Elec.	612	43¼	43¾	43¼	43¾
Do pfd	22	88	88	88	88
Mex. Cent.	25	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
N. E. Coke	15	4	4	4	4
N. E. Eng. Tel.	9	148½	148½	148½	148½
N. E. Cot. Yarn pfd	5	95½	95½	95½	95½
Osceola	165	61¼	61¾	61¼	61¼
Old Dom.	40	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾
Pneumatic	525	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
Do pfd	250	31¼	31¼	26¼	26¼
Pullman	15	207	207	207	207
Pere Marquette	13	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼
Quincy	3	130¾	130¾	130¾	130¾
Rhode Island	130	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
Santa Fe	150	2	2	2	2
Shannon	100	15	15¼	15	15¼
Swift & Co.	280	110	111	110	110
Seattle Elec. pfd.	15	100	100	100	100
Tamarack	25	170	170	170	170
Trinity	310	12¾	12¾	12¼	12¾
Tenn. Coal	100	70	70	70	70
Un. Shoe Mchy	250	55	55	55	55
Do pfd	400	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾
Utah	80	22	22	22	22
U. S. Mining	150	20¾	20¾	20¼	20¼
Un. Fruit	1,200	111¾	113¾	111	112¾
U. S. Oil	100	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Un. Pacific	1,825	105¾	106¾	105¾	106¾
Do pfd	81	89	89	89	89
Victoria	6	6	6	6	6
Wolverine	240	95¼	95	95	95¼
Western Tel.	181	30¼	30¼	30½	30¼
Do pfd	1,425	103	103	102¾	102¾

BONDS.

$15000 Am Tel 4s	99¾	$ 1000 K C M-B 4s	96¼
2000 Atch 4s	102¾	3000 Mex C 4s	82¾
do adj 4s	94¼	1000 N E Cot Yarn 6s	108¾
42500 B Gas 5s	94⅜		
2000 C Tr 4s	90	2100 Rutland 6s	100
2000 C & O 5s	103	10000 Seattle Elec 5s	
17000 C B-Q new 4s	106¾		
4s	94¼@94¾	6000 W Tel 5s	106¾@106¾

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Other Securities at London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, June 18.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says:

"Stocks showed a tendency to improve today, being more active and more cheerful. West Australians are waking up. Consols sold at 96⅝. Americans were quiet, but their tone was good. There was a demand for Reading, as supposed, on an order by the Baltimore and Ohio. New York supported Illinois Central and Copper fell to £53⅝ a ton and Rio Tintos to 44⅞. Money rates are unchanged, but there is talk of a probable reduction of the bank discount rate to 2½ after the July dividend payments."

LONDON, June 18.—Money was easier today. The indebtedness to the Bank of England is being rapidly liquidated and large amounts of gold are coming in. Discounts weakened. Americans started irregular and grew firmer in sympathy with New York's closing prices, became inactive, and closed steady. Kaffirs were cheerful and quiet. After the close of business on the stock exchange Illinois Central was quoted on the street at 160@162. There was no other feature. Illinois Central closed on the stock exchange at 158½. Closing stocks:

Consols, money	96 9-16	Nor. & Western	58¼
Do for act	96 11-16	Do pfd	93
Anaconda	5¼	Ont. & Western	33¾
Atchison	84¼	Pennsylvania	77½
Do pfd	103¾	Reading	84¾
Balt. & Ohio	109	Do 1st pfd	89¼
Can. Pacific	140½	Do 2d pfd	36¼
Ches. & Ohio	48	So. Railway	38
Chi. Gt. West	20¼	Do pfd	97¾
Chi. M. & St. P.	177¾	So. Pacific	69½
Den. & Rio G.	48	Union Pacific	108¼
Do pfd	95¾	Do pfd	91
Erie	38¼	U. S. Steel	39¾
Do 1st pfd	70¾	Do pfd	90¾
Do 2d pfd	54	Wabash	28
Ill. Central	158½	Do pfd	46
Louis. & Nash.	140¾	Spanish 4s	90¾
M., K. & T.	27¼	Rands	12¾
Do pfd	60	De Beers	42¾
N. Y. Central	160½		

Bar silver—Uncertain; 24 7-16c per ounce. Money—2@2¼ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2½@2⅝ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months bills is 2½@2⅝ per cent.

PARIS, June 18.—Parquet stocks opened active and firm on the bourse today. Rentes, Spanish 4s, and Turks were the features. Kaffirs rallied. Later there was a general relapse. Rentes sagged on realizations and prices closed generally unsatisfactory and irregular. Ottomans were heavier. Rio Tintos fell sharply in sympathy with the decline in the price of copper. De Beers improved materially.

BERLIN, June 18.—Business on the boerse today was extremely dull. Locals were depressed. Spanish 4s were firm. Transvaal rails were weak.

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., June 18.—Credit balances, $1.30; certificates, no bid. Shipments, 117,415 bris; average, 91,971 bris; runs, 90,227 bris; average, 74,900 bris.

RANGE OF PRODUCE PRICES

QUOTATIONS ON GRAIN AND STAPLES AT LEADING EXCHANGES.

Record of the Day's Trading in Principal Commodities from the Eastern Seaboard to the Western Markets—Tendency of Cotton in the East and South — Receipts and Shipments of Wheat, Corn, and Oats at Milling Points.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Flour—Receipts, 16,200 bris; exports, 2,865 bris; steady and fairly active; Minnesota patents, $3.90@4.15.

Wheat—Receipts, 52,375 bu; exports, 42,552 bu; spot market steady; No. 2 red, 78¼c, elevator; No. 2 red, 79@80c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 81c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 84½c, f. o. b., afloat. Close: July, 78¾c; September, 70⅝c; December, 77⅜c.

Corn—Receipts, 26,900 bu; exports, 490 bu; spot steady; No. 2, 68¼c, elevator, and 69¼c, f. o. b., afloat. Close: July, 66¾c; September, 63½c; December, 49¾c.

Oats—Receipts, 34,500 bu; spot market quiet; No. 2, 46c; No. 3, 45½c; No. 2 white, 52c; No. 3 white, 51½c; track mixed western, 45@48c; track white western, 50@56c; track white, state, 50@56c.

Provisions—Beef firm; city extra India mess, $24.00@25.00. Cut meats steady. Lard firm; western steamed, $10.55@10.80; June, closed $10.52½, nominal. Pork firm.

Eggs—Receipts, 12,083 pkgs; market firm; state and Pennsylvania, 17½@18c; western candled, 17@17½c; southern, ungraded, 15@16c.

Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 3c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3½c; molasses sugar, 2¾c; refined steady; crushed, 5.20c; powdered, 4.80c; granulated, 4.70c.

In the Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 9¼c; middling gulf, 9½c. Sales, 46 bales. Futures barely steady; June, 8.75c; July, 8.46c; August, 8.15c; September, 7.91c; October, 7.80c; November, 7.74c; December, 7.74c; January, 7.74c; February, 7.75c; March, 7.79c.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 18.—Close: Wheat—Firm; No. 2 red, cash, elevator, 77c; track, 78@78½c; July, 69½@69¾c; September, 69¾@69½c; No. 2 hard, 73@74c. Receipts, 54,000 bu; shipments, 65,000 bu. Corn—Lower; No. 2, cash, 61¾c; track, 62¼@63c; July, 61¾c; September, 54¼c. Receipts, 22,000 bu; shipments, 29,000 bu. Oats—Lower; No. 2, cash, 45c; track, 45½c; July, 32⅝c; September, 27½c; No. 2 white 48¾c. Receipts, 38,000 bu; shipments, 18,000 bu. Rye—Nominally 56c. Lead—Steady, $3.95. Spelter—Steady, $4.60. Poultry—Steady; chickens, 9c; springs, 12@16c; turkeys, 8½c; ducks, 6½c; geese, 4@4½c. Butter—Steady; creamery, 18@22c; dairy, 17@18½c. Eggs—Higher, 13½c, loss off. Wool—Unchanged; medium grades and combing, 13@17¾c; light, fine, 12@15½c; heavy, fine, 10@13c; tub washed, 15@24½c. Cotton—Quiet, 1-16c low; sales, 350 bales; middling, 8 15-16c. Receipts, 418 bales; shipments, none; stock, 23,250 bales.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 18.—Close: Wheat—July, 66¾@67c; September, 66⅜c; cash No. 2 hard, 70¼c; No. 3, 69½c; No. 2 red, 71@72c; No. 3, 70@71c; No. 2 spring, 69½c. Corn—July, 58⅝@58¾c; September, 51⅝@51½c; Cash No. 2 mixed, 62c; No. 2 white, 65¾c; No. 3, 65½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 45c. Rye—No. 2, 56c. Hay—Choice timothy, $11.75@12.00; prairie, $9.00@10.00. Butter—Creamery, 19c; dairy, fancy, 18c. Eggs—Fresh, 14½c. Receipts—Wheat, 31,300 bu; corn, 9,000 bu; oats, 10,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 96,800 bu; corn, 24,800 bu; oats, 11,000 bu.

DULUTH, Minn., June 18.—Close: Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 74½c; No. 2 northern, 72¾c; No. 3 spring, 71¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 77¾c; No. 1 northern, 74¾c; July, 74½c; September, 70¾c; Manitoba, No. 1 northern, cash, 74½c; No. 2 northern, 72¾c. Oats—September, 30¾c. Flax—Cash, $1.74; to arrive, on track, and June, $1.70; September, $1.40¾; October, $1.36¾; cash, No. 1 northwestern, $1.75. Receipts—Wheat, 4,273 bu; shipments, 21,334 bu.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 18.—Wheat was firmer and a little higher this morning on wet weather. July closed at 75½c; September, 69¾@69¼c; December, 69¾c. Cash wheat was not quite so active today. No. 1 northern and No. 2 were in good sale to arrive. Close: No. 1 hard, 78c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c; No. 2 northern, 73½c; No. 3, 71¼@72¼c. Flour—First patents, $3.90@4.00; second patents, $3.60@3.70; first clears, $2.75; second clears, $2.20.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 18.—Flour—Steady. Wheat—Steady; No. 1 northern, 77@77½c; No. 2 northern, 76¼c; July, 72¾c. Puts, 72c; calls, 72¾c. Rye—Steady; No. 1, 58@58½c. Barley—Steady; No. 2, 71@71½c; sample, 63@70c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, 47@47½c.

TOLEDO, O., June 18.—Wheat—Dull, steady; cash, 70¾c; June, 70¾c; July, 74¾c; September, 74½c. Corn—Fairly active, easier; cash, 62½c; July, 62½c; September, 58½c. Cloverseed—Dull, steady; cash, $5.02½; October, $5.07½.

PEORIA, Ill., June 18.—Corn—Higher; No. 3, 62¼c. Oats—Firm; No. 3 white, 46c, billed through. Whisky—$1.30 for finished goods.

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Provisions, and Cotton at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, June 18.—Wheat—Spot, No. 1 northern, spring, firm, 6s 1d; No. 1 California, no stock; futures, dull; July, 5s 10½d; September, 6s 1¼d. Corn — Spot, steady; American mixed, new, 5s 9d; American mixed, old, 5s 9d; futures, quiet; July, nominal; September, 5s 1¼d; October, 5s 1½d.

Provisions—Beef—Extra India mess, quiet, 98s 9d. Bacon—Clear bellies, steady, 53s. Lard—Prime western, steady, 51s 9d; American refined, steady, 51s 9d. Cheese — American finest white, new, steady, 49s.

Cotton—Spot, good business done, prices 1-16d lower; American middling fair, 5¼d; good middling, 5d; middling, 4¾d; low middling, 4 25-32d; good ordinary, 4 21-32d; nominal ordinary, 4 13-32d. Sales, 14,000 bales, of which 4,000 were for speculation and export, and included 12,400 American. Receipts, 1,000 bales, including 100 American.

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OUR NEW INDUSTRY OF STUPENDOUS IMPORTANCE.
[From the June issue of the Mail Order Journal.]
A short time ago the Boston Herald commented on the scarcity of timber for pulp in the United States, stating that the papermaking industry of the world will soon be largely dependent on Canada for timber for pulp. At the same time two trade papers, the Fourth Estate and the Southern Industrial Review, commented on the same important issue. The Fourth Estate of May 10th, 1902, stated that pulp enterprises in Canada are attracting the attention of British and foreign capital, which realizes the great opportunities which such investments offer, while the Southern Industrial Review wrote: "A material which nature may renew yearly must be discovered and adopted to the trade, and the most natural sources must be sought in the field of agriculture or among the fibers and grasses which have annual growth."
Hardly were the above remarks in print when the industrial world was startled by the announcement of the NATIONAL FIBER AND CELLULOSE CO. OF CHICAGO that same has secured the exclusive ownership of the Sherwood Process for turning waste cornstalks into pulp for paper, which will make the United States and the rest of the world independent of Canada in regard to their supply for pulp. The products of the National Fiber & Cellulose Co. are the best that can be furnished. This company practically established a new industry, which must become one of the greatest in the world. An idea of the magnitude of this new industry can be formed when one considers that the waste tonnage of cornstalks in the corn belt of the United States amounts to over 75,000,000 tons annually. All this waste will be turned into wealth, while the enormous supply will renew itself with every year's corn crop. This new industry will be a great blessing for farmers, laborers, railroads and investors. Before long there will be erected in every corn-producing section plants for converting cornstalks into pulp, and these local enterprises, as well as the parent company, will become veritable mints, compared with which the pulp industry of Canada will shrink into insignificance.
With its proverbial quickness the American investing public has grasped the stupendous opportunities for money-making this new industry is furnishing, and stock of the National Fiber & Cellulose Co. is bought at constantly increasing prices. Before long this stock will eagerly be bought at ten or twenty times its present price and the "always-too-late" fellows will wonder how they could have missed an opportunity when fortunes were within their reach. This new industry of converting cornstalks into wealth furnishes another splendid proof of the ever-triumphant American genius to solve great problems when the necessity arises. The complete independence of the American paper industry has been established beyond doubt by the new invention—an independence that will have untold blessings in its train for farmers, working men, railroads, and especially the newspaper publishers, who are today our greatest consumers of paper.
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HEAVY DROP IN PRICE OF CORN.

July Option at the Opening Goes Up to 69 and Then Loses Nearly 4 Cents.

WHEAT A SHADE HIGHER.

Advance Is Due to Heavy Rains in the Southwest—Some Pressure on Oats.

For nearly half an hour at the opening of yesterday's session July corn shorts were as eager buyers as they had been at any time in the advance, the demand fierce enough, and the supply sufficiently limited to keep the price from ¼c to 1½c above the Tuesday close, which was the opening range. But after that there was less anxiety manifest, there was an idea the big bull interest, which had added to the early excitement by open buying through brokers, was selling through other houses. The market eased off, sometimes with a struggle at every "eighth" down, sometimes sliding off nearly a cent with rapidly, until there had been a loss of 2½c from the top figure, and the close was only ¾c above the bottom, and showing a net loss of 2c for the day. The opening range was from 68c to 69c, with a big trade around 69c, the low point 65¾c, and the close 65½c. There was also a heavy trade in September, which opened from 59c to 59¾c, sold down a little, and closed at 58¾-½c, a net loss of ¾c. December and May lost ⅝-½c.

The market was more influenced by surface as to the attitude of the big bull interest than by any other consideration, and as was a problem hard to fathom, as usual. Harris-Gates were open buyers early, and their name was given up promptly on purchases made by Brokers Warner and O'Leary, but they made no effort to stop the decline, and it was surmised they must have marketed a good deal of the July through other channels. The largest July selling was through Love, Gifford & Canby, and the talk was of two minds, whether this was for the bull house or for Spencer of St. Louis. Armour sold some July, Logan, Carleton-Patten, Ware-Leland, and commission houses generally were buyers. The price touched 65¾c several times, but there was always a demand there, as though the bull coterie thought the declines sufficient.

Heavy September Selling.

There was big selling of September by Oakley brokers, McReynolds and Counselman-Day, and one of the pit theories was that this was for the Harris-Gates people, making a place to dispose of some of the corn to be taken in on July contracts. It was a case, however, where every trader was entitled to his own theory.

There was no change in the cash situation. No. 4 corn which was not capable of improvement into contract grade holding around 60c, as for several days, while a better quality, which might be fixed up to tender on July sales, brought 61c and sometimes as high as 62c. No shipping demand was discoverable, the eastern markets being still demoralized by the cheap offers of contract corn for July shipment, offers made for that purpose, it is now more firmly believed than ever, than to make sales. Local receipts were 29 cars, overrunning the estimate, with 21 cars on 10 per cent grading. About 200,000 bu of contract grade, making 500,000 bu in three days, were inspected out of private houses, ready for delivery. Primary receipts were 330,000 bu, compared with 358,604 bu a year ago. Clearances were only 850 bu. The weather in the corn states was too wet for cultivation, but the market was indifferent to that consideration. Liverpool was ½d higher for September, and it was reported the English market on corn would be reduced 50 per cent.

Wheat Ends Strong.

Wheat started strong on heavy rains in the southwest, up ⅝-1½c, but met concentrated selling of September, which for a time proved too much for the local demand, and there was a reaction of ⅝c to 1c. Towards the close there was a sharp recovery in spite of the decline in corn, the speculative possibilities of a wet harvest and reports that it was still raining in Kansas having increased effect. July opened from 72¼c to 72⅝c, sold between 71¾c and 72¼c, and closed at 72⅜-½c, a net gain of ¼c. Deferred futures showed less strength, September gaining ¼c and December a split only. The rains in the southwest were heavy, over an inch at two stations in Kansas, and the late strength was aided by reports from Galveston that exporters had withdrawn offers for July shipment and from Kansas City that fears of a late movement and the sale of all the stocks there to go out was putting July to ¼c premium over September from a small discount. The big September selling was by Harris-Gates, over 1,000,000 bu, turning the market down, and Bartlett-Frazier, Weare, and Brosseau were sellers. The September buying was by St. Louis houses and local operators, Scott, Rankin, and others. McReynolds took a line of July and at the close Armour was selling July and buying September. Cash sales were reported of 200,000 bu No. 1 northern, mostly done late on Tuesday, with bids ¼c higher at 1c over July in store. Shippers were buying June in the pit at ⅝c over July. The movement was freer, 591,505 bu at primary points, compared with 431,925 bu a year ago, and Minneapolis stocks were estimated to increase this week. Clearances were 171,703 bu, export sales at the seaboard 89,000 bu. There seemed to be less disturbance over unfavorable weather abroad, the Paris market off ¼c to 1c and Liverpool ¼d lower to ½d higher.

Few Features in Oats.

There was not much of a feature to oats, a range of ¼c in the more active futures and a closing substantially with the day before in the deferred deliveries, while the nearby futures showed a loss of about ½c. This showing indicates about the tone to the market during the bulk of the day. Some fairly free selling of new July was done by the Continental company, while Carrington-Patten bought moderately of new September. Outside of these operations little transpired worthy of comment. Local receipts were 128 cars, of which 9 were contract. Estimated today, 120 cars. Texas advices are that losses on corn through drought are likely to create a more liberal use of oats, for which reason smaller quantities will be sent to market from that state. The cash trade of the trade was fairly active and moderately steady. No. 3 white keep up to 47c. This is one of the reasons why the bulls consider September cheap around 30¾c. The board cleared 13,700 bu. Local sales were 3,200 bu. The initial trade in August was made yesterday at 31¼c.

Fair Strength in Provisions.

The provision list was slightly improved, pork and lard closing at an advance of 5c and ribs gaining 7½c on Tuesday's latest prices. There was a good demand for pork and ribs. Hately buying the latter and Woolf the former. The Cudahy people were the best buyers of lard and not large ones at that. Bryant had most of the product for sale, particularly January and May lard. Receipts were about steady on receipts of 86,000. Estimated today, 33,000. Western packing houses had 81,500 hogs, as against 87,000 the previous day and 90,800 a year ago. Shipments of cured meats were 5,814,000 lbs, compared with 3,835,000 lbs a year ago. Lard shipments were 1,809,000 lbs, against 1,-000 lbs last year.

Rye prices were little changed, July selling at 56¾c, and September at 54c. Demand was not pressing and offerings were light. One car was inspected.

Barley also sold about as on Tuesday. Receipts of 6 cars=restricted offerings, but all were well taken. The malting range was 53@60c.

Seeds ruled slow, little cash being offered. August timothy was offered at $5.40. First half September nominally $4.75. All September was offered at $4.60, with $4.55 bid. October sold sparingly at $4.77½. Little interest attached to flaxseed, unchanged quotations attaching to spot. These were $1.70 for No. 1 northwestern and $1.56 for southwestern. September was nominally $1.40, this being alternately bid and asked. At one time $1.40¼ was bid, without transactions. October closed $1.35 bid, with sellers at $1.36½. Chicago received 1 car, Minneapolis 6, and Duluth 1, a total of 8, against 7 last year.

Range of Prices.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	Closed June 17.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed June 10.
June...	72¼	.....	.....	73¼	69¾
July...	72¼	72⅝	71⅝	72⅜-½	69¾
Sept...	70¾-1	71¼-⅜	70¼	71⅞-¾	68¾
Dec....	72¼	72½	71¾	72¼-⅜	70¼

CORN.

June...	66½	.....	.....	64¼	43¼
July...	67⅛	69	65⅜	65½	45¾
Sept...	59	59¾	58¾	58¾-¾	44⅞
Dec....	44¾	45	44¼	44⅝-¾	41⅝
May,'03	43½-⅝	43⅝	43¼	43¼	.....

OATS.

June...	42	.....	.....	42	27¾
*July...	27½	27½	26¾	26¾	25⅝
†July...	30½	30½	30	30	.....
Sept...	28½-¾	28⅝	28¼	28⅜-½	26⅝
†Sept...	30⅝	30⅝	30⅛	30⅜	.....
*Dec....	28½	28⅝	28¼	28⅜	.....
†Dec....	30¾	30¾	30½-½	30⅝	.....

*Old. †New.

MESS PORK.

June...	17.55	.....	.....	17.60	14.80
July...	17.55	17.67½	17.57½	17.60	14.80
Sept...	17.70	17.85	17.72½	17.77½	14.97½
Jan....	16.27½	16.35	16.30	16.30	.....

LARD.

June...	10.15	.....	.....	10.20	8.70
July...	10.15	10.20-2½	10.15	10.20-2½	8.70
Sept...	10.30-2½	10.37½	10.22½	10.27½	8.77½
Jan....	9.17½	9.17½	9.10	9.17½	.....

SHORT RIBS.

June...	10.40	.....	.....	10.47½	8.07½
July...	10.40	10.47½	10.42½	10.47½	8.07½
Sept...	10.22½	10.32½	10.27½-30	10.32½	8.15

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	8	9	.....	17
Spring wheat	7	8	5	20
Corn	21	148	50	219
Oats	9	68	36	113
Rye	.....	1	.....	1
Barley	.....	.....	1	1
Totals	45	233	92	370

Inspected out: 14,700 bu winter and 62,200 bu spring wheat, 6,600 bu corn, 3,000 bu oats. From unlicensed elevators: 1 car winter wheat, 21 cars spring wheat, 70 cars and 219,000 bu corn, 10 cars oats.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Slow. Winter patents, southern, $3.70; straights, $3.60@3.80; spring special brands, $4.20; hard patents, $3.65@3.80; winter rye, brls, $2.85@3.05.

WINTER WHEAT—Easy. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 red, 79¼c. Free on board: No. 3 red, 78c; No. 2 red, 79¾c; No. 3 hard, 74@74¾c; No. 2 hard, 74¼c.

SPRING WHEAT—Steady. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 northern, 200,000 bu on p. t. Free on board: No. 4, 66½@70¼c.

CORN—Irregular; low grades about steady, good slightly higher. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 65½c; No. 2 yellow, 66½@67¼c; No. 2 white, 65 (part car) @67c; No. 3, 61@61½c; No. 3 yellow, 63c. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4, 58@60¼c; No. 3, 60@61¼c; No. 3 yellow, 62¼@63¼c; No. 3 white, 62½@63c; ears, 60c. Billed through: No grade, 52@54½c; No. 4, 56@59c; No. 3, 58@59c; No. 3 yellow, 60½@62c; No. 3 white, 61@61¼c.

OATS—Steady early, closing easy. Sales in store and to go: White clipped, 55,000 bu on p. t.; No. 2, 20,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4, 41¾c; No. 4 white, 46@47c; No. 3, 42½c; No. 3 white, 46½@47¾c; No. 2, 42¼c; No. 2 white, 47¾@48c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 46½@46¾c; No. 3, 41½c; No. 3 white, 46¾@47¾c; No. 2, 46c. At the river: No. 4 white, 45½@46¼c; No. 3, 45@45¾c; No. 3 white, 45¾@46¼c; No. 2 white, 46¼c.

RYE—Steady. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 57c. On track: No. 2, 59@59½c.

COOPERAGE—Quiet. Ash pork brls, 75@77½c; oak, 82½@85c; pork brls, $1.00@1.02½.

WHISKY—Basis finished goods, steady, $1.30.

PROVISIONS—Firmer. Cash lots mess pork, $17.67½@17.77½; lard, $10.17½@10.20; ribs, $10.37½@10.52½.

LARD OIL—Firm. Prime winter strained, 80c.

HAY—Dull. Receipts, 1,075 tons; shipments, 43 tons. Sales—On track: Choice timothy, $14.00; No. 1 timothy, $13.00@13.50; No. 2 timothy, $11.00@12.00; not graded timothy, $11.00; clover mixed, $10.00; clover hay, $8.50; choice prairie, Kansas, $10.50; No. 1 prairie, Nebraska, $9.00@9.50; Kansas, $9.00.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated arrivals for today are: Wheat, 25 cars; corn, 200 cars; oats, 120 cars; hogs, 33,000.

Shorts were anxious enough to cover July corn contracts yesterday to run the price up 1½c in the first half hour, to 69c, new high record, and only ¼c under the highest price for the crop, made for the May delivery in December. The tension was eased by plentiful offerings at the advance, and, although Harris-Gates were buyers openly through their own trade, and also openly through other brokers, it was assumed they were feeding the shorts through other channels. The price dropped off 3¾c from the top, to 65¾c, and closed at 65¼c, or a net loss of 2c for the day. There might have been some support by the bull coterie at the bottom, but there was no evidence of concern on their part at the break. Still, there was little evidence of distress when the price broke to 69¾c early in the month, and there has been an advance of 8¼c since. Half the corn trade firmly believes the July deal has hardly begun, and that there will be other whirls in the market, which will make the record price of yesterday look cheap.

According to settling clerk arithmetic the July corn line held by the bulls through Harris-Gates now aggregates about 7,000,000 bu, with the elevator interests the principal shorts. How much they may hold through other houses is another matter, but until yesterday trades with other houses settled freely. The corn sold by Gifford, Canby, and other houses yesterday did not settle, giving a little plausibility to the theory that it was for the New York bulls.

There is some contract corn at lake ports, probably not large in amount, held by Chicago shippers, and it is said it will be brought back here, being worth more to deliver in July than to sell in the east.

Fears as to Wheat Harvest.

The closing rally in wheat was due to reports that it was still raining in Kansas and to advices of a stronger cash situation at Kansas City, embodied in the following message to McReynolds: "July wheat stronger here than September on fears of delayed movement. Practically the entire stocks here are sold for shipment next week before freight rates advance, and it is claimed there will not be a bushel of wheat in regular houses after July 1."

There was evidently some covering by wheat shorts, on belated fears of a wet harvest, at Milwaukee, the curb there going up ¼c after the close here.

It was rumored yesterday that Harris-Gates had sold upwards of 1,000,000 bu cash No. 2 corn in the last week for shipment east first half of July. There is some gossip on the theory that the bull interest might find itself cornered in its own corner if the elevators should not deliver the corn sold to Harris-Gates on the first of the month. It is quite as likely, however, that the bulls will know where to get what corn they have sold.

One of the rumors of the day in the corn deal was that the bulls had men watching the corn inspected out of private houses to see that none was passed No. 2 that was not entitled to grade contract.

Minneapolis sent claims of an export business in flour, the first reported in some time, Carrington-Patton having a message that "A milling concern here has just sold a good lot of flour for export at a good deal better price than they can get from the domestic trade."

The Des Moines Elevator company wired Wetmore: "Heavy rains in Illinois and oats are lodging."

Ben Bryan wired his house of Logan-Bryan from Omaha: "There is a large short interest in December corn. I think we are likely to see a sharp advance in it, especially if this wet weather through the west continues. Farmers are being delayed in their farm work, and thousands of acres in the low lands have been washed out."

The agricultural commissioner of Texas is quoted in a dispatch as estimating the corn crop of that state in its present condition and outlook at only 30,000,000 bu, against a 55,000,000 bu last year and an 82,000,000 bu crop in 1900. The trade did not place much confidence in the estimate.

A Broomhall message from Liverpool read: "France buying wheat cargoes on passage. Weather in England warmer and clearer. Russian official report issued from middle of May makes conditions of winter wheat satisfactory to good. Rye fair to good. Spring cereals generally good."

BUTTER DOING SOME BETTER.

Improved Demand from Local Trade Results in Slightly Higher Prices—General List Slow.

Demand for butter, especially the best grades, is picking up to an extent where half a cent was added to the price yesterday. Eggs are also practically higher. The warm weather is making veal slow and a shade easier. A light run helped the strawberry market.

Quotations for round lots were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, at mark, cases included 14@14¼c
Do, at mark, cases returned ..... 14@14½c
Do, loss off, cases returned ..... 15@15½c
Storage, April ..... 16@16½c
Cheese, Y. A. ..... 10½@11c
Cheese, fancy .....
Butter, creamery, brick ..... 24@25c
Butter, creamery, extra ..... 21½@21½c
Firsts ..... 19@20c
Seconds ..... 18@19½c
Dairies, Cooley's 19c
Do firsts ..... 18@18½c
Ladies 16c

POULTRY.

Live turkeys ..... 11@12c
Do chickens 11½c
Do geese, doz. ..... $4.00@5.00
Iced turkeys 13½c
Ducks ..... 12@12½c
Geese ..... 6@8c
Frozen turkeys ..... 16@17c
Ducks, fancy ..... 13@14c
Chickens, fancy 13½c
Medium, roasting 13½c
Broilers ..... 14@15c
Squabs, pasters, doz. $2.00
Do small, twin, doz ..... 75c@$1.00
Do dressed $2.25

VEAL.

50@60 lbs ..... 6@6½c
60@75 lbs ..... 6½@7c
80@120 lbs ..... 8@8½c
95@110 lbs ..... 8½@8¾c
110@200 lbs ..... 8@8½c
200@225 lbs ..... 7½@8c

FISH.

Black bass 14c
Carp ..... 4@4½c
Pike ..... 6@6½c
Pickerel ..... 4@5c
Eels ..... 5@6c
Perch ..... 3@4c

FRUITS.

Apples, good to choice ..... $3.00@5.00
Do fancy ..... $4.50@5.50
Lemons, Cal. ..... $2.50@3.00
Do Messina ..... $3.00@4.00
Pineapples, doz ..... $1.00@1.50
Oranges, Cal., navels, boxes ..... $2.50@3.00
Tex seedlings ..... $2.00@2.75
Strawberries, Mich., 16 qts ..... 75c@$1.00
Do Racine ..... $1.00@1.50
Bananas, bch. ..... $1.25@1.75
Cherries, 16 qts ..... 75c@$1.50
Gooseberries, 16 qts ..... 85c@$1.00
Black raspberries, 24-pt cases $1.25
Red raspberries ..... $1.50@2.25
Blackberries, 24 qts ..... $1.50@2.00
Gems, Cal., crate $3.00
Do Fla ..... $2.00@3.00

VEGETABLES.

Asparagus, Ill., cases ..... 50@75c
½-3 bu. ..... 75c@$1.00
Do Mich., 2 doz box $1.75
Beets, St. Louis, bu ..... 50@75c
Beans, navy, hand-picked $1.65
Medium $1.60
Celery, Mich., cases ..... $1.00@1.25
Cabbage, new, Miss., crates ..... $2.00@2.75
Do St. Louis, brl. $1.25
Onions, Bermuda, boxes ..... $1.25@1.50
Green onions, bu. ..... 25@35c
Pieplant, bunch ..... 10@15c
Tomatoes, 4-basket crate ..... $2.00@2.50
Lettuce, tubs, bu. ..... 25@50c
Radishes, home grown, 100 bunches ..... 50@65c
Potatoes, Rurals, per bu ..... 25@30c
Do choice ..... 60@63c
Ordinary stock ..... 50@55c
New potatoes, bu ..... 75@85c
String beans, wax, bu ..... 75c@$1.00
Green, bu ..... $1.00@1.25
Do brl, 3 bu $2.65
Spinach, tubs ..... 75@85c
Turnips, per bu ..... 25@30c
Green peas, Ill., bu ..... $1.00@1.25

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts—1902.	Receipts—1901.	Shipments—1902.	Shipments—1901.
Apples, brls	.....	130	32	220
Beans, bu	.....	415	.....	1,200
Corn, bu	93,100	162,776	84,000	137,750
Butter, lbs	932,703	806,685	1,119,580	1,156,060
Cheese, lbs	189,079	351,148	123,340	167,150
D. fruits, lbs	115,300	153,700	1,800	28,000
Eggs, pkgs	11,317	11,376	3,411	6,004
Hay, tons	1,075	908	45	10
Hides, lbs	347,279	594,580	437,400	918,000
Hops, lbs	38,643	.....	.....	.....
Potatoes, bu	47,878	42,253	3,200	4,346
Poultry, lbs	54,585	213,224	3,280	42,803
Poultry, coops	242	.....	.....	.....
Wool, lbs	1,062,221	334,577	100,280	535,544

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Poultry, Butter, and Metals.

New York, June 18.—[Special.]—Dry goods—There has been no break today in the monotonous character of the market. The demand has been quiet in all directions. Previous prices are paid for brown bleaches and coarse colored cottons and for prints and ginghams. Print cloths are inactive, but sellers are indifferent. Men's wear woolens and worsteds show a slight improvement in re orders for heavy weights at current prices. Woolen and worsted dress goods are quiet and unchanged.

Range of Coffee Prices.

Coffee—The close was quie with prices net unchanged to 5 points lower. The statistical situation showed nothing of feature except for the arrival at New York of some 89,000 bags. Primary ports received 20,000 bags and interior towns 17,700 bags. Domestic warehouse deliveries came to 12,462 bags. Brazilian markets held steady to firm at yesterday's quotations, exchange sterling easing off 1-32d to 11¼d. The local spot market ruled dull and heavy at about unchanged quotations from last night. Rio 7s were 5¼c.

Foreign coffee cables—Rio—Firm; No. 7 Rio, 4, $130; exchange, 11¾d; receipts, 5,000 bags; cleared for the United States, 3,000 bags; stock, 822,000 bags. Santos—Quiet; good average Santos, 4, $100; receipts, 15,000 bags; stock, 928,000 bags. Hamburg—Opened unchanged; at 2:30 p. m. was net unchanged to ½ pfg lower; sales, 19,000 bags. Havre—Opened quiet; May, ¼f higher and other months unchanged; at 12 m. unchanged; at 3 p. m. steady, ¼f lower; at 5:30 p. m. unchanged; total sales, 14,000 bags.

Butter of All Grades.

Butter—Creamery extras, per lb, 22c; do firsts, 21@21½c; seconds, 20@20½c; thirds, 19@19½c; State dairy, tubs, fancy, 20½@21c; firsts, 19½@20c; seconds, 18½@19c; thirds, 18c; State dairy, tins, etc., 18@20½c; western imitation creamery, fancy, 19½c; good to choice, 18½@19c; lower grades, 17½@18c; renovated, fancy, 19½@20c; common to prime, 17@19c; western factory, firsts, 18½c; seconds, 17½@18c; thirds, 16@17c; packing stock, 16½@17½c.

Poultry, Alive and Dressed.

Poultry—Alive—Broilers, 3@3½ lbs to pair, per lb, 20c; do, 2½@2¾ lbs, 17@19c; do small, 15@16c; fowls, per lb, 12c; roosters, old, 8c; turkeys, 12c; ducks per pair, 80@85c; geese, 75c@$1.12; live pigeons, 30@35c. Dressed—Turkeys, hens, average best, 14c; western toms, average best, 13c; poor to fair, 8@10c; broilers, Philadelphia, fancy, large, 33@35c; mixed sizes, 27@30c; Pennsylvania, large, 25@28c; small, 18@23c; western, dry picked, large, 20@23c; scalded, 18@20c; small, 15@17c; fowls, western, 12½c; southwestern, 10½c; western, poor to fair, 10@11c; old cocks, 8½c; squabs, per doz, $1.20@2.50.

In the Metal Market.

A heavy break in tin prices abroad, followed by a decline of 50 points at New York and a sharp break in prices for copper at London by a decline of moderate proportions in quoted values here, were the features of the market today. The decline in tin at London was a matter of £2 on spot, which closed at £127, and £2 on futures, final price for which was £121 15s. At New York the closing price for spot was $28.75@29.25. In copper the decline at London cut the price of spot down to £53 5s and futures to £53 10s. The local quotations at the close were as follows: Standard, spot to August, 11.50@11.80c; lake, 12.00@12.47½c; electrolytic and casting, 12.00@12.12½c. Lead ruled steady, quiet, and unchanged at 4½c here. London was unchanged at £11 5s. Spelter was also unchanged both here and abroad, at New York 4½c and at London £18 15c. Iron ruled fairly steady, with no change in the general list. Warrants were nominal. No. 1 foundry, northern, was quoted at 21.00@22.00c; No. 2 foundry, northern, 20.50@21.50c; No. 1 foundry, southern, 20.50@21.50c; No. 1 foundry southern, soft, 20.50@21.50c. English markets were higher.

DAY IN THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

Collections Amount to $25,392, of Which Warehouse Withdrawals Are $6,170.

Collections at the custom house amounted to $25,392.08 yesterday, imposts paying $19,222.08 and warehouse withdrawals $6,170.60.

Goods arrived in bond as follows: 350 cases walnuts, 553 bags maple sugar, 1,013 cases tea, 117 cases crockery, 3 cases seed, 50 cases music ware, 13 cases wine, 15 cases earthenware, 100 cases dry goods, 1 case skins, 2 casks paint, 1 case mineral water, 1 case books, 1 case toys, 5 brls sheep casings, 1 case ginger, 1 case glass, 102 cases crockery, 1 case lace, 2 cases X-ray tubes, 1 case printed matter, 1 case woodenware, 1 case pictures, 5 cases paper, 5 cases paint, 5 skeletons, 1 case needles, 8 cases millinery, 1 case embroidery, 1 case precious stones.

Immediate consumption entries were made on the following: 50 cases curios, 8 cases marble, 2 cases lace, 2 cases metalware, 1 case velvets, 96 case champagne, 142 cases wine, 1 case ginger, 3 cases personal effects, 66 cases earthenware, 20 cases chestnuts, 42 cases dry goods, 120 cases cocoa butterine, 1 case precious stones, 2 cases paper, 5 skeletons, 3 cases books, 5 cases bronze powder, 1 case needles, 3 cases cigars, 2 cases chemical preparations, 242 bags maple sugar, 6 cases underwear, 3 cases handkerchiefs, 59 cases musical instruments, 2 cases leather, 4 cases rubber, 2 cases artists' material, 18 corn harvesters, 22 bales burlaps.

RISE IN CENTRAL TRUST.

PRICE OF STOCK GOES UP TO 139, THE HIGHEST POINT.

Much Activity in All the New Bank Shares—Those of Old Institutions Being Sold—First National Will Issue Stock July 1—W. W. Shaw Says It Was His Son Who Sold Lake Street Stock—Sales on the Local Exchange.

Stock of the Central trust company of Illinois sold yesterday at 139, the price being paid for 100 share lots. This is the highest quotation recorded for the shares. It is something of a puzzle in the street. The buying, however, has been good in the last week, influential parties placing large orders for the stock.

The capital of the company is $4,000,000, so that the premium, which is now 14 points over the subscription price, represents a profit of $560,000 spread over the capital.

The buying of Central trust is illustrative of the local market for bank shares. Buyers are selling old issues and taking on stock of the new institutions. This applies to all of the new concerns, including the Metropolitan trust and savings, which has not yet even a charter. The success of the National bank of North America in securing a large amount of deposits on the first day has probably had something to do with the enthusiasm for new shares.

It can be said, however, merely as a reflection of good judgment that the premium on the new stock cannot be expected to be warranted by earnings. It has been the history of successful local banks that substantial dividend payers grow slowly. The Illinois trust and saving bank management seriously considered going into liquidation until the Mitchells took charge of it, and it required years to build up the present institution. The Northern trust company furnishes another illustration of slow but profitable growth. The President of the bank, Byron L. Smith, was almost discouraged for a time after starting the institution.

The National bank of North America made an unusually good start because its organizer insisted that subscribers for the shares should sign an agreement to open an account with the bank. In this way few speculative allotments of stock were made.

The stock of the Federal trust and savings bank rules steady around 135. There is no disposition on the part of insiders to support the shares. When the speculative holdings have been liquidated there will no doubt be an advance of a substantial character.

First National's New Stock.

The First national bank will issue its new stock July 1. It is reported the holder of 100 shares of Metropolitan national is holding off, hoping to secure more for his stock than other Metropolitan shareholders. The book value of Metropolitan is about 180. The First national gives, however, one share of its own stock for each share of Metropolitan. First national stock is worth 412. No good reason seems to exist for the attitude of the 100 share stockholder.

E. B. Shaw Sold Lake Street.

W. W. Shaw, one of the directors of the Lake street stock on Tuesday, causing the recession in price. Mr. Shaw said:

"I have had no disagreement with the directors of Lake street and have sold none of my stock. My son, however, who is a member of the Chicago stock exchange, saw fit to sell some. That was the cause of all the talk."

Fortune in Six Hundred Shares.

Extraordinary prices have been paid for stock in the Wiggins-Ferry of St. Louis in the contest for control between the Goulds and Rock Island. The outstanding capital is $1,000,000 and the stock has been paying 8 per cent.

When the contest for control came on shareholders were hunted up with great diligence and it transpires that one holder of 600 shares was paid a price of $1,000 per share, or $960,000 for that lot of stock. The ordinary price, as high grade railroad stocks go, should be around $250. At $1,600 the price is $600 a share more than was paid for Northern Pacific in the squeeze of May 9, 1901.

North American Profits.

The annual report of the North American company for the fiscal year ended May 31 was issued yesterday. A summary of the statement shows as follows:

Unrealized profits	$1,547,446
Interest received and accrued	76,761
Commissions, profit, and salaries	351,812
Total receipts	$2,103,188
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Salaries, legal expenses, rentals, and other expenses	$7,713
Taxes	5,173
Appropriation on reduction of good will account	1,000
Total expenses	$1,053,455
Balance to undivided profits	$1,049,703

The four retiring directors, C. W. Wetmore, G. R. Sheldon, E. C. Converse, and C. F. Pfister of Milwaukee, were reelected to serve three years.

It is announced from New York that although there are rumors of an increase in the 2 per cent dividend on the common stock of American car and foundry company, it can be stated on authority that the directors have never considered the matter.

Railway Earnings.

MISSOURI PACIFIC.

	1902.	1901.	Increase.
April, gross	$ 2,961,479	$ 2,715,399	$ 276,080
Oper. expenses	2,046,284	1,865,118	181,066
Net	945,195	850,182	95,013
From Jan. 1, gross	11,494,902	11,215,690	279,293
Oper. expenses	8,296,925	7,279,059	1,017,546
Net	3,198,357	3,936,640	*738,283

CENTRAL BRANCH.

Sec. week June	18,000	23,000	*5,000
From Jan. 1	414,723	291,296	*123,427

HOCKING VALLEY.

Sec. week June	110,604	104,597	11,907
From July 1	5,001,806	4,427,629	574,177

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS AND WESTERN.

Sec. week June	43,975	46,638	2,663
From Jan. 1	1,120,672	1,186,599	*65,918

IOWA CENTRAL.

Sec. week June	4,916	2,501	2,415
From July 1	2,392,491	2,188,816	203,675

MEXICAN CENTRAL.

Sec. week June	403,069	320,712	82,357
From July 1	17,955,081	16,357,214	1,597,867

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS.

Sec. week June	72,702	71,940	762
From Jan. 1	3,329,811	3,074,429	255,382

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER AND PITTSBURG.

Sec. week June	149,564	124,301	25,263
From July 1	5,980,797	5,546,501	434,296

TEXAS AND PACIFIC.

Sec. week June	162,255	163,230	*975
From Jan. 1	4,819,476	5,126,771	*307,295

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE.

Sec. week June	227,500	229,800	2,300
From July 1	10,981,200	10,655,100	326,100

MISSOURI, KANSAS AND TEXAS.

Sec. week June	277,890	265,528	12,362
From July 1	15,763,502	14,718,816	1,044,776

*Decrease.

Following were the closing quotations in the New York curb market:

	Bid.	Asked.
American can	13	13¾
Do pfd	94½	95
American hide and leather	7¾	8¼
Do pfd	39½	41
Bay State gas	1⅝	1⅝
British Columbia copper	8½	9
Compressed air	8	9
Electric boat	28	32
Do pfd	40	47
Electric vehicle	6¼	7
Do pfd	13½	13¾
Electro pneumatic	1¼	1½
General carriage	4½	5
Havana Commercial Co	19	20
Do pfd	60¼	62
Illinois vehicle	5	6
National city bank	330	332
Nat. enameling and stamp company	31¾	31¾
Do pfd	87	88
N. Y. electric vehicle transportation	13½	13¾
Northern securities company	103¾	103⅞
Otis elevator company	32½	32¾
Do pfd	101	103
Pittsburg, Bessemer and L. E.	36	37
Pittsburg reduction powder pfd	104½	105½
Seaboard air line	25½	26
Do pfd	45½	46
Standard oil	657	655
St. Louis transit	31¾	31¾
United railways of St. Louis pfd	84½	84¾
Do 4s	87¾	87¾

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange was steady yesterday at the following figures in Chicago:

Sterling—	Demand.	Sixty days.
Actual	487¾	485¼
Commercial	486¾	484½
Paris francs—		
Actual	518¾	519¾
Commercial	517½	520
German marks—		
Actual	95 5-16	94 15-16
Commercial	95 3-16	94 11-16

Dividends Declared.

The Tennessee coal, iron and railroad company announces the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent on preferred stock of the Alabama steel and shipbuilding company, which is guaranteed by the company and will be paid on and after July 1 at Hanover bank. Books close on June 25 and reopen on July 2.

The Missouri Pacific railway company has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent, payable on July 21. Books close on July 2.

Directors of the Great Western cereal company have declared the intial dividend on the stock. The disbursement was made regular quarterly 1¼ per cent, payable on July 1 to stock of record on June 23. Books open on July 2.

The New York air brake company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent, payable on July 15. Books close on July 1 and reopen on July 16.

The West End street railway company, Boston elevated railway, lessee, has declared a dividend of $2.00 per share, payable on July 1 to stock of record on July 1. Books close on June 23 and reopen on July 2.

The Welsbach company has declared a dividend of 2 per cent, payable on June 27 to stock of record on June 25.

The $40,000 Saranac Lake, N. Y., 20-year 4 per cent registered bonds were awarded to George M. Hahn of New York at 103.13.

The $70,000 Holyoke, Mass., 3½ per cent 1 to 10 year municipal bonds of this city were awarded to Dennet, Crane & Blanchard at 101.061.

The $175,000 Trenton, Mass., 3½ per cent 30 year electric light bonds were awarded to E. H. Rollins & Sons at 104.526.

United States Steel Injunction.

In discussing the effect of the injunction in the United States steel case the Wall Street Journal says:

"The continuance of the injunction in the steel case met general expectations. Further expectation is that the decision on appeal will be against the steel company unless some new position from a legal point of view can be established. The essential point in the steel case is that the stockholders possess certain rights, and that the enabling act of the legislature did not impair these rights. The plan of the company does not permit any stockholder to maintain his former position. Whether that position is changed for better or worse may be disput

CLOSE THEATER SITE DEAL

PROPERTY AT DEARBORN AND RANDOLPH STREETS LEASED.

Chicago and New York Managers Finally Secure Premises for Ninety-nine Years — New Playhouse and Improvements to Cost Not Less than $300,000 to Be Erected — Probably Will Be Completed by Sept. 1, 1903— Sanitary District Lets Big Tract.

Negotiations for the property at the northeast corner of Randolph and Dearborn streets as the site of a new theater have been completed and a ninety-nine year lease was filed for record yesterday.

The Boston leasehold trustees are the lessors and the lessees are Will J. Davis and Harry J. Powers of Chicago, one-quarter interest each; Klaw & Erlanger one-quarter interest, and Nixon & Zimmerman a quarter interest.

It is provided that the lessees are to erect a fireproof structure covering a part of the property, the building to be used exclusively for the theater, and to remodel some of the other buildings on the premises, all to be completed by May 1, 1904, and to cost not less than $300,000. Present plans, however, contemplate having the theater completed by Sept. 1, 1903.

Ground Value $600,000.

The lease provides for an annual rental of $18,000 for the first and $24,000 for each remaining year. A reduction was made in the first year's rent by reason of the fact that the lessees were unable to begin the proposed improvements until May 1 of next year. The $24,000 rent is regarded as establishing the value of the property, and capitalized on a 4 per cent basis gives a ground value of $600,000. The board of review for 1901 valued the property at $572,230.

The property has a frontage of 110 feet in Dearborn street, extending from the alley at the north to the Real Estate building at the corner. Ninety feet of this has a depth of 160 feet and the remaining twenty feet a depth of 80 feet. The Randolph street premises at 79, 81, and 83 have a frontage of a trifle less than sixty-one feet and a depth of nearly 91 feet. The entrance to the theater will be in Randolph street and will take in the entire frontage.

The auditorium of the theater probably will have a width of 120 feet, which will leave a depth of 40 feet along the Dearborn street frontage, which probably will be used as a store and office building. Aldis, Aldis & Northcotte, representing the leasehold trustees, conducted the negotiations.

Sanitary Board Makes Big Lease.

The sanitary district leased yesterday afternoon to the McCormick harvesting machine company two pieces of land for twenty-five years at an annual rental of $9,000. It is the largest lease of land made by the sanitary district. The principal tract consists of twenty-one acres between Robey street and Western avenue, on the north side of the channel, and adjoining the McCormick works. The second tract is a small lot of land a little over an acre in area.

Clarissa M. Smith has conveyed to Christian R. Walleck the property in Clifton Park avenue, 25 feet north of Twenty-fourth street, west front, 250x125 feet, also thirty-one lots in the same addition, for $31,000.

The deed by which Lucien G. Fisher acquired from Eugene Willoughby forty acres at Stony Island avenue and Sixty-seventh street for $160,000 was recorded yesterday. There is an incumbrance of $85,000.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

A few scattering cargoes of grain for odd ports were the sum of business here. Rates were nominally unchanged. Charters: To Port Huron —Oades, oats. To Cleveland—Cuba, oats. To Detroit—Pueblo, wheat. To Midland—Tampa, wheat.

CLEVELAND, O.—Ore carriers are getting better dispatch than at any time since the start, and shippers report that offerings of tonnage are more liberal. There is no change in the coal trade.

Vessel Movements.

WAUKEGAN, Ill.—Arrived—Macy.

FAIRPORT, O.—Arrived—Hart, Harinell.

GREEN BAY, Wis.—Arrived—Stimson, Knapp, Darley.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—Cleared—Chili, Chicago, grain.

LORAIN, O.—Cleared—Light: Rees, Polynesia, Duluth.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Kirby, Aurania, Presque Isle. Cleared—Light—Brower, Superior.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Louisiana, Roby, Neptune, Pope, Alva, Victory, Constitution.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Parwell, Down—Prince, Flint. Arrived—Wilhelm and consort.

CONNEAUT, O.—Arrived—Pabst. Cleared—Coal: London, Superior. Light: Holden, Duluth.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Arrived—Angeline. Cleared—Pratt, Ashtabula; Athens, Vulcan, Cleveland; Manitou, Chicago.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Cleared—Ore: Helena, Necsho, Carrington, Ericsson, Mitchell, Chickamauga, Buffalo. Lumber—Exile, Saginaw.

TWO HARBORS, Minn.—Arrived—Hundred Thirty, Whitworth, Fryer. Cleared—Sultana, Carnegie, Nasmyth, Pathfinder, Whitney, Lake Erie.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Newaygo, Sevona, Cheeotah, Helvetia. Cleared—Coal: Cofinberry, Bloom, Ashland. Light: Murphy, Yosemite, Cadillac, Duluth.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Arrived—Joliet, Davidson, Mayflower, Lewiston, A. Parker, Wallula, Inter Ocean. Cleared—Fulton, Maida, Corliss, Amboy, Ranney, Havana, Erie ports; Wolf, South Chicago.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Ore: Superior, Light—Ketchum, Au Sable; Flint, Langham, Superior; Sheldon, Sandusky; Morley, Manitowoc; Creta, Roumania, Duluth; Rhodes, Edwards, Chicago.

SOUTH CHICAGO.—Cleared—Grain—Gladstone, Buffalo. Light—Marsala, Malletos, Duluth; M. T. Greene, Alabaster; Ada Medora, Cedar River; Griffin, Bryn Mawr, Superior; A. Shores, Manistee.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Venezuela, Nottingham, Massachusetts, Starrucca, Miami, Gebhart, E. Parker. Departed—Coal—Shenandoah, Chippewa, Gilchrist, Duluth; Sunshine, Detroit; Casey, Port Huron. Light—Stewart, Hannaford, Grand Marais.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR.—Arrived—Ralph and consorts, Ionia, Britannic, Duncan, Neff, Sawyer, Mohawk, Schuylkill, Toltec, Zapotec, Gettysburg, Curry, from Erie and consort. Departed—Pathfinder, Hopkins, Two Harbors; North Wind, Buffalo, flour; Wilson, Etruria, Northern King, Gliddon, W. L. Brown, Lake Erie, ore; Prentiss, Halsted, Lake Erie, lumber.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—John Miner, 5:30 a. m.; Delaware, 5:30; Ravenscraig, 12:30 p. m.; Orion, 2:30; Lehigh, 4:00; Schlesinger, 4:50; Wilbur, 7:15; New Orleans, 8. Down—Quito, 4:20 a. m.; Huron, 7:40; Iapheming, 8:20; Tacoma and consort, 10; Owasichie, Veronica and whaleback, 2:50 p. m.; Clyde and consort, 4:40; Susquehanna, 5:10; Manhattan and consort, 5:50. Calm, clear.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Myles, 7 last night; Pratt, Athens, Osceola, Nicholas, midnight; Edmiral, 2:30 a. m.; Moran, Senator, 7; Santa Maria, 6:30; Turner, Buckhout, Toledo, Chappel, 7:30; Angeline, 7:40; Langell, Aremac, Moore, 9; Peck, 10:30; Venus, 10:40; Arcana, 9:40; Hourihan, Madeira, Stafford, McWilliams, Schoolcraft, noon; Rosedale, 1:20 p. m.; Alberta, Troy, Ottawa, Huronic, 3:40; Princeton, 4:20; Bangor, 4:40; Pasadena, Sandusky, Quayle, 5:30; Germanic, 8:30. Down—Steel King, 10 last night; Briton, Saturn, 11; Elphicke, 2:40 a. m.; Choctaw, 2:30; Monarch, 6; Uranus, 7; Wolvin, 8; Pioneer, Chattanooga, Spencer, Heffelinger, 9:40; Ira Owen, Manitoba, 11; Volunteer, Yukon, Grecian whaleback, 1:10 p. m.; Oliver, Norton, 2:15; Mills, Rochester, 1:40; Christopher, 3:20; Brazil, Masaba, Marcia, 4:20; Theano, Barium, 4:40; Madden, Mautenee, 6:20; Yale, 8.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Priscilla, arrived, 9:40 last night; Tioga, 11:40; Fairbairn, whaleback, Albertat, Empire City, 12:30 a. m.; Gayley, Shaw, Vail, Baltic, Aberdeen, 1; Curtis and consorts, 2; Lake Shore, Major, Selwyn, Eddy, 2:15; Wallbridge, 3:40; Saunders, 4; Queen City, whaleback, 5:20; Venice, Frick, 5:40; Mars, 6:20; Shuber, Merida, 6:40; Merrimac, Verona, 7:15; Sazon and whaleback, 7:40; Corsicana, sailed, 9; McGregor, Alleghenon, 9:50; Mariposa, McVittie, 10; Elliott and consorts, 10:30; Emery Owen, Algeria, Westford, 11; Flick, 11:15; Maritana, Holley, 11:30; Minneapolis, 11:40; Chicago, 1 p. m.; Cherokee, Chippewa, 1:30; Kilderhouse, 3:30; Madagascar, 5; Fauly and barge, 6:40; Walter Frazer and barge, 7; Two Owens and barges, Wisconsin, 7:40; Fleetwood, Moravia, 8; Gilchrist, Wooden, 8:40. Down—Sevona, 10 last night; Pope, 2:30; Robert Mills, 3 a. m.; Miami, Gebhart, Schnitzer, Fay, Cobb, 2:20; Amazonas, Grenada, 3; Mohegan, Mingoe, 3:50; Gorebic, Biwabik, Douglas, 4; Lagonda, Charles Eddy, Parker, 4:30; Pentlac, 5; Thomas and whaleback, 5; Tashmoo, 6:30; Edenborn, Saranac, 8:30; Linn, Maia, 11:15; Alaska, wooden, 5:20; Spokane, 5:30; Marina and whaleback, 6; Colgate, Russell, 7:30; Kaliyuga, 7:40; L. C. Smith, 8; Montana, 9.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Merchandise — Auburn, Binghamton, Buffalo, Erie, Franklin, F. I. Gilbert, Gouverneur, Kearsarge, Depot Harbor, Lumber — Ellen M. Peck, F. N. Foster, Naima; S. O. Neff, Glen Arbor; L. D. Dewey, St. John; Jessie Drummond, C. H. Starke, Rogers City; Ida, Thompson; M. Wilson, Manistee; S. E. Marvin, Washburn. Light—John Owen, Chebanse; Tobin and whaleback, South Chicago. Cleared—Grain—Moeller Midland; John Wade, Sarnia. Merchandise—Vanderbilt, Syracuse, Owego, Buffalo. Light—H. Hutt, Sturgeon Bay; Quicksteer, George C. Markham, Alpena; John Ods, Bay Mills; S. O. Neff, St. Ignace; C. H. Bowen, Rogers City; J. Mark, Manistee; I. N. Foster, Naima.

Dawes Talks to Bankers.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 18.—[Special.]—Charles G. Dawes addressed the Indianapolis bankers' association at their annual dinner tonight. The meeting was held at the University club. Max Pam, the Chicago attorney, was also a guest of the association.

Rheumatism more painful in this climate than any other affliction, cured by prescription No. 1,881, by Elmer & Amend.

GENERAL NEWS OF RAILWAYS.

Efforts to Get Outside Lines Into Immigrant Bureau Have Small Success.

The efforts of the general passenger agents of the western roads at the recent meeting of the immigrant bureau in New York to induce the Rock Island to rejoin the bureau and the Southern Pacific to become a member having proved futile, another meeting has been called to convene here next Friday and give further consideration to the matter.

The future existence of the bureau depends upon the settlement of the troubles over the division of the immigrant business. Several serious obstacles are in the way of reaching an agreement. The main trouble is to get the Southern Pacific to give up some of the advantages it has enjoyed for years and let the Rock Island have a fair proportion of the business. The Rock Island, with its new short route to California via El Paso, considers itself entitled to a proportionate share of that business, and its withdrawal from the bureau a short time ago is due to its inability to receive proper recognition. The Santa Fé and other interested lines are willing to give up a proportion of their percentages so as to give the Rock Island what it is considered to be entitled to, but they insist that the Southern Pacific should help in making good the Santa Fé's proportion. Not only does the Southern Pacific refuse to do this but it also refuses to give up its European agencies and put all its business into the pool, so that 100 per cent can be divided.

The Rock Island is willing to let the matter be decided by arbitration, but this the Southern Pacific also declines to do.

Date for Injunction Suit.

Oct. 13 is the date now agreed on by the government attorneys and railroad lawyers for the hearing of the cases brought some months ago under the interstate commerce act to prevent rate cutting. The question of postponing the arguments which were to have been made next Monday before Judges Grosscup and Phillips was definitely settled yesterday after a conference among the railroad counsel. Notice was then given United States District Attorney Bethea and Special Counsel Day that the railroad officials would sign a stipulation to keep the temporary restraining order in force until Oct. 13. The government lawyers said they would raise no objection in court.

Fight Over Rock Island Extension.

The Rock Island has secured from the government the right to construct a line west from Enid, Ok. T., through the military reservation of Fort Supply. This extension will connect in Beaver county, 200 miles distant, with the Liberal-El Paso line of the Rock Island to El Paso.

One hundred men were at work laying steel on the Rock Island extension southwest from Lawton into Texas, through the great Indian pasture reserve. Because the lessees of Indian lands in the Creek nation have demanded pay for their growing crops on the lands condemned for the Missouri, Kansas and Texas extension to Wybark, Ind. T., the contractors have been forced to abandon their work until a settlement is made between the farmers and the Missouri, Kansas and Texas. The government granted the right of way, but the farmers assert a prior right, as their leases are approved by the Interior department.

I. C. TO INCREASE CAPITAL.

Directors Recommend Issue of 158,400 Additional Shares to Complete Additional Tracks.

New York, June 18.—The board of directors of the Illinois Central railroad company at a meeting here today recommended that the capital of the company be increased from $70,200,000 to $95,040,000 by the issue of 158,400 shares, each stockholder to have the privilege of subscribing to his ratable proportion of the new stock at par.

The recommendation will be acted on at a special meeting of the stockholders in Chicago on Aug. 29. The funds are to be used in providing additional tracks and equipments.

Much of the new track and equipment has been contracted for. The necessity for a second track was referred to in the company's report for 1900, and again in that for 1901. During the year 117 miles of second track have been laid. The company has undertaken double-tracking the line from Chicago to New Orleans.

TYPEWRITERS TO SAVE LIVES.

Experts Agree That by Their Use in Railway Telegraphy Accidents Can Be Averted.

The use of the typewriter for receiving messages over railway telegraph wires was indorsed yesterday by the association of railway telegraph superintendents in a meeting held in the Stratford hotel. W. J. Holton, chief train dispatcher for the Chicago and Western Indiana railroad, read a paper on "The Typewriter as an Assistance to the Telegrapher," contending that typewritten train orders assured both speed and legibility, and, consequently, would prevent accidents. The indorsement of the superintendents, it is thought, will result in the establishment of typewriters in all the railway telegraph offices.

MURDER TRIAL IS NEAR AN END.

Case Against Two Italians Probably Will Be Given to the Jury Today.

All the evidence is presented in the case in Judge Smith's court in which Filippi Rini and Dominick Bisnente are accused of killing Antonio Natali, whose mutilated body was found in a barrel at Western and Chicago avenues on Nov. 5. The state rested in the morning, the defense at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Assistant State's Attorney Newcomer made the opening address to the jury, and the defendants' attorneys will speak this morning. The case probably will go to the jury by noon today.

Meeting for Sunday School Delegates.

The Cook County Sunday school association will give a reception on Tuesday evening to the delegates en route to the tenth international Sunday school convention. The reception will take place in the Central Y. M. C. A. auditorium, 153 La Salle street. Delegations expected to attend include those from Canada, New England, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and the southern and central states.

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¾ Length Silk Coats.

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The lateness of the summer season leaves many of the choicest lines of fancy mixed clothing practically unbroken.

Staple blue, black and Oxford Sack Suits, which have heretofore been reserved, will be included at this discount.

The object of this sale is to reduce the lines throughout our entire stock and not to dispose of slow-selling, undesirable clothing. The discount will be taken from the regular price tickets at time of sale.

The following garments are subject to this discount: All Fancy Mixed Frock and Sack Suits, all staple Blue, Black or Oxford Sack Suits, Short English Topcoats, Regular Chesterfield Overcoats, Long Essex Coats, Fancy Mixed Trousers, Automobile Suits, Mackintoshes, Rain Proof Overcoats, Bath Robes, Smoking Jackets and Dressing Gowns.

The Basement Section offers very many desirable bargains in this sale — Our Inexpensive Clothing is far better made, the fabrics are of better grades, and the garments are as a whole far more desirable than many of the lines selling elsewhere at much higher prices.

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